

# Unit seven

## Vocabulary

### Living abroad

المعيشة في الخارج  
By: Mr El Sebaei Atteya

|               |                   |                |              |               |                |
|---------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| living abroad | المعيشة في الخارج | maid           | خادمة        | culture       | ثقافة - حضارة  |
| all in all    | بصفه عامه         | servant        | خادم         | diary         | أجندة - يوميات |
| difference    | اختلاف            | independent    | مستقل        | entry         | مقتطف - جزء    |
| notice        | يلاحظ             | independence   | استقلال      | accent        | لكنة - لهجة    |
| lonely        | وحيد              | understandable | مفهوم        | come across   | يصادف          |
| struggle      | يكافح             | explore        | يستكشف       | organise      | ينظم           |
| worry         | يقلق              | exploration    | استكشاف      | respect       | يحترم          |
| course        | دورة              | dear diary     | ذكري عزيزة   | support       | يؤيد           |
| barrier       | حاجز              | whistle        | يصفر - صفارة | drought       | الجفاف         |
| host          | مضيف              | challenge      | تحدي - يتحدى | condition     | حالة - شرط     |
| quest         | ضيف               | confusing      | مربك         | harbour       | ميناء          |
| airport       | مطار              | confused       | مشوش - مرتبك | across        | عبر            |
| pick up       | يوصل              | stress         | إجهاد - توتر | asleep        | نائم           |
| exactly       | بالضبط            | stressed       | متوتر - مجهد | volunteer     | متطوع          |
| extract       | مقتطف             | stressful      | موتير - مجهد | so far        | حتى الان       |
| secret        | سر                | confident      | واثق         | experience    | خبرة           |
| main          | أساسي             | concentrate    | يركز على     | voicemail     | بريد صوتي      |
| character     | شخصية             | afterwards     | بعد ذلك      | message       | رسالة          |
| distract      | يلهي              | presentation   | تقديم        | similar to    | متشابه لـ      |
| distracted    | مشتت              | encouragement  | تشجيع        | same as       | نفس            |
| distraction   | تشيتت             | encouraging    | مشجع         | expression    | تعبير          |
| publish       | ينشر              | determine      | يعزم على     | description   | وصف            |
| lamb          | حمل               | determination  | عزيمة        | temporary     | مؤقت           |
| pros          | مزايا             | shine          | تشرق         | permanent     | دائم           |
| cons          | عيوب              | spy            | جاسوس        | madness       | الجنون         |
| enemy         | عدو               | prove          | يثبت         | traitor       | خائن           |
| interrupt     | يقاطع             | guilty         | مذنب         | powerful      | قوي            |
| wound         | يجرح              | loyalty        | ولاء         | authority     | سلطة           |
| betray        | يخون              | get rid of     | يتخلص        | kneel         | يركع           |
| stupid        | غبى               | carriage       | حنطور        | cruel         | يعالج          |
| revenge       | ينتقم             | cure           | يعالج        | deceive       | يخدع           |
| stand         | يتحمل             | summarise      | يلخص         | creature      | مخلوق          |
| Host family   | عائله مضيفه       | local          | محلي         | accommodation | اقامه          |
| degree        | درجه              | londoners      | اهل لندن     | celebration   | احتفال         |
| unfortunately | لسوء الحظ         | certificate    | شهاده        | imagine       | يتخيل          |
| flight        | رحله جويه         | specific       | محدد         | current       | حالي           |
| shining       | مشرقه             | biology        | علم الاحياء  | suppose       | يفترض          |
|               |                   | Concentrate on | يركز علي     | confused      | مرتبك          |

### Definitions

|               |   |         |
|---------------|---|---------|
| determination | The quality that makes you continue trying to do something difficult. | عزيمة   |
| encouragement | The act of encouraging somebody to do something.                      | تشجيع   |
| exploration   | The act of travelling through a place to find out about it.           | استكشاف |

|                    |   |              |
|--------------------|---|--------------|
| <b>summarise</b>   | To make a short statement giving only the main information and not the details. | يلخص         |
| <b>get used to</b> | Doing something as a habit / It is no longer difficult or surprising            | متعود علي    |
| <b>accent</b>      | The way someone pronounces the words of a language.                             | لهجه         |
| <b>host family</b> | A family who provide food and lodging for students , usually for fees.          | عائله مضيفه  |
| <b>independent</b> | Confident and able to do something by yourself without help or advice           | مستقل        |
| <b>drought</b>     | A long period of dry weather when there is not enough Water.                    | جفاف         |
| <b>pick --- up</b> | to let someone get into your vehicle and take them somewhere                    | يلتقط - يوصل |
| <b>struggle</b>    | To try very hard to achieve something although it is very difficult             | يكافح - كفاح |
| <b>All in all</b>  | To show that you are considering every part of a situation                      | بصفه عامه    |
| <b>volunteer</b>   | Someone who does a job willingly without being paid                             | متطوع        |

### Expressions

|                              |                 |                           |                |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>get used to</b>           | يعتاد على       | <b>look out of</b>        | ينظر من        |
| <b>do - perform activity</b> | يقوم بنشاط      | <b>Get disturbed</b>      | مشتت الذهن     |
| <b>different to - from</b>   | مختلف عن        | <b>on his own</b>         | بنفسه          |
| <b>have experience</b>       | لديه خبره       | <b>concentrate on</b>     | يركز على       |
| <b>do my best</b>            | أبذل قصاري جهدي | <b>make friends with</b>  | يتصادق مع      |
| <b>pros and cons</b>         | مميزات و عيوب   | <b>get better at</b>      | يتحسن          |
| <b>famous for</b>            | مشهور به        | <b>look out of</b>        | ينظر من        |
| <b>keep( stay ) in touch</b> | يبقي علي        | <b>come across</b>        | يجد بالصدفة    |
| <b>feel like ( ing )</b>     | يرغب - يريد     | <b>Struggle to / with</b> | يكافح لكي / مع |
| <b>make notes</b>            | يدون ملاحظات    | <b>kind to</b>            | عطوف على       |
| <b>belong to</b>             | ينتمي إلي       | <b>look after</b>         | يعتني بـ       |
| <b>take revenge for</b>      | ينقم لـ         | <b>wouldn't stand for</b> | لا أتحمّل هذا  |
| <b>get rid of</b>            | يتخلص من        | <b>cure your madness</b>  | يعالج جنونك    |

### Derivatives

| Verb             |        | Noun                 |         | Adjective          |                |
|------------------|--------|----------------------|---------|--------------------|----------------|
| <b>depend</b>    | يعتمد  | <b>dependence</b>    | اعتماد  | <b>dependent</b>   | متوكل          |
| <b>encourage</b> | يشجع   | <b>encouragement</b> | تشجيع   | <b>encouraging</b> | مشجع           |
| <b>volunteer</b> | يتطوع  | <b>volunteer</b>     | متطوع   | <b>volunteered</b> | متطوع          |
| <b>struggle</b>  | يكافح  | <b>struggle</b>      | كفاح    |                    |                |
| <b>explore</b>   | يستكشف | <b>exploration</b>   | استكشاف | <b>explorable</b>  | قابل للاستكشاف |
| <b>distract</b>  | يشنت   | <b>distract</b>      | تشنت    | <b>distracted</b>  | مشتت           |

### Synonyms

| Word             | Synonyms           |       |
|------------------|--------------------|-------|
| <b>confident</b> | <b>assure</b>      | واثق  |
| <b>character</b> | <b>personality</b> | شخصية |
| <b>confused</b>  | <b>puzzled</b>     | متحير |
| <b>betray</b>    | <b>deceive</b>     | يخون  |

|               |              |       |
|---------------|--------------|-------|
| distracted    | inattentive  | مشتت  |
| determination | intention    | نيه   |
| pick up       | collect      | يحضر  |
| encouragement | motivation   | حافز  |
| independent   | self-reliant | مستقل |
| struggle      | strive       | يكافح |
| come across   | encounter    | يصادف |

### Antonyms

| Word          |           | Antonym       |           |
|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| independent   | مستقل     | dependent     | متواكل    |
| fortunately   | لحسن الحظ | unfortunately | لسوء الحظ |
| pros          | مميزات    | cons          | عيوب      |
| determination | عزم       | weakness      | ضعف       |
| struggle      | يناضل     | surrender     | يستسلم    |
| host          | مضيف      | guest         | ضيف       |
| optimistic    | متفائل    | pessimistic   | متشائم    |
| encourage     | يشجع      | discourage    | يحبط      |
| distracted    | مشتت      | attentive     | منتبه     |
| confident     | واثق      | doubtful      | مرتاب     |
|               |           |               |           |
|               |           |               |           |

### Language Notes

1- Find + v.+ ing - Find + ( مفعول ) + ( صفة )

The police **found** the gun **hidden** in the soil.

He **finds** **helping** people a wonderful thing.

-Find + مفعول + to + inf - He hasn't found a place **to live** yet.

2- **encourage** يشجع - Teachers **encourage** students **to** study well.

- **encouraging** مشجع - My friends are always **encouraging** **to get** high marks .

-**encouragement** تشجيع -Students need continuous **encouragement** **to do** well.

3-**Invent** : يخترع - Graham Bell **invented** the telephone.

-**Explore** : يستكشف -Scientists **explore** the universe **to discover** new planets

-**Discover** يكتشف -

-**Find out** (about) يكشف معلومه -All students use the internet **to find out** useful information

4. **experiment** تجربة معملية / - Scientists do experiments in labs .

- **experience** تجربة في الحياة / - People who travelled abroad have a lot of experiences.

- **experience** خبرة / -He is sensible person , you can benefit from his experience .

-**experience** يمر بتجربة / - I experienced Covid 19 last year .

4 - ( Be ) get used to ( ing أو )

- I **am used to walking** every day - I **got used to English food**

5. drought جفاف

- draught = draft تيار هواء

• A severe **drought** has caused most of the corn crop to fail.

- Can you close the window? I'm in a **draught** = **draft**.

**7- Lose**

( يخسر شيء عالياً بسبب خسارته ماديته ) ( يخسر مباراه )

- **lose** ( a match / a job / someone / keys / interest / patience / weight / hair / blood / sight / memory / time / money / his mind / lose to ) ( يخسر أمام )

• He **lost his leg** in a car accident.

The team played well, but **lost the game**.

• He kept on crying and I **lost my patience**.

- He **lost a lot of money** at races

( **miss** - يفوته وسيله مواصلات - ميعاد - مباره - يضع هدف ) ( يفقد شخص او شيء )

**miss** a bus / a plane / a train / flight / breakfast / someone / -

-He has **missed his friends** since he moved to Cairo .

The player missed the goal

• I missed the start of the exam because my bus was late.

**8.alone** ( بمفرده - لوحده ( صفه - حال ولا يأتي قبلها اسم )

-You shouldn't leave a child alone in the house..

-No one lives with him. He lives alone.

- Lonely ( يشعر بالوحده )

**9.abroad** عريض **broad** على السفينة / الطائرة **aboard** لوح / سبورة **a board** في الخارج **abroad**

♦ I will travel abroad / ♦ She writes on the board. ♦ I will buy some boards

♦ The passengers are aboard ♦ My friend has broad shoulders

**10-♦ alone** بفرد / **on his own / by himself** ♦ **He lives alone . / on his own / by himself**

♦ of my own ملكي /

♦ lonely / lonesome / وحيد - منعزل

♦ lonely / remote منعزل

♦ He has a new flat of his own.

♦ He feels lonely after his friend's death .

♦ he lives in a lonely house

**11-♦ diary** / **I write everything important in my diary .**

♦ dairy / منتجات اللبن ♦ Cheese and butter are the most important dairy products

**12-♦ later** فيما بعد ♦ **I will see you later ♦ Work hard to live comfortably in your later life .**

♦ latter الآخر ♦ He offered me two shirts and I chose the latter .

♦ مضارع تام ( **since** ) مضارع تام أو ماضى بسيط

**13-» I have become independent since I was away.**

**» I have become independent since I have been away.**

**READING****The Secret Garden**

The Secret Garden is a novel **by Frances Hodgson Burnett**. It **was published** in Britain in 1911. At the beginning of the book, we meet the main **character**, Mary Lennox. Mary was born in India and her parents were rich. When Mary is nine years old, her parents **die** and Mary **moves to** England to live with her uncle. It is cold and very different from India, and Mary is unhappy at first. Mary opened her eyes on that first morning because a maid had come into her room. "Are you my **servant**?" she asked. "I'm Mrs Medlock's **servant**, and she is Mr Craven's servant," **replied** Martha, the maid. "Are you going outside today?" Mary looked around her. There was nothing to do in the bedroom. "Who will go with me?" Mary asked.

"You can be **independent** and go out by yourself. My brother is always **exploring** on his own," said Martha. "There are some gardens, but it is winter so nothing is growing now. Oh, now Mrs Medlock's bell is **ringing**. I must go!" A short time later, Mary was in the gardens when she came across a small bird singing in some trees behind a wall. When she asked an old gardener about the bird, he **whistled** and the bird flew to him. "He was **lonely** and we became friends," the old man explained. "I'm lonely," said Mary. "I don't know anyone in England." "I'm sure you will **struggle** at first, but you will get used to the people here soon," said the **gardener**. Suddenly, the small bird started singing. "Why is he doing that?" she asked. "I think he's decided to be your friend, too," answered the gardener.

28th November 2020

I've been in London for six weeks now. It's been **a great experience** so far, but it hasn't always been easy. When I first arrived, I **struggled** to understand people. But I'm getting better at understanding their **accents** now. I enjoy listening to Londoners and trying to have **conversations** with them. You won't believe what happened to me today! I was talking to a woman in a shop and she asked me if I'm from London! Isn't that **amazing**? Everyone I've met has been very kind to me, so I feel really at home here. The host family that I'm staying with are really nice. They really look after me! There's always a hot meal waiting on the table when I get home in the evening and I'm getting used to English food! All in all, I'm really glad that I decided to study in London. I miss my family, but we keep in touch by text message. I've become more **independent** since I've been away. I have to **organise** a lot of things on my own and make sure I have enough money, for example. I'm still learning how to do that, but I'm enjoying it. Until tomorrow!

Heba

## Exercises

### 1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1.....and hard work led the businessman from poverty to success and wealth.

- a) Affectation                      b) **Determination**                      c) Deterioration                      d) Condensation

2.Old people need help with their daily.....they walk slowly.

- a] entertainment                      b) labour                      c) trainings                      d] **activities**

3. The new student was desperately .....at school as he had no friends.

- a) friendly                      b] **lonely**                      c) fatherly                      d) lovely

4.If you want to travel....., you need a valid passport and a visa from the destination embassy.

- a) broad                      b. board                      c. **abroad**                      d) aboard

5. You shouldn't study in a noisy place. This will .....you.

- a. distract                      b) dispense                      c. respect                      d. distress

6.Damietta has new fine modern .....for all ships that helps the local economy.

- a. store                      b) airport                      c. warehouse                      d. **harbour**

7. Good teachers should balance punishment with positive.....

- a) allowance                      b. **encouragement**                      c. reflection                      d) detest

8. Youth should be full of .....to achieve their goals and get good careers.

- a) consumption                      b) conservation                      c] appliance                      d) **determination**

9.Secondary school students should be trained to become more..... of their teachers.

- a) **independent**                      b) hateful                      c) depressed                      d) stressed

10. Our friends will book our tickets but we have to ..... them up an hour before the show.

- a) pack                      b) get                      c) **pick**                      d)grow

11.In summer, We should encourage our children to take part in sports .....

- a) inventions                      b) labour                      c) **activities**                      d) experiences

12. .... is the act of encouraging someone to do something.

- a) Education                      b) Progress                      c) **Encouragement**                      d) Courage

13. You shouldn't study near the TV as it will ----- you .

- a) concentrate      b) distract      c) **district**      d) distraction
14. Travelling abroad has given him a lot of -----
- a) expert      b) **experiences**      c) experienced      d) experiments
15. My wife needs to hire a ----- to help her with the housework.
- a) a doctor      b) **maid**      c) plumber      d) midwife
16. I didn't think I could ever.....used to living in a big city after living in the country.
- a) grow      b) **get**      c) fall      d) turn
17. People who have to leave their houses to be rebuild , are living in temporary.....
- a) concentration      b) intention      c) **accommodation**      d) position
18. This guarantee .....is an important document. Keep it in a safe place.
- a) degree      b) research      c) essay      d) **certificate**
19. My brother has finished university with a.....in engineering.
- a) medal      b) **degree**      c) scale      d) research
20. Some people prefer not .....children in the list of guests.
- a) **including**      b) consisting      c) containing      d) contenting
21. ....is the scientific study of the life and structure of plants and animals.
- a) History      b) Geology      c) **Biology**      d) Mathematics
22. tourists spent long hours.....the cities they visit.
- a) **exploring**      b) inventing      c) discovering      d) devising
23. As I was going home, I came across a little boy.....in the street.
- a) sleep      b) **sleeping**      c) slept      d) sleeps
24. A severe.....has caused most of the corn crop to fail due to lack of water.
- a) draught      b) current      c) **drought**      d) flood
25. On surfing beaches, strong....are common especially during competition time.
- a) droughts      b) **floods**      c) currants      d) currents
26. The hotel's.....financial situation is not good after the corona crisis.
- a) **current**      b) past      c) luxurious      d) social
27. The collection includes.....from the works of several well-known authors.
- a) shapes      b) **extracts**      c) formulas      d) recipes
28. I felt very.....when I first arrived in New York to join my new university.
- a) patient      b) reflected      c) **lonely**      d) aspected
29. He is a noble man as he ----- to help the disabled .
- a) rejected      b) refused      c) detested      d) **volunteered**
30. Public companies have to.....an annual report and accounts.
- a) hide      b) devise      c) **publish**      d) forge
31. The message was written in a/an.....code that only our soldiers could read.
- a) educated      b) **secret**      c) obvious      d) literate
32. The young writer wrote a/an.....story about life on the planet Mars.
- a) efficient      b) real      c) forge      d) **imaginative**
33. These pills should give you.....relief from the pain, just until you can get to a dentist.
- a) permanent      b) constant      c) **temporary**      d) specific
34. ----- is to try extremely hard to achieve something , despite its difficulty .
- a) Surfing      b) Swing      c) **Struggle**      d) Strike
35. Some furniture in our house is still in a good .....although it is old.
- a) force      b) form      c) **condition**      d) direction
36. My aunt .....to bring up her children after the death of her husband.
- a) **struggles**      b) relaxes      c) relieves      d) dispenses
37. The employer proved to be better than I imagined. The synonym of the verb "imagine" is.....
- a) **fancy**      b) explain      c) accept      d) apply
38. While tidying the room, my mother came.....some old photographs in a drawer.
- a) for      b) up      c) **across**      d) about
39. Changing the name of the company will only lead to.....



- 
- 
- 8

64. Students need to learn how to.....their work well to get the best results.  
a) puzzle                      b) perplex                      c) waste                      d) **organise**
65. My friend sent me a text.....saying that she'll be late.  
a) massage                      b) passage                      c) **message**                      d) messenger
66. We should.....the essay's main arguments in the final paragraph.  
a) damage                      b) **summarise**                      c) cut                      d) puzzle
67. Children should be taught to respect different.....in order to be tolerant.  
a) **cultures**                      b) economies                      c) fights                      d) disputes
68. A security 's duties.....preparing the dates for the manager and greeting visitors  
a) consist                      b) contain                      c) **include**                      d) enclose
69. In his speech, the winner.....the help of his parents. They helped him a lot  
a) reminded                      b) **mentioned**                      c) recommended                      d) expected
70. Twenty people were killed when a violent.....struck a tanker in the Atlantic Ocean.  
a) air                      b) drought                      c) breeze                      d) **storm**
71. Many games were cancelled because of last week s bad.....  
a) climate                      b) **weather**                      c) atmosphere                      d) warming
- 72- The synonym of encouragement is ( failure - **motivation** - success - activity )
- 73- The antonym of confident is ( **doubtful** - assured - hopeful - optimistic )
- 74- While on the beach , I came ( by - over - out - **across** ) one of my best friends.
- 75- Every student should concentrate ( in - **on** - of - about ) his study to reach his goal.
- 76- Doing many things at the same time will be ( confused - excited - **confusing** - fuss)
- 77- The ministry of ----- is responsible for our ancient monuments.  
a) agriculture                      b) industry                      c) information                      d) **culture**
- 78- I have a small ( dairy - reference - **diary** - dear ) in my pocket to write what i want .
- 79- Lack of rain will lead to ( downpour - **drought** - torrents - deluge ) in our area
80. I quite like living alone. It made me more.....  
a) dependent                      b) nosy                      c) **independent**                      d) facilitated
81. I think this cold weather is.....for the time of year as it is winter.  
a) **normal**                      b) standard                      c) abnormal                      d) strange
- 82- The.....was changing the sheets when we got back to our hotel room.  
a) boss                      b) coach                      c) guard                      d) **maid**
83. Experts advise young people not to get .....easily and focus on their goals.  
a) wasted                      b) laughed                      c) grown                      d) distracted
- 84- I have ( lost - wasted - **missed** - got ) my brother so much since he travelled
- 85- I was lucky to find a good company to ( spread - **publish** - punish - pinch ) my new novel.
- 86- A ( flood - **drought** - dehydration - dryness ) is a long period of dry weather .
- 87- How heavy is your bag ? is the same as "What ----- is your bag ?  
a) heavy                      b) length                      c) **weight**                      d) width
- 88- Shrimps ( tasty - **tastes** - smell - feels ) delicious.
- 89- Have you ever ( experimented - examined - exited - **experienced** ) living abroad ?
- 90- The police use road----- to stop cars to be examined.  
a) **barriers**                      b) posts                      c) parrots                      d) bouys
- 91- Do you think space ----- is a waste of money ?  
a) expectation                      b) **exploration**                      c) examination                      d) discovery

## Grammar

### The present continuous tense المضارع المستمر

يتكون المضارع المستمر من ( am - is - are ) + ( v + ing )

❖ Temporary situation that are happening now

يعبر عن حدث مستمر لفترة مؤقتة في الآن



و يستخدم المضارع المستمر مع الكلمات الآتية:

Now – at the moment – at present – still / currently / these days / watch out / look out !  
 nowadays - look – listen – hurry up – be quiet :

- ❖ My mother **is cooking** now . ❖ We **are still drawing** . ❖ They **are playing** at the moment .
- ❖ Heba is reading a story now ❖ Look : The boys are fishing.
- ❖ I am still learning how to do that but i am enjoying it .
- ❖ Watch out ! the bus is coming . ❖ I am staying in London for three weeks in July .

يعبر عن حدث يتم مرارا :

- ❖ My brother is **always** exploring on his own. ❖ Why are you always making noise ?
- ❖ Why is he **always** playing the guitar ?

موقف حالي يختلف عن موقف ماضي

- ❖ Young people are not reading newspapers these days.
- ❖ Nowadays we are using social media for communication.

❖ – يصف حدث سوف يحدث في المستقبل القريب ولكن خططنا له من قبل أو أعدنا له من قبل ويأتي مع :  
 ❖ It is arranged / We have made all the arrangements / I can't----- because -----

- ❖ Tomorrow I am visiting Judy in Athens ❖ Are you going outside today ?
- ❖ I'm flying to London tomorrow . Everything is arranged .
- ❖ My mother has made all the arrangements . She is giving a party tomorrow.
- ❖ We're having dinner at 8.00 today. ❖ I can't meet you tomorrow . I am visiting my uncle
- ❖ What are you doing on Friday this week? ❖ What are you doing this evening ?



❖ Stative verbs أفعال الحالة

Stative verbs describe a state rather than an action and they are used to talk about :

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Thoughts and opinions | think - believe - imagine - know - mean - understand - deny<br>agree - disagree - remember - forget - doubt - suspect - resemble |
| Feelings and emotions | like - love - hate - dislike - prefer - miss - wish - want - forgive   |
| senses                | hear - see - feel - smell - taste - recognise / seem - look  |
| Possessions           | belong - have - possess - own - owe  |
| measurement           | weigh - measure - consist - contain - include - involve - cost   |
| Other verbs           | depend - concern - be - deserve - realise - matter - surprise -<br>lack - suppose - astonish - need - trust - keep               |

لا تستخدم الأفعال السابقة في المضارع المستمر عند التعبير عن الحالة الدائمة

- ❖ I want to visit Paris . ❖ That bag belongs to my mother ❖ I have ( own ) a car .
- ❖ Most scientists believe that the world is getting hotter .
- ❖ Lina wishes that she was better at maths . ❖ Don't shout I can hear you

يمكن استخدام بعض الأفعال السابقة في المضارع المستمر إذا استخدمت لفترة مؤقتة أو  
 بمعنى آخر

- ❖ I **am having** lunch
- ❖ I **am having** a great time in Sydney

- ❖ I **am having** a lot of fun here .
- My mother **is tasting** the soup                      ‣ How **are you feeling** now?
- she **is smelling** a flower
- We **are seeing Injy and Hoda** later ( see = meet )
- ❖ I **am thinking about** going to the beach afterwards.
- Everyone **is being** really nice to me nowadays .
- Does he think he **is being** clever ?
- ❖ Hala's little sister **is being** very helpful today .That's nice .
- ❖ Adam **is always forgetting** things and nearly left his passport.

~~~~~

### Choose the correct answer:

- 1- We ( will visit – visit – are visiting – can visit ) my uncle. Everything is arranged
- 2- Don't raise your voice , the baby ( slept – has slept – is sleeping – had slept )
- 3- Some people ( love – are loving – were loving - have been loving ) keeping pets at home
- 4- I've booked the tickets .I ( travel – will travel – am travelling – have travelled ) next week
- 5- I ( believed – was believing – am believing – believe ) that she is a liar .
- 6- He ( is seeming – seeming – seems – has been seeming ) ill.
- 7- She doesn't hear us. She ( is thinking – thinks – thought – was thinking ) deeply.
- 8- Look ! She ( writes – was writing – is writing – wrote ) an essay.
- 9- I can't meet you tomorrow as I ( am visiting – visit – visiting – will visit ) my uncle.
- 10- Say it again .I ( am not hearing – heard – didn't hear – wasn't hearing ) what you said.
- 11- My friend ( is having – had – was having – has ) a lovely villa which has a nice pool .
- 12- Currently , we ( do – were doing – are doing – did ) a big project near Cairo.
- 13- It is ( knowing – known - knew – know ) that Alexandria is a nice city.
- 14- I ( am having – have – will have – have had ) dinner at this moment.
- 15- This pizza ( is tasting – tasty – tastes – tasteful ) delicious.
- 16- What are you doing? I ( taste – am tasting – tasted – have tasted ) the food.
- 17- How ( do – is – are – were ) you feeling today ?
- 18- Please , answer the phone because I ( take – taking – am taking – took ) a shower.
- 19- The match ( is playing – plays – has been played – is being played ) now
- 20- Look! He ( weighs – weighed – is weighing – weight ) the bananas again.
- 21- Ahmed.....squash at the moment. He is practising for a competition.
- a) plays                      b) is playing                      c) will play                      d) has played
- 22- I.....my uncle next week. I've arranged it.
- a) visiting                      b) will visit                      c) am visiting                      d) visit
- 23- We.....dinner at seven o'clock today.
- a) are having                      b) have                      c) have had                      d) had had
- 24- Look! those boys.....flowers from our garden.
- a) pick                      b) are picking                      c) were picking                      d) picked
- 25- Most people.....in the existence of magic.
- a) aren't believing                      b) don't believe                      c) are believing                      d) believes
- 26- People all over the world.....Mohammed Salah well.
- a) knew                      b) were knowing                      c) are knowing                      d) know
- 27- Does this computer.....to Ahmed?
- a) belong                      b) belongs                      c) belonging                      d) belonged
- 28- A: Where's Nada? B: She.....a tennis match.
- a) played                      b) is playing                      c) has played                      d) plays
- 29- My father.....as an engineer. It is his permanent job.
- a) works                      b) work                      c) is working                      d) had worked
- 30- Mariam is busy at the moment. She.....her hair.
- a) wash                      b) washes                      c) is washing                      d) has washed

31. I like reading science fiction stories, but my brothers.....sport.  
a) like                      b) are liking                      c) likes                      d) has liked
32. Look! How fast that lorry.....  
a) go                      b) went                      c) goes                      d) is going
33. The girls.....tennis at the moment.  
a) are play                      b) playing                      c) are played                      d) are playing
34. Stress .....high blood pressure.  
a) cause                      b) causes                      c) is causing                      d) has caused
35. Everything is arranged for my travel next Saturday. It means I.....next Saturday.  
a) travel                      b) will travel                      c) am travelling                      d) was travelling
36. Yasser.....very naughty these days. I need to ask a doctor about this behaviour.  
a) is being                      b) is                      c) will be                      d) was
37. I never buy expensive mobile phones because I'm always.....them.  
a) lose                      b) used to lose                      c) losing                      d) lost
38. The sky.....grey and the wind is blowing. I think it is going to rain.  
a) is looking                      b) looks                      c) has looked                      d) will look
40. You haven't said a word all morning. What.....about?  
a) you think                      b) do you think                      c) are you thinking                      d) you do think
41. You.....computer games. You should do something more active.  
a) always played                      b) are always play                      c) 're always playing                      d) always playing
42. If you.....at that comic book, I'd like to see it.  
a) don't look                      b) aren't looking                      c) looks                      d) doesn't look
- 43 Turn left at the lights and.....to signal.  
a) aren't forgetting                      b) don't forget                      c) you don't forget                      d) can't forget
- 44 Most scientists.....that the world is getting hotter.  
a) believe                      b) are believed                      c) are believing                      d) will believe
- 45 I enjoy Greek music, and most of the food.....really good!  
a) tasting                      b) is tasting                      c) taste                      d) tastes
- 46 What's that terrible noise? "The neighbours.....a party."  
a) have                      b) are having                      c) having                      d) had
- 47 Hany always wears jeans, but today he.....a suit.  
a) is wearing                      b) wears                      c) had worn                      d) wear
- 48 We are discussing the new project and.....a good time as well.  
a) having                      b) had                      c) have                      d) being having
49. I am having a great time in Japan these days, but I....my friends, especially you.  
a) missing                      b) misses                      c) am missing                      d) miss
50. I'm angry because you.....the door open.  
a) always left                      b) are always leaving                      c) leaving                      d) are left

### A) Choose the best translation:

1- لقد أصبح استخدام الطاقة النووية في الغرض السلمية في الصناعة والطب والزراعة ضرورة لا غنى عنها

- 1.The use of clear energy for peaceful purposes in industry, medicine and agriculture has become indispensable.
2. The use of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes in industry, medicine and agriculture has become indispensable.
- 3.The use of nuclear energy for peace purposes in industry, medicine and agriculture has become indispensable.
- 4.The use of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes in industry, medicine and culture has become indispensable.

2 -تهدف مؤتمرات السلام الى وضع نهاية للحروب وتحقيق السلم العالمى.

- 1.Peace conferences aims to put an end to wars and achieve the world peace.
- 2.Peace conferences aim for put an end to wars and achieve the world peace.
- 3.Peace conferences aim to put an end to wars and achieve the world peaceful.
- 4.Peace conferences aim to put an end to wars and achieve the world peace.

**3-يساعدنا الاستقرار على تنفيذ المشروعات النافعة وحل مشكلات السكان والمواصلات وتحسين العناية الصحية**

- 1.Stability helps us to achieve useful projects, to solve the problems of housing and transportation and to improve health care.
- 2.Stability help us to achieve useful projects, to solve the problems of housing and transportation and to improve health care.
- 3.Stability helps you to achieve useful projects, to solve the problems of housing and transportation and to improve health care.
- 4.Stability helps us to achieve use projects, to solve the problems of housing and transportation and to improve health care.

**4-إن علاقات مصر القوية مع جميع دول العالم تعزز دورها في حل المشاكل ونشر السلم.**

- 1.Egypt's strong tie with all countries of the world enhance its role in solving problems and promoting peace.
- 2.Egypt's strong ties with all countries of the world enhance its role in solving problems and promoting peace.
3. Egypt's strong ties with all countries of the world enhance its rule in solving problems and promoting peace.
- 4.Egypt's strong ties with all countries of the world enhance its role in solving problems and disporting peace.

**Choose the best answers:****1-- Physical training helps to maintain fitness and enhances the capacity of thinking and working.**

- 1-يساعد التمرين الجسماني على الحفاظ على الصحة وتقوية القدره علي التفكير والعمل
- 2-يساعد التدريب البدني على الحفاظ على اللياقه ويعزز القدره علي التفكير والعمل
- 3-يساعد التمرين الجسماني على استمرار اللياقه وتقوية القدره علي التفكير والعمل
- 4-يساعد التمرين الجسماني على الإبقاء على اللياقه ويعزز القوه علي التفكير والعمل

**2-Youth are the backbone of the society and the hope to achieve a better future.**

- 1- الشباب هم العمود الفقري للمجتمع وهم الامل لتحقيق مستقبا افضل
- 2- الشباب هم العمود الفقري للجماعه وهم الامنيه لانجاز مستقبل مزدهر
- 3- الشباب هم اصل المجتمع وهم الامل لتحقيق مستقبا جيد
- 4- الشباب هم اساس المجتمع وهم الامل لتحقيق مستقبا مشرق

**3- We have to spread awareness among citizens to make great efforts**

- 1- يجب ان نشر الوعي بين المواطنين وذلك لبذل جهود كبيره لتقليل التلوث
- 2-يجب عليا ان وسع الدرايه بين المواطنين وذلك لبذل محاولات كبيره لتقليل التلوث
- 3-يجب ان ننشر المعرفه بين المواطنين وذلك لبذل جهود كبيره لوقف التلوث
- 4-يجب ان ننشر المعلومات بين المواطنين وذلك لبذل جهود كبيره لوقف التلوث

**4-Although inventions and discoveries have made life easier for us, they have made damage to the environment as well as living beings.**

- 1-علي الرغم من الاختراعات والاكتشافات جعلت الحياه اسهل بالنسبه لنا فاها احدثت ضرر للبيئه وايضا الكائنات الحيه
- 2-علي الرغم من الاختراعات والاكتشافات تجعل الحياه سهله لنا فاها تحدث اذي للبيئه وايضا الكائنات الحيه
- 3-علي الرغم من المخترعون و المكتشفون جعلوا الحياه اسهل بالنسبه لنا فاها احدثوا ضرر للبيئه وايضا الكائنات الحيه
- 4-علي الرغم من الاختراعات والاكتشافات كات تجعل الحياه سهله بالنسبه لنا فاها احدثت ضرر للبيئه وايضا الكائنات الحيه

**اختبار على الوحدة السابعة****1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1- With little positive ----- you can make him study harder .  
a) encouragement      b) punishment      c) insulting      d) violence
- 2-Success in life needs patience , hard work , strong will and -----  
a) appointment      b) determination      c) amusement      d) cultivation
- 3-If you pass the school , can you ( collect - pack - pick - see ) up the children in your car?
- 4-All occupied countries struggled for their -----  
a) occupation      b) exploitation      c) intelligence      d) independence
- 5- Animals in the forest always ( play - struggle - rest - sleeps ) for survival
- 6- We ( get - make - come - bring ) used to living in the village.
- 7- Edmund wants to get ( ride - red - read - rid ) of his father .
- 8- Egypt was the ( guest - host - lost - post ) country for The World Handball Cup .
- 9- Listen! Your father ( shouts shputed - was shouting - is shouting ) at someone .
- 10- The students ----- the lesson in details

- a) are understanding      b) understand      c) misunderstanding      d) were understanding  
 11- In every spring . the red roses ( are smelling – smell – were smelling – smelt ) nice  
 12- I ( give – gave – will give – am giving ) a party tomorrow.  
 13- Who ( is owning – owning – owns owned ) this land nowadays.  
 14- I can't meet you tomorrow .I ( see - am seeing – being seen – would see ) the dentist.  
 15- On which channel is the programme ( showing – show – being shown – getting shown )?  
 16- You ( look – are looking – will look – will be looking ) exhausted . You should go to bed

**2) Read the passage then answer the questions:**

Crows **غراب** are probably the most frequently met and easily identifiable **يمكن التحقق منه** members of the native fauna **ما** of the United States. The great number of tales, legends **اساطير**, and myths **اسطورة** about these birds indicates that people have been exceptionally interested in them for a long time. On the other hand, when it comes to substantive- **موضوعي** particularly behavioral - information, crows are less well known than many comparably common species and, for that matter, not a few quite uncommon ones: the endangered California condor **نسار**, to cite **استشهد** one obvious example. There are practical reasons for the crows are notoriously **سيء** poor and aggravating **سوء** subjects for field research. Observers and quick learners, **they** are astute **مخضرم** about the intentions of other creatures, including researchers, and adept **ماهر** at avoiding them. Because they are so numerous, active, and monochromatic **واحد بلون**, it is difficult to distinguish **يميز** one crow from another. Bands **قيود**, radio transmitters, or other identifying devices can be attached to them, but this of course requires catching live crows, who are among the wariest **حذر** and most trappable **اصيد** of bird. Technical difficulties aside, crow research is daunting **يخيف** because the ways of these birds are so complex and various. As preminent **متفوق** is generalists **العموميين**, members of this species ingeniously **ببراعه** exploit **يستغل** a great range **معدل** of habitats **موطن** and resources, and they can quickly adjust to **يتاقلم** changes in their circumstances. Being so educable **قابل للتعليم**, individual birds have markedly different interests and inclinations **ميل**, strategies and scams. For example, one pet crow learned how to let a dog out of its kennel **بيت الكلب** by pulling the pin -on the door. When the dog escaped, the bird went into the kennel and ate its food.

**1- What is the main topic of the passage?**

- a) The ways in which crows differ from other common birds  
 b) The myths and legends about crows  
 c. How to find crows      d) Crows are dangerous birds

**2- According to the passage, what evidence is there that crows have interested people for a long time?**

- a) The large number of stories about crows  
 b) The frequency with which crows are sighted  
 c) They live with people at their houses      d) People like raising them.

**3- The underlined word "them" refers to.....**

- a) crows      b) intentions      c) learners      d) creatures

**4- The author implies **بضمن** that using radio transmitters would allow a researcher who studies crow to.....**

- a) follow flocks of crows over long distances      b) identify individual crows  
 c) record their pulses      d) study their habits

**5- Which of the following is true about crows?**

- a) They thrive **يعيش** in a wide variety of environments.  
 b) They seldom live in any place for very long.  
 c) They escape in the time of dander      d) they go out at night to hunt.

**6- The author mentions a pet crow to illustrate which of the following?**

- a) The ease with which crows can be tamed **اليف**  
 b) The affection that crows show to other creatures  
 c) they are violent birds      d) They can live alone for a long time

**7- Which of the following statements **عبارات** is supported by the passage?**

- a) Crows have relatively long lives      b) Crows have keen vision **نظر ثاقب**



c) they use simple ways to live

d) some kinds of them are killers

8- According to the passage, crows are poor subjects for field research for all of the following reasons except .....

a) They are difficult to catch.

b) They can be quite aggressive.

c) They live in far places

d) They avoid people

3) Choose the best translation .

1- تعاني مصر من زياده هائله فى السكان والتي تسبب الكثير من المشاكل الخطيره وتعوق التنمية الاقتصادية

A-Egypt is suffering from an enormous increase in pollution, which causes a lot of serious problems and hinders economic development.

B-Egypt is suffering from an enormous decrease in population, which causes a lot of serious problems and hinders economic development.

C-Egypt is suffering from an enormous increase in population, which causes a lot of serious problems and hinders economical development.

D-Egypt is suffering from an enormous increase in population, which causes a lot of serious problems and hinders economic development.

3) Choose the best translation .

2- Job opportunities have to be created for youth to limit the problem of unemployment.

2- يجب توفير فرص وظائف للشباب للحد من مشكله البطاله

1- يجب خلق فرص عمل للشباب للحد من مشكله البطاله

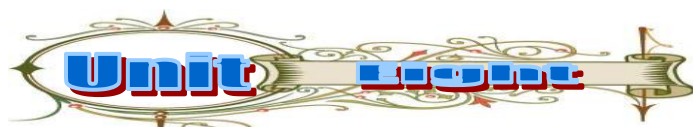
4- يجب خلق وظائف للشباب للحد من مشكله البطاله

3- يجب البحث عن فرص عمل للشباب للحد من مشكله البطاله

4) Write an essay of 180 words about one of the two following topics

1- Living abroad

2- Foreign languages



# Vocabulary



|             |            |               |              |                |                |
|-------------|------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| a notice    | تقرير      | take place    | يحدث         | significant    | ذو مغزى - هام  |
| statement   | جملة       | station       | محطة         | significance   | مغزى - دلالة   |
| network     | شبكة       | authority     | سلطة - هيئة  | on behalf of   | بالنيابة عن    |
| guess       | يخمن       | improve       | يحسن         | satisfactory   | مرضي           |
| facilities  | مرافق      | persuade      | يقنع         | earlier        | مبكرا          |
| a line      | خط         | point of view | رأي          | convenient     | ملائم - مريح   |
| further     | إضافي      | discussion    | مناقشة       | respond to     | يرد علي        |
| plan        | يخطط       | debate        | مناظرة       | grateful       | شاكر - ممتن    |
| passengers  | ركاب       | solve         | يحل          | consider       | يعتبر - يفكر   |
| expansion   | توسع       | solution      | حل           | current        | الحالي         |
| governorate | محافظة     | vehicles      | مركبات       | issue          | قضية           |
| addition    | إضافة      | affordable    | في المتناول  | faithful       | مخلص           |
| expect      | يتوقع      | suggest       | يقترح        | provide        | يقدم - يزود    |
| connect     | يربط       | production    | إنتاج        | administrative | إدارية         |
| connection  | ربط        | instead of    | بدلا من      | monorail       | خط منفرد       |
| system      | نظام       | driverless    | بلا قائد     | appropriate    | مناسب          |
| public      | عام        | electric      | كهربائي      | construction   | إنشاء - بناء   |
| transport   | النقل      | lower         | أكثر انخفاضا | suburb         | ضاحية          |
| due to      | بسبب       | importance    | أهمية        | tunnel         | نفق            |
| precise     | دقيق       | alternatives  | بدائل        | along          | بطول           |
| schedule    | جدول       | argument      | جدال         | The coast      | الساحل         |
| type        | نوع        | popularity    | شعبية        | crowded        | مزدحم          |
| a notice    | تقرير      | take place    | يحدث         | significant    | ذو مغزى - هام  |
| statement   | جملة       | station       | محطة         | significance   | مغزى - دلالة   |
| network     | شبكة       | authority     | سلطة - هيئة  | on behalf of   | بالنيابة عن    |
| emphasise   | يؤكد       | bleed         | ينزف         | decrease       | يقل            |
| a point     | نقطة       | beggar        | متسول        | safer          | أكثر أمنا      |
| doubt       | شك         | fall apart    | ينهار        | level          | مستوي          |
| create      | يخلق       | cliff         | جرف          | involve        | يشمل           |
| cause       | يسبب       | power         | سلطة         | rule           | يحكم           |
| Lead to     | يؤدي إلي   | evil          | شر           | camp           | معسكر          |
| cycle       | يركب دراجة | tiger         | نمر          | pretend        | يتظاهر         |
| guests      | ضيوف       | organisation  | منظمة        | Electric cars  | عربات كهربائية |
| Bad for     | سيء ل      | damage        | يدمر         | experts        | خبراء          |
| vehicle     | مركبة      | available     | متاح         | Flying vehicle | مركبة طائره    |
| Give up     | يتخلي عن   | pollution     | تلوث         | imagine        | يتخيل          |
| doubt       | يشك        | alternatives  | بدائل        | Keep in mind   | يضع في اعتباره |

## Definitions

|                  |                                                                     |                  |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| expansion        | an increase in the size or length of something.                     | تمدد             |
| Public transport | Public buses , trains or trams that anyone can use to travel around | مواصلات عامه     |
| High-tech        | describes something that uses a lot of new technology               | تكنولوجيا متقدمه |

|                                 |                                                                 |             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>network</b>                  | any system that has a lot of connected parts                    | شبكة عمل    |
| <b>facilities</b>               | places , buildings or equipment that are used for an activity   | تسهيلات     |
| <b>alternatives</b>             | Things that you do or use instead of something else             | بدائل       |
| <b>argument</b>                 | The reason that you give to say why something is right or wrong | جدال        |
| <b>significant</b>              | A large or important enough to have an effect or to be notice   | رائع        |
| <b>Environmentally friendly</b> | When something is not bad for nature                            | صديق للبيئة |

### Expressions

|                                  |                   |                          |                  |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| <b>environmentally- friendly</b> | صديق للبيئة       | <b>Keep in mind</b>      | يضع في الاعتبار  |
| <b>On / in behalf of</b>         | بالنيابة عن       | <b>Lead to ( ing )</b>   | يؤدي إلى         |
| <b>Respond to</b>                | يستجيب لـ         | <b>Electric cars</b>     | سيارات كهربائية  |
| <b>Grateful to</b>               | شاكر لـ           | <b>Reason for</b>        | ( سبب لـ ) تفسير |
| <b>Thanks to</b>                 | بفضل              | <b>Cause of</b>          | ( سبب لـ ) نتيجة |
| <b>Solution to / for</b>         | حل لـ             | <b>The greater Cairo</b> | القاهرة الكبرى   |
| <b>Because of / due to</b>       | بسبب              | <b>Make notes on</b>     | يأخذ ملاحظات على |
| <b>New administrative city</b>   | العاصمة الإدارية  | <b>Provide with</b>      | يزود بـ / يمد بـ |
| <b>Cairo Metro Authority</b>     | هيئة مترو القاهرة | <b>As a result</b>       | كنتيجة لـ        |

### Synonym

| The word   | الكلمة | Synonym  | المعنى | The word     | الكلمة  | Synonym     | المعنى |
|------------|--------|----------|--------|--------------|---------|-------------|--------|
| convenient | مناسب  | suitable |        | connect      | يوصل    | Join - link |        |
| expansion  | توسع   | growth   |        | satisfactory | مرضى    | adequate    |        |
| public     | عام    | national |        | significant  | ذو مغزى | meaningful  |        |
| respond    | يستجيب | react    |        | facility     | موهبة   | talent      |        |

### Antonym

| The word   | الكلمة | Antonym      | العكس | The word     | الكلمة | Antonym       | العكس    |
|------------|--------|--------------|-------|--------------|--------|---------------|----------|
| expansion  | توسع   | contraction  | تقلص  | argument     | جدال   | agreement     | اتفاق    |
| connect    | يربط   | disconnect   | يفصل  | significant  | هام    | insignificant | غير هام  |
| convenient | ملائم  | inconvenient |       | satisfactory | مرضى   | inadequate    | غير مرضى |
| public     | عام    | private      | خاص   | persuade     | يقنع   | dissuade      | يثني     |

### Language Notes

- 1- ♦ **arrive ( at )** يصل إلى مكان صغير ♦ He arrives at Cairo Airport  
 ♦ **arrive ( in )** يصل إلى مكان كبير ♦ He arrived in Cairo before sunset.  
 ♦ **arrive ( فعل لازم )** يصل ♦ At last my relatives arrived .

- ♦ **reach** يصل إلى ( افقى - راسى - معنوى )  
 ♦ They reached Cairo before sunset . ♦ Can you reach the top of this mountain?  
 ♦ I work hard in order to reach my goal .  
 ♦ **get to** يصل إلى ♦ We will get to the bank soon .  
 ♦ **get there** يصل هناك ♦ get home يصل للبيت ( there أو home مع get بعد to لانسخدم )

- 2- **alternative / replacement** بديل " Solar energy is a suitable alternative ( replacement ) .  
 " **alternative** ( تتبع باسم دائما ) " We should find alternative sources for oil

- 3- **argue** يفتق " **argue about / over** يجادل على " **argue into** يفتق  
 " **argument ( about - over - with )** خلاف " **argument ( for / against )** دليل ضد  
 حجة - دليل ضد

- 4- **expand** يتمدد " Metals expand by heating and contract by cooling .  
 تنكمش

"expand يتوسع

"My uncle's business is going to expand

5- ♦ facilities مرافق / خدمات ♦ We should provide a lot of facilities for tourists .

6- "public transport النقل العام "private transport النقل الخاص "the public الجمهور – العامة

"in public في العلن " Don't criticise your brother in public .

7- ♦ connect to يتصل ب / يوصل ♦ connect with يرتبط ب ♦ connection وصلة-علاقة

♦ The Suez Canal connected the east to the west . ♦ Connect this wire to the computer

♦ crime is connected with poverty . ♦ My internet connection is weak .

8- ♦ contact يتصل ب ♦ I will contact him soon ♦ a contact with احتكاك مع اتصال

9- ♦ means ( forms ) of transport وسائل النقل ♦ By ( road / جوا / sea / بالقطار / جوا / بحرا / جوا / بحرا / جوا / بحرا )

♦ transport ينقل / يوصل ♦ The truck transports goods.

10- ♦ along the banks of the Nile بطول ضفاف النيل ♦ with special disabilities ذو الاحتياجات الخاصة

♦ Take place يتم / يحدث عن قصد ♦ happen / occur يحدث مصادفة

♦ an easy to understand lesson ♦ Don't use worn-out tools . صفات مركبة

12- ♦ contain يحتوي على ♦ consist of يتكون من ♦ Include / involve يتضمن / يشمل

13-

الجملة الأولى (النتيجة) **Because** (فعل + فاعل) الجملة الثانية + **as** **Since**

1- Ali was very unhappy **because** he **didn't succeed**.2- **As he was ill**, he went to the doctor.3- **Since she was wise**, she could solve the problem.

→ الجملة الأولى

**because of / due to/ owing to / for / on account of / thanks to /**Noun  
v. ing

ولكن

- He went to the doctor **because of being ill**.
- She could solve the problem **due to her wisdom/ being wise**.
- The film was very successful **because of the amazing sound quality**.

**LISTENING TEXT****Cairo Metro network: Expansion work**

We hope that all our passengers will enjoy using our new Line 3. This **expansion** of the Cairo Metro **adds** seven kilometres and six new stations to our **underground network**. Line 3 will help people in the east of the city to get to work faster and more easily because it **connects** Heliopolis and the central station of Adly Mansour. We expect that 1.5 million **passengers** will use the new line this year.

**High-tech systems** were used to build this 21st Century **public transport system**, and more expansion work **is planned** for in the future. By 2030, we **expect to have** built three more new lines to bring the total number to six. We are already building Line 4 and we will have completed it by 2024. Line 4 will connect the east and west of Cairo and make it **easier for people** to travel around the city. However, **due to the expansion** work on Line 4, some trains will be late and we may have to close some stations for short periods of time.

Although we don't have a **precise schedule** for the building work on Line 5 and 6 at the moment, we expect to have started building Line 5 by the end of next year.

We would like to thank all Cairo Metro passengers for your understanding while the building work is taking place. We hope that you will enjoy using the improved **underground network**.

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

**Dear Sir or Madam,**

**A** I am writing **on behalf of myself** and the other students in my class at school.

**B** We would be very **grateful** if the **governorate** would **consider** organising the **expansion** to our town's **public transport network**. The **current network** is not **satisfactory** because there are not enough buses to take children to school early in the morning.

**C** I have **done some research** and some children **arrive at school much earlier than they need** to, and the buses are very **crowded**.

**D** I would suggest that the Governate office either **provides** more buses at the time when students travel to school or it changes the bus **timetable** so that the buses **arrive at** our school twenty or thirty minutes earlier.

**E** I would be very happy to discuss this **issue** further at any time that would be **convenient**. Then we could discuss which **solution(s)** would be possible for our city. Should you have any further questions about the **public transport** students need, please respond to this email.

**Yours faithfully,**

Sara Abdelaziz

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

## Public transport projects for the future

Public transport .....

Everywhere will improve a lot over the next ten years. Here is a look at some of the biggest **projects being planned** around the world. In Cairo, there are **plans to create the first public transport connection from both New Administrative City and 6th of October City to the Greater Cairo area**. The **Cairo Monorail** will **involve the construction** of two monorail lines which will take **passengers** 52km from **New Administrative City** to East Cairo, and 42km from 6th of October City to **the Greater Cairo area**. The **lines** will open in 2025. There are plans for an **expansion of** the Paris underground network in France. Using the latest technology, the **high-tech** . **Line 18** will **connect** Orly airport to the **suburb** of Versailles. 21 km of the 35 km-long line will be **underground** . It will open in 2030. By 2030, there are plans to build the longest **tunnel** in Australia's history. The 50km-long **tunnel** will be part of the new Sydney Metro West underground **system** . The project involves 10,000 workers **including** engineers. In the north of Europe, Sweden is building a new train line along the **coast** of the country. The 270km line will be finished in 2030 and will carry more than 1.6 million **passengers** a year.

\*\*\*\*\*

## Join us to help your community!

We are a group of **volunteers** who are working for the local government and we help out with local problems .Would you like to work with us? Our present project is **improving the local playgrounds**. These are great places for local families, but some of the **equipment** is not good enough . Our **volunteers** are working hard to make sure that all the playground **equipment is safe** and fun to use for children of **all ages**. We will be at the town hall all day on Tuesday 6th July. Come and **join** us at a time that is **good for you** .

## Exercises

### 1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

(1) Egyptian government is carrying out a major.....of the underground systems.

a) damage                      b) application                      c) **expansion**                      d) pressure

(2) Oil will dry up in the future so all the world countries look for suitable .....

a) **alternatives**                      b) petrol                      c) alteration                      d) allocation

(3) The motorway.....in Egypt links all the cities and areas.

a) line                      b) **network**                      c) discipline                      d) authority



- (4) The Ministry of Health should try to increase.....awareness of the risks of smoking.  
a) **public**                      b) special                      c) accepted                      d) awful
- (5) - ..... who use the metro should take the necessary precautions to avoid infection  
a) Cookers                      b) **Passengers**                      c) Messages                      d) Messengers
- 6) Hurry up! You must.....in at least one hour before your flight.  
a) get                      b) look                      c) apply                      d) **check**
- 7) To help reduce pollution ,we should use ..... transport instead of our cars.  
a) private                      b) publicity                      c) **public**                      d) republic
- 8) One of the main disadvantages of cars is the.....gases which damage the environment.  
a) valuable                      b) **polluting**                      c) effective                      d) impressive
- 9) An ..... is the reason that you give to say why something is right or wrong.  
a) education                      b) ignorance                      c) **argument**                      d) armament
- 10) I check the hotel list to get a.....idea of what activities to plan.  
a) **general**                      b) public                      c) private                      d) careful
11. These books are also available in an.....form.  
a) electricity                      b) electric                      c) electrical                      d) **electronic**
- 12) The president's.....includes a two-day visit to a foreign country.  
a) column                      b) speech                      c) **schedule**                      d) semina
13. The satellite signals were affected by.....storm and its lightning.  
a) electricity                      b) electric                      c) **electrical**                      d) electronic
14. There was a notice saying the road had been closed. The word "**notice**" here means.....  
a) attention                      b) review                      c) **sign**                      d) observation
15. As he read the reports, the manager.....careful notes about them.  
a) ran                      b) gave                      c) **made**                      d) invented
16. Global warming is a significant ..... which we should discuss .  
a) game                      b) match                      c) tissue                      d) **issue**
17. He lives in a ..... of Cairo not in the city centre.  
a) **suburb**                      b) downtown                      c) village                      d) town
- 18) The word **convenient** means the same as the word .....  
a) suitable                      b) difficult                      c) complex                      d) uncomfortable.
- 19) All candidates have to.....a test in language and computer skills.  
a) give                      b) make                      c) devise                      d) **take**
- 20) An ..... is an increase in the size or length of something .  
a) expense                      b) expenditure                      c) experiment                      d) **expansion**
21. The evidence was not really.....enough to put the accused man in prison.  
a) persuade                      b) persuasion                      c) **persuasive**                      d) persuaded
22. Prevention also plays a central role in traditional medicine. The "**central**" is similar to .....  
a) far                      b) **main**                      c) partial                      d) heavy
23. .... friendly describes something which is not bad for nature.  
a) User                      b) **Environmentally**                      c) Environment                      d) Avenue
24. The leisure.....in this hotel include a sauna and a gym.  
a) probabilities                      b) **facilities**                      c) accessibilities                      d) availabilities
25. The machines which the new factory uses are very.....which are the latest in the country.  
a) outdated                      b) ancient                      c) dated                      d) **high-tech**
26. A.....of veins and arteries carries the blood around the body.  
a) power                      b) device                      c) **network**                      d) station
- 27) The ..... are the places , buildings or equipment that are used for an activity.  
a. **facilities**                      b. activities                      c) factories                      d) expansions
- 28) The new high-tech monorail will ..... the New Administrative City to Greater Cairo  
a) contact                      b) communicate                      c) collect                      d) **connect**
29. The government has the.....to regulate the economy.  
a) irresponsibility                      b) **authority**                      c) validity                      d) expiry

30. The canal was built to.....the city to the port.  
a) contact      b) communicate      c) **connect**      d) tie
31. Hospitals in villages have.....greatly in the last few years. They are better than before.  
a) proved      b) devised      c) interrupted      d) **improved**
32. The aeroplane was carrying over 500 .....when it crashed and they were all killed.  
a) engines      b) **passengers**      c) pilots      d) crews
33. Investment in.....infrastructure has increased greatly in the last few years.  
a) **transport**      b) transfer      c) transfuse      d) transplant
34. The.....cost was far higher than we had expected.  
a) vague      b) avoidable      c) available      d) **total**
35. While the spokesman was giving his report, a reporter in the back kept... him every two minutes.  
a) noticing      b) **interrupting**      c) helping      d) assisting
- 36- A ----- describes something you do or use instead of something else.  
a) **Alternative**      b) Appreciative      c) attentive      d) Communicative
- 37) The information about the new vaccine is freely..... on the internet.  
a) avoidable      b) secret      c) **available**      d) affecting
38. After a brief.....by the manager, the staff meeting began.  
a) speaking      b) **introduction**      c) connection      d) communication
39. The accident received little.....in the national media.  
a) note      b) notice      c) sign      d) signal
- 40- The clothes company is planning a great.....of its outlets in Alexandria to sell more.  
a) deterioration      b) decline      c) **expansion**      d) reduction
- 41- ----- describes something that uses a lot of new technology.  
a) **High-tech**      b) Tech      c) IT      d) Technical
- 42) ----- means any system that has a lot of connected parts .  
a) Net-ball      b) **Network**      c) High-tech      d) Nuclear
- 43- A ----- thing has an important effect or influence  
a) recycled      b) reused      c) **significant**      d) signature
- 44- Means of ----- involve buses , trains , and other vehicles that we can use to travel.  
a) goods      b) transfusion      c) transplant      d) **transport**
- 45 Modern.....systems have been a severe threat to the environment causing a lot of pollution,  
a) security      b) **transport**      c) computer      d) education
- 46- Email has largely.....the traditional business letter.  
a) placed      b) positioned      c) **replaced**      d) reflected
47. There are twenty-six.....in Egypt and Cairo is the biggest one.  
a) governors      b) regions      c) **governorates**      d) districts
48. I'm so.....for all the help and support my family gave me.  
a) helpful      b) useful      c) reliable      d) **grateful**
49. The conference discussed a number of important environmental.....such as global warming.  
a) trials      b) causes      c) reasons      d) issues
50. The exhibition.....an opportunity for local artists to show their work.  
a) prohibits      b) **provides**      c) prevents      d) proclaims
51. More than a hundred people.....to the job advertisement.  
a) **responded**      b) reviewed      c) received      d) respected
52. Samir got.....grades and was offered a place at university.  
a) awful      b) horrible      c) **satisfactory**      d) unsuitable
53. There are no simple.....to the problem of overpopulation.  
a) divisions      b) troubles      c) **solutions**      d) expectations
54. The defender's aggressive.....of play sometimes gets him in trouble.  
a) list      b) defence      c) attack      d) **style**
55. We worked very hard for four hours without a.....to complete the report.

- a) **pause**      b) silence      c) trouble      d) state
56. Please inform us if there are any.....changes in your plans.
- a) sighted      b) available      c) **significant**      d) useless
57. Doctors have always.....the importance of exercise in the prevention of diseases.
- a) presses      b) **stressed**      c) denied      d) doubted
58. Many children with mild.....are integrated in general education.
- a) capabilities      b) imaginations      c) skulls      d) **disabilities**
59. The drug has had no significant effect on the disease. The synonym of " **significant**" is.....
- a) aspired      b) **appropriate**      c) deniable      d) unimportant
60. You must.....in mind that the price does not include flights.
- a) take      b) give      c) **keep**      d) miss
- 61-The ----- you get up , the easier to reach your work.
- a) early      b) more early      c) **earlier**      d) earliest
- 62 - Our company has recently installed the latest.....security system that cost a lot of money.
- a) outdated      b) degraded      c) old-fashioned      d) **high-tech**
- 63-The Cairo Metro ----- is the first in Africa and the Middle East .
- a) train      b) tram      c) **system**      d) discipline
- 64- By law, smoking is no longer allowed in indoor..... places.
- a) general      b) **public**      c) private      d) clear
- 65-The manager of the company has a busy ----- this week .You can't meet him.
- a) **schedule**      b) relaxation      c) investigation      d) holiday
- 66-Don't ( say - argue - **interrupt** - cut ) your father when he talks.
- 67-Without material evidence , you will not benefit anything from your -----
- a) **argument**      b) project      c) topic      d) interest
- 68- We are always ----- to our parents as they managed to bring us well.
- a) thank      b) **grateful**      c) gratitude      d) ungrateful
- 69-The underground is ----- the cheapest means of transport in Cairo.
- a) considering      b) reconsidered      c) **considered**      d) consideration
- 70-The internet has -----getting information as well as buying our needs.
- a) frustrated      b) complicated      c) double      d) **facilitated**
- 71- we use big trucks to ----- furniture to its destination.
- a) transform      b) transplant      c) transmit      d) **transport**
- 72-The New Administrative Capital will have an advanced public transport -----.
- a) **network**      b) connect      c) relation      d) communication
- 73- We will discuss which ----- to our problem will be effective .
- a) **solution**      b) situation      c) satisfy      d) station
- 74-The project involves 10,000 workers ----- engineers .
- a) containing      b) consisting      c) content      d) **including**
- 75-The synonym of the adjective **significant** is -----
- a) **important**      b) insignificant      c) meaningless      d) nonsense
- 76- Some people suggested that we will have flying vehicles by 2030 but I ----- that.
- a) think      b) believe      c) certain      d) **doubt**
77. The scientists will hold a..... of meetings over the next few weeks to discuss the new medicine.
- a) team      b) collection      c) **series**      d) deviation
- 78.More and more people are moving to the.....of Cairo such as New Cairo City every year.
- a) districts      b) regions      c) shores      d) **suburbs**
- 79 The Olympics take.....every four years in a different city.
- a) part      b) **place**      c) in      d) off
80. The menu at this restaurant offer several vegetarian.....for people who don't eat meat or fish.
- a) affections      b) **alternatives**      c) attentions      d) attributes
- 81.. Many people in Alexandria say that fish is a/an.....part of their diet.
- a) useless      b) poisonous      c) **significant**      d) valueless

82. The educational authority presented strong.....for building a new school in the city.

- a) **arguments**      b) articles      c) titles      d) disagreements

83. The spokesman.....for some water before continuing his speech.

- a) acquired      b) offered      c) called      d) **paused**

84. Mild exercises and relaxation can help you reduce the.....of daily life.

- a) **stress**      b) amusement      c) pleasure      d) cost

85. We do not.....this film suitable for young children as it has many violent scenes

- a) **consider**      b) accept      c) agree      d) expect

86. On.....of the department I would like to thank you all.

- a) account      b) **behalf**      c) expense      d) grade

87. The writer's new novel is a/an.....of a short story he wrote about ten years ago.

- a) expansion      b) **repetition**      c) publication      d) publicity

88. Drawing, like writing, can be a.....for expressing your feelings.

- a) system      b) **form**      c) vehicle      d) shape

89. Maha's husband was always nice to her in.....but treated her badly at home.

- a) general      b) private      c) special      d) **public**

90. My little sister has a.....for languages. She learns them quite easily.

- a) reward      b) present      c) **facility**      d) disability

## Grammar

### Future perfect المستقبل التام

يتكون المستقبل التام من ( التصريف الثالث ) ( will have + pp )

- يدل المستقبل التام على اكتمال او عدم اكتمال حدث قبل وقت معين في المستقبل وبأتي

مع الكلمات الآتية

1- by + المستقبلي .

2- in + two years' time .

3- Before + a period of time .

4- This time next ( week- month- year )

### Examples:

- ♣ You **will have finished** your project **by the end of this term** .
- ♣ I **won't have gone** to sleep **before** 8pm . ♣ We **will have completed** line 4 **by 2030** .
- ♣ **By the year 2100**, millions of trees and hundreds of forests **will have been saved** .
- ♣ **By 2050**, the old building **will have been replaced** by modern offices.
- ♣ Experts believe that **by 2030** , most people **will have bought** an electric vehicle
- ♣ I think that **by 2050** the price of electric cars **won't have gone** down so much .
- ♣ I **will have read** the book **before** I **return** it to the library .
- ♣ I **won't have done** all of my homework **by the time ( before )** you **get** home.
- ♣ Mahmoud **will have got** a good job in Cairo **by the time** he is 25 years old
- **In 5 years** , I **will have started** work .
- How much **will you have done** on your project **in two months' time**?
- ♣ People **will have decided** to use public transport **in twenty years' time**.
- ♣ **in ten years** , we **won't have given** up on driving our own vehicle .

♣ تتكون صيغة المبني للمجهول في المستقبل التام كالآتي P.P + will have + been + مفعول

- ♣ The project **will have been finished by 2020**.
- ♣ The house **will have been built by next month**.
- ♣ The bridge **will have been built in three months' time**.

هذه الصيغة تؤدي معنى المستقبل التام

- ♣ They expect to have built line 5 by the end of next year.

♣ Line 5 is expected to have been built by the end of next year.

### Choose the right answers:

- 1- I will have graduated ( in – on – by – at ) 6 years' time.
- 2- I will have graduated ( in – on – by – at ) by next year.
- 3-The project failed ( because – since – despite – because of ) lack of money .
- 4- Will lunch.....by the time we arrive?  
a) be eaten    b) be eating    c) have been eaten    d) have eaten
- 5- He will ( irrigate – be irrigating – have irrigated – irrigates ) his fields by 7.30.
- 6- She ( will be finishing – will finish – will have finished – finishes ) in two hours' time.
- 7-The new bridge won't have completed ( when – after- by - until ) next month.
- 8-The sky is clear .I think it ( will be – will have been – is going to be – is ) a sunny day
- 9-By the age of 24 , I will ( graduate – be graduated – have been graduated-have graduated.
- 10- By the time I am 30 , I ----- a nice villa.  
a) will own    b) will have owned    c) will be owning    d) own
- 11-This time next week , we ----- to Saudi Arabia .  
a) will be flying    b) will fly    c) are going to fly    d) fly
- 12-Next year , I ( am – will be being – will be – will have been ) a teacher for 34 years
- 13- I expect that I-----the essay by 7 o'clock tomorrow.  
a) will have finished    b) have finished    c) have been finished    d) had finished
- 14- The essay is expected to----- by 7 o'clock tomorrow.  
a) will have finished    b) have finished    c) have been finishing    d) had finished
- 16- It is cold .I ( will wear – will have worn – am wearing – am going to wear ) my jacket.
- 17- I'm sure Hager ( is going to pass – will have passed – will pass – is passing ) her exams.
- 18-Before My father comes home , my mother ----- lunch.  
a) will have prepared    b) is going to prepare    c) had prepared    d) is preparing
- 19-Five floors of the block ----- by next October.  
a) will have built    b) will have been build    c) are built    d) will be built
- 20- He will have done all his work ( at - by – in – on ) eight o'clock tonight.
- 21- ( On –At –In-By ) Friday , I will have studied three subjects .
- 22-By 12 o'clock tomorrow , the mechanic ----- our car  
a) will have been repaired    b) will be repaired    c) will have repaired    d) will repair
- 23-Before he goes home , he ( finishes – finishing – will have finished – is going to finish)
- 24-Don't phone Ahmed at 1.00am because he -----  
a)sleeps    b) will have slept    c) will be sleeping    d) is sleeping
- 25-The Egyptian Museum ( opens – will op – is going to open – will have opened ) at 8.00
- 26-Next week , we ----- a party to celebrate my father's promotion.  
a) will give    b) are giving    c) will gave given    d) are going to give
- 27-By next week , the bridge ( is built – will build – will have been built    d) is building
- 28-The furniture is expected -----  
a) to deliver    b) to have delivered    c) to have been delivered    d) deliver
- 29.By the time my holiday is over, I.....lots of interesting places.  
a) will visit    b) will have visited    c) visit    d) will be visiting
30. A: Why are you switching TV?    B : I.....a football match.  
a) will watch    b) am watching    c) am going to watch    d) watch
31. I ..... ..in the hospital where I applied for the training post.  
a) am probably working    b) will probably work    c) am probably going to work    d) am probably work
- 32- For being stubborn, I expect she.....easily.  
a) won t persuade    b. isn't going to be persuaded    c) won't be persuaded    d. is being persuaded



33. The wind is getting stronger. I think there.....a sandstorm.

- a) is being                      b) will be                      c) is going to be                      d) is

34- I don't feel well. I think I.....up

- a) will throw                      b) am throwing                      c) would throw                      d) am going to throw

35. We will wait at the station room until the train....

- a) will come                      b) came                      c) had come                      d) comes

36. The train from Alexandria.....at Giza station at 12:30.

- a) will have arrived                      b) arrives                      c) will arrive                      d) will be arriving

37. We.....dinner at a seaside restaurant on next Sunday.

- a) will have had                      b) will have been                      c) are going to have                      d) are having

39. She.....her exams by 6 o'clock, so we can go out for dinner.

- a) will finish                      b) is finishing                      c) will have finished                      d) is going to finish

38. Do you think you.....children by the time you are 30?

- a) will have                      b) will have had                      c) are going to have                      d) are having

39. When I see you tomorrow, I.....you my new book.

- a) show                      b) will be showing                      c) will have shown                      d) will show

40. Sam is probably.....the proposal by the time he leaves this afternoon.

- a) completing                      b) going to have completed                      c) being completed                      d) going to complete

41. By 2050, half of the world....English and communicate well with each other

- a) will speak                      b) will have been spoken                      c) will be spoken                      d) is speaking

42. Phone me after 8 o'clock. We.....dinner by then.

- a) will finish                      b) will be finishing                      c) will have finished                      d) have finished

43- If you are too tired to cut the grass, I.....it for you.

- a) will cut                      b) am going to cut                      c) cut                      d) am cutting

44- I don't think the exam .....difficult.

- a) will be                      b) is going to be                      c) will have been                      d) is being

45- They've got the tickets. They..... to England!

- a- fly                      b- will fly                      c- are flying                      d- are going to fly

46- Experts think that Cairo..... by more than half a million people next year.

- a- will grow                      b- is going to grow                      c- grows                      d- will have grown

47- Our last lesson ..... at two o'clock this afternoon.

- a- is finishing                      b- will finish                      c- finishes                      d- going to finish

48- There are a lot of people in the room. It..... difficult to find a chair.

- a- is                      b- will be                      c- is going to be                      d- will have been

49- Look, there's a sandstorm. I ..... the windows.

- a- will close                      b- close                      c- am going to close                      d- am closing

50- There are no clouds in the sky today. I think that it..... very hot.

- a- is going to be                      b- will be                      c- is being                      d- is

51- Next year, my grandfather ..... 75 years old!

- a- is going to be                      b- will be                      c- going to be                      d- is

52- I predict that in the future mobile phones ..... much smaller

- a- are going to be                      b- will be                      c- will have been                      d- are

53- Quick! Give me a paper tissue, I.....again!

- a) will sneeze                      b) am going to sneeze                      c) sneeze                      d) sneezed

54- There's a good film on TV tonight. I think that it ..... at ten o'clock.

- a) will finish                      b) is finishing                      c) is going to finish                      d) finishes

55- My wife's parents.....for dinner tomorrow, so we're preparing something special.

- a) will come                      b) are coming                      c) come                      d) are going to come

56- Wake me up by nine o'clock. I.....long enough by then.

- a) will sleep                      b) will have slept                      c) will be sleeping                      d) will be slept

57. I think one day every new book.....as an e-book.

- a) publish    b) will publish    c) will be published    d) will have published

**3) A) Choose the best translation:**

**1- تبذل وزاره الري والموارد المائيه جهودا مكثفه للحفاظ على مياه النيل وحمايته من التلوث**

A-The Ministry of Irrigation and Water Resources exports intensive efforts to preserve the water of the Nile and protect it from pollution.

B-The Ministry of Irrigation and Water Resources exerts intensive efforts to reserve the water of the Nile and protect it from pollution.

C-The Ministry of Irrigation and Water Resources exerts intensive efforts to preserve the water of the Nile and protect it from pollution.

D-The Ministry of Irrigation and Water Resources exerts intensive efforts to preserve the water of the Nile and prevent it from pollution.

**2- هناك حمله اعلاميه منظمه تقوم بها وزاره الصحة والسكان نشر الوعي بين المواطنين باهميه الحصول على اللقاح المضاد لفيروس كورونا**

A-The Ministry of Health and Population is conducting a media campaign to publish awareness among citizens about the importance of getting the coronavirus vaccine.

B-The Ministry of Health and Population is conducting a media campaign to spread awareness among citizens about the importance of getting the coronavirus vaccine.

C-The Ministry of Health and Population is conducting a media campaign to spread awareness among citizens about the important of getting the coronavirus vaccine.

D-The Ministry of Health and Population is contacting a media campaign to spread awareness among citizens about the importance of getting the coronavirus vaccine.

**3- يجب ان نعلم الاجيال الجديده قيمه العمل والانتماء والولاء والاخلاص والتفكير الابداعي لكي يكونوا قادرين على بناء بلدهم**

1- We have to teach new generations the value of work, loyalty, belonging, sincerity and creative thinking to be able to build their country.

2-We have to learn young generations the value of job, loyalty, belonging, sincere and creating thinking to able to build their country.

3- We have to teach young generations the value of work, loyal, belonging, sincerity and creative thinking to be able to build their country.

4.We will have to teach new generations the value of work, loyalty, belonging, sincerity and creator thinking to be able to build their country.

**4- علينا ان نهتم بامشروعات الاتاجيه والبعد عن الاسراف وذلك من اجل رفع مستوى المعيشه**

1-We have to care for productive projects and be away from wastefulness for the sake of raising living standard.

2- We have to take care production projects and take away from wastefulness for the sake of rising living standard.

3-We have to care for producing projects and away from wasteful for the sake of raising life standard.

4.We have to care for production projects and be away from waste for the sake of rising living standard.

**Choose the best translation**

**1-In order to be successful, you should have courage, ambition, self-confidence and self-dependence.**

1- لكي تكون ناجحا يجب ان تكون لديك الشجاعه والطموح والثقه بالنفس والاعتماد علي الذات

2- لكي تكون ناجحا يجب ان تكون شجاعا وطموحا و تمتلك الثقه بالنفس والاعتماد علي الذات

3- لكي تمتلك النجاح يجب ان تكون لديك الشجاعه والاهتمام والثقه بالنفس والاعتماد علي الذات

4- عندما تكون ناجحا يجب ان تكون ان تكون شجاعا وطموحا و لديك الثقه بالنفس والاعتماد علي الذات

**2-If the population explosion continues, more people will die of starvation in poor countries.**

1- اذا استمر الانفجار السكاني فان ناس اكثر سوف يموتون من الجوع في الدول الفقيره

2- اذا استمر الزياده السكانيه فان ثير من الناس سوف يموتون من الجوع في الدول الفقيره

3- اذا استمر الانفجار السكاني فان ناس اكثر سوف يقتلون من الجوع في الدول الفقيره

4- اذا استمر التكدس السكاني فان الكثير من الناس سوف يموتون من نقص الطعام في الدول الفقيره

**3-Sleep is nature's best nurse and people usually sleep to renew their energy and look joyful.**

1-النوم هو ممرض جيد في الطبيعه والناس عاده ينامون لكي يجددوا قوتهم ويبدون سعاد

2-النوم هو افضل ممرض في الطبيعه والناس عاده ينامون لكي يجددوا طاقاتهم ويبدون سعاد

3-النوم هو افضل معالج في الطبيعه والناس عاده ينامون لكي يجددوا نشاطهم ويبدون مرحين

4-النوم هو افضل معالج في الطبيعه والناس عاده ينامون لكي يقووا طاقاتهم ويبدون سعاد

**4-Providing employment opportunities to those who are unemployed is very important as lack of employments can lead to social disturbance.**

1-تقديم فرص عمل للعاطلين مهم جدا لان نقص الوظائف يمكن ان يؤدي لمصاعب اجتماعيه

2-تقديم فرص الاستخدام لهؤلاء العاطلين مهم جدا لان عدم وجود وظائف ممكن ان يؤدي الي مشاكل اجتماعيه

3-توفير فرص عمل لهؤلاء العاطلين مهم جدا لان نقص الوظائف يمكن ان يؤدي اضطرابات اجتماعيه

تقديم فرص عمل للموظفين مهم جدا لان نقص الوظائف يمكن ان يؤدي مشاحنات اجتماعيه

## اختبار علي الوحدة الثامنة

## Choose the right answers:

1. He hopes the conference.....before he arrives because he'd like to hear the final speech.  
a) will have ended      b) will end      c) won't have ended      d) won't end
2. Flying is the most.....way to travel in such a large country as China.  
a) minor      b) convenient      c) doubtful      d) expected
3. By the time my holiday is over, I.....lots of interesting places.  
a) will visit      b) will have visited      c) visit      d) will be visiting
4. Drawing, like writing, can be a.....for expressing your feelings.  
a) system      b) form      c) vehicle      d) shape
5. She.....her exams by 6 o'clock, so we can go out for dinner.  
a) will finish      b) is finishing      c) will have finished      d) is going to finish
6. More than a hundred people.....to the job advertisement.  
a) responded      b) reviewed      c) received      d) respected
7. We.....dinner at a seaside restaurant on next Sunday.  
a) will have had      b) will have been having      c) are having      d) will be having
8. I can't go to the cinema with you this evening as I .....my lessons for tomorrow's test.  
a. going to revise      b. had to revise      c. will be revising      d. will revise
9. We do not.....this film suitable for young children as it has many violent scenes  
a) consider      b) accept      c) agree      d) expect
- 10- At ten o'clock tomorrow, I ..... on a train to Aswan!  
a travel      b will have travelled      c going to travel      d will be travelling
11. The Olympics take.....every four years in a different city.  
a) part      b) place      c) in      d) off
12. The menu at this restaurant offer several vegetarian.....for people who don't eat meat or fish. a)  
affections      b) alternatives      c) attentions      d) attributes
- 13.. Many people in Alexandria say that fish is a/an....part of their diet.  
a) useless      b) poisonous      c) significant      d) valueless
14. The educational authority presented strong.....for building a new school in the city.  
a) arguments      b. articles      c) titles      d) disagreements
15. The canal was built to.....the city with the port.  
a) contact      b) communicate      c) connect      d) tie
16. Conditions in hospital have.....greatly in Egypt in the last few years.  
a) proved      b) devised      c) interrupted      d) improved
17. The plane was carrying over 500 .....when it crashed and they were all killed.  
a) engines      b) passengers      c) pilots      d) crews
18. The president's.....includes a two-day visit to a foreign country.  
a) column      b) speech      c) schedule      d) seminar

## 2-Read the following passage, then Choose the correct answer

Ever since he was six years old, Nick had wanted to get a puppy كلب صغير. His parents always refused. They said he wasn't capable of taking care of a puppy. "You have no idea how much work a puppy is," Dad said. "You would have to housebreak the puppy, train the puppy to obey you, and groom ب يعتني it, too." "And then there's taking the puppy to the vet, playing with it, and feeding it," Mom added. "It's not that I'm against having a puppy. But a puppy takes up a lot of time." Nick couldn't think of a way that he could convince his parents that he was ready for a puppy. Then, **he got an idea**. "If I volunteer at the animal shelter مأوى," he thought, "I'll bet يراهن Mom and Dad will see that I'm ready to take care of a puppy!" Nick wanted a puppy, so he decided to become a volunteer at the animal shelter. He was hoping to convince his parents that he was ready to take care of a puppy. He volunteered at the shelter twice each week, on Tuesdays after school and on Saturdays. While he was there, Nick did several

things. He walked the dogs and washed and brushed them. Grooming the long-haired dogs took a long time! He cleaned up the dogs' kennels, بيت الكلب too. He also played with the puppies to help get them used to people. Sometimes he gave them baths as well. Once in a while, Nick spent time with the kittens and cats, but he preferred working with the dogs. There was always plenty to do at the shelter, so Nick was never bored.

**1- What is the problem in the text?**

- a) Nick is allergic to puppies.      b. Puppies are dangerous      c. Puppies are infectious  
d) Nick's parents think that he is not capable of taking care of a puppy.

**2- A person who volunteers is someone who .....**

- a) gets a raise.      b) does work without being paid.      c. helping people for money      d. a rich person

**3- Nick's parents say he isn't capable of taking care of a puppy. Which word or phrase means capable?**

( take up-afraid of -clean up -able to)

**4- What does the phrase have no idea mean?**

- a. own an idea      b. can't think      c- do not understand      d. the idea is far

**5- What does the underlined sentence he got an idea refer to?**

- a) it refers to volunteering at an animal shelter.      b) it refers to different animals.  
c) buying a puppy from a shelter      d. He will bet a puppy

**6- What detail does the author include to explain why Nick plays with the puppies?**

- a) to help them get used to people      b) he can stop being afraid of dogs  
c) to love him      d) He wanted to speak to them

**7- What is a kennel?** ( place for animals -kind of food-a house of cats- a place for animals)

**8- Which word means once in a while?** ( occasionally -daily to people- usually- often)

**Choose the best translation**

**10- Natural disasters are natural events that cause the loss of lives and property.**

- 1- مصائب الطبيعة هي أحداث طبيعية تؤدي إلى خساره الحياه والعقارات 2- الكوارث الطبيعية هي أحداث طبيعية تسبب فقد الحياه و الممتلكات  
3- الاحداث الطبيعية هي كوارث طبيعية تسبب فقد الحياه و الممتلكات 4- الكوارث الطبيعية هي أحداث قومية تسبب تدمير الحياه الممتلكات

**Choose the best translation**

**6- على الرغم من المزايا العديده لمواقع شبكه التواصل الاجتماعى فلها الكثير من المساوى ايضا**

- 1- In spite of the numerous advantages of social networking, it has many disadvantages too.  
2- In spite of many advantages of society networking, it has many disadvantages too.  
3- In spite the numerous advantages of socialist networking, it has many disadvantages too.  
4- Despite of the numerous advantages of social networking, it had many disadvantages too.

**4) Write an essay of about 180 words on one of the following topics :**

- 1- How can Egypt attract more tourists?      2- How to improve our public transport ?

جملة افتتاحية تصلح لبداية المقال  
////////////////////////////////////  
////////////////////////////////////

1 - ♣ In my opinion, this subject is really important and necessary nowadays. It may have good and positive effects on all of us. I think so because ..... may bring all the good to our society.

2- ♣ This subject is very important for everyone of us and it definitely needs a lot of time to write about it in details but I will try hard to write about its positive and good effects on us briefly

3- ♣ In my point of view, ..... is really serious and harmful nowadays. It may have bad and negative effects on all of us. I think so because .... may bring all the evil to our society.

فى ختام المقال

To sum up: This subject is very important to our beloved country so we should co-operate with each other and with the government to develop it and to benefit from its advantages and overcome its disadvantages.

# Unit Nine

## Vocabulary

### Conservation

الحفاظ على البيئة

By: Mr El Sebael Atteya

|              |                  |             |        |               |               |
|--------------|------------------|-------------|--------|---------------|---------------|
| conserve     | يحفظ             | inhibit     | يمنع   | remove        | يزيل          |
| conservation | حفظ              | inhabitants | السكان | removal       | إزالة         |
| preserve     | يحفظ             | exact       | دقيق   | space         | مكان - فضاء   |
| unique       | فريد             | exactly     | بالضبط | tourism       | السياحة       |
| biodiversity | تنوع             | threat      | تهديد  | coral reef    | شعب مرجانية   |
| plant        | يغرس - يزرع -    | survival    | البقاء | amount        | كمية          |
| endangered   | معرض للخطر       | digital     | رقمي   | souvenir      | تذكارات       |
| monitor      | يراقب            | generation  | جيل    | rubbish       | زباله - نفاية |
| variety      | مجموعة متنوعة    | rewarding   | مجزي   | tidy up       | يرتب          |
| species      | النوع            | cost        | تكلفة  | normal        | طبيعي         |
| slightly     | بدرجة طفيفة      | ensure      | يضمن   | relax         | يستجم         |
| task         | مهمة             | aim         | هدف    | select        | ينتقي         |
| waste        | نفاية - قمامة    | available   | متوفر  | unique        | فريد          |
| recycling    | إعادة تصنيع      | pay         | يدفع   | visible       | مرئي          |
| involved in  | منهمك في         | local       | محلي   | exist         | يوجد          |
| care for     | يهتم بـ          | community   | مجتمع  | existence     | الوجود        |
| progress     | تقدم             | bay         | خليج   | benefit       | فائدة         |
| make sure    | يتأكد            | success     | النجاح | inspire       | يلهم          |
| healthy      | متمتع بالصحة     | a success   | ناجح   | psychological | نفسي          |
| creatures    | مخلوقات          | successful  | ناجح   | arise from    | تنشأ عن       |
| almost       | تقريباً          | realise     | يدرك   | volunteer     | يتطوع         |
| scholarship  | منحة دراسية      | rules       | قواعد  | lead to       | تؤدي إلى      |
| Amazon       | نهر الأمازون     | allow       | يسمح   | in order to   | لكي           |
| rainforest   | غابة مطيرة       | dive        | يغوص   | specific      | محدد          |
| native       | أصلي - ابن البلد | diver       | غواص   | consequently  | ولذلك         |
| inhabit      | يسكن - يقطن      | exotic      | غريب   | impressive    | مبهر          |
| expedition   | بعثة استكشافية   | female      | أنثى   | face          | يواجه         |
| preservative | مادة حافظة       | male        | ذكر    | career        | حياة مهنية    |
| however      | مع ذلك           | power       | سلطة   | scared        | خائف          |
| conclusion   | خاتم             | duty        | واجب   | edge          | حافة          |
| cute         | فاتن             | flat        | مسطح   | purse         | كيس           |
| tusk         | ناب الفيل        | steep       | انحدار | valuable      | قيم           |
| majority     | أغلبية           | blood       | دم     | a jewel       | جوهرة         |
| cure         | يعالج            | cold        | بارد   | lucky         | محظوظ         |
| war          | حرب              | mice        | فئران  | alive         | حي            |
| a lie        | كذبة             | sight       | رؤية   | wild          | بري           |
| is worth     | يستحق            | trust       | يثق    | run           | رؤية          |

### Definitions

|                    |                                                              |  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| biodiversity       | The variety of plants and animals in a particular place.     |  |
| challenging        | interesting but difficult                                    |  |
| native inhabitants | The people who first lived in a country                      |  |
| preserve           | To save something from being harmed or destroyed.            |  |
| preserve           | to store food for a long time after treating it so as not to |  |



|                    |                                                                                               |  |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|                    | decay.                                                                                        |  |
| <b>scholarship</b> | Money that is given to someone by an educational organisation to help pay for their education |  |
| <b>species</b>     | A group of animals or plants whose members are similar                                        |  |
| <b>volunteer</b>   | To work or help someone without being paid                                                    |  |
| <b>expedition</b>  | A long organised journey to an unfamiliar place                                               |  |
| <b>expedition</b>  | A journey to study or know about wildlife                                                     |  |

### Expressions

|                                   |                    |                            |                 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| <b>in conclusion</b>              | في الختام          | <b>make sure</b>           | يتأكد           |
| <b>do research</b>                | يقوم ببحث          | <b>well-known for</b>      | مشهور بـ        |
| <b>in order to / so that</b>      | لكي                | <b>native inhabitants</b>  | السكان الأصليين |
| <b>not only ----- but also</b>    | ليس فقط ولكن أيضا  | <b>rewarding trip</b>      | رحلة مجزية      |
| <b>work on</b>                    | يحسن - يعمل على    | <b>apply for</b>           | يتقدم لـ        |
| <b>make progress</b>              | يحرز تقدم          | <b>future generations</b>  | أجيال قادمة     |
| <b>Unique to</b>                  | ينفرد بـ           | <b>tourist industry</b>    | صناعة السياحة   |
| <b>cure of / for</b>              | يعالج من / علاج لـ | <b>protect from</b>        | يحمي من         |
| <b>the same as</b>                | نفس الشيء          | <b>pay for</b>             | يدفع ثمن        |
| <b>ready for</b>                  | جاهز لـ            | <b>put up signs</b>        | يضع لافتات      |
| <b>provide an opportunity for</b> | يمنح فرصة لـ       | <b>lead to / result in</b> | يؤدي إلى        |
| <b>involved in</b>                | منهمك / متورط في   | <b>arise from</b>          | ينشأ عن         |
| <b>care for / about</b>           | يهتم بـ            | <b>Environmental issue</b> | موضوع بيئي      |

### Synonym

| The word           | الكلمة | Synonym         | المعنى | The word         | الكلمة    | Synonym        | المعنى |
|--------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|------------------|-----------|----------------|--------|
| <b>challenging</b> | صعب    | <b>easy</b>     | سهل    | <b>voluntary</b> | تطوعي     | <b>paid</b>    | مدفوع  |
| <b>majority</b>    | أغلبية | <b>minority</b> | أقلية  | <b>pros</b>      | مزايا     | <b>cons</b>    | عيوب   |
| <b>male</b>        | ذكر    | <b>female</b>   | أنثى   | <b>native</b>    | أبن البلد | <b>foreign</b> | أجنبي  |
| <b>challenging</b> | صعب    | <b>easy</b>     | سهل    | <b>voluntary</b> | تطوعي     | <b>paid</b>    | مدفوع  |

### Antonym

| The word         | الكلمة   | Antonym         | العكس | The word            | الكلمة | Antonym            | العكس   |
|------------------|----------|-----------------|-------|---------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|
| <b>voluntary</b> | تطوعي    | <b>unpaid</b>   |       | <b>Arise from</b>   |        | <b>Come from</b>   | ينشأ عن |
| <b>Result in</b> | يؤدي إلى | <b>Lead to</b>  |       | <b>consequently</b> |        | <b>As a result</b> | ولذلك   |
| <b>native</b>    | أصلي     | <b>original</b> |       | <b>native</b>       |        | <b>citizen</b>     | مواطن   |
| <b>face</b>      | يواجه    | <b>confront</b> |       | <b>preserve</b>     |        | <b>Conserve</b>    | يحفظ    |

### Language Notes

1- كلمات تنتهي بـ **s** في صيغة المفرد والجمع وتصبح جمع عند حذف **a** أو **this**

♦ **a species** / **species** أنواع / نوع ♦ **a means** / **means** وسيلة ♦ **a series** / **series** مسلسل

2-♦ **famous for** = well-known for مشهور بـ ♦ **famous to** = well-known to مشهور لـ

- 3-♦ **gift** هبة (بلا مقابل) ♦ He gives me his pen as a gift  
 ♦ **present** هدية (لها مناسبة) ♦ I have a lot of presents on my birthday .  
 ♦ **prize = award** ♦ Ahmed Zewail won Nobel Prize for chemistry .  
 ♦ **reward** مكافأة ♦ He found a large sum of money and received his reward .

3- - **rise ( rose – risen )** يرتفع – ينهض – تشرق

-The sun rises in the east / Prices rise

- **raise** ( **raised** ) مفعول + يرفع – يربي – يجمع

- raise money / raise cattle / raise your hand

- **arise ( arose – arisen )** ينشأ "Problems arise from lack of money .

- **arouse ( aroused )** يثير مشاعر " arouse ( sympathy / suspicion / feelings )

4- **"challenge"** يتحدى / تحدي **challenging** صعب **unchallenged** مقبول **unchallengeable** ثابت

5- **"conserve"** يحفظ **conservation** حفظ **conservationist** شخص محافظ

6- **"volunteer"** التطوع / متطوع **volunteering** التطوع **voluntary work** عمل تطوعي

7- **"danger"** خطر **dangerous** خطير **endanger** يعرض للخطر **endangered** معرض للخطر

8- **"biochemistry"** كيمياء حيوية **biology** علم الأحياء **biodiversity** التنوع النباتي والحيواني

9- **"unique"** فريد من نوعه **Our coasts have unique beauty** **unique ( special / particular )** مميز

10- **Not only + فعل مساعد + فاعل + فعل أساسي + but also...** (الجملة الثانية تتناسب زمن الجملة الأولى)

-Not only does he come on time but also he is active.

Not only do countries sell goods but also ideas.

Not only has he got a car but also a big house.

Not only did he meet the manager but also he got the job.

He not only helped Ali but he gave him money as well.

%%%%%%%%%%%%%

### LISTENING TEXT

#### Book your conservation volunteer trip today!

Are you interested in conservation? Are you ready for a new **challenge**? If your answer to both of these questions is 'yes', we have some **excellent volunteer programmes** for you.

#### A – New Zealand

Come to **New Zealand** and help us **preserve** the country's **unique biodiversity**. You'll plant trees so that **endangered** birds have a far better **environment** to live in. You'll also help us to **monitor** changes in a variety of plant **species** in different areas. Another slightly more **challenging task** is cleaning beaches and helping to run **recycling** centres where local people can bring their waste.

Twenty-one days / Prices with flights from \$3,799

#### B – Thailand

Here in Thailand, we're involve in caring for elephants who used to take tourists on rides around big cities. You'll monitor these **elephants' progress** as they start their new lives in the forest to make sure that they're healthy and happy. These unique and **beautiful creatures** love to play with our **volunteers** almost as much as they love **having a bath** in the river with them! Fourteen days / Prices with flights from \$2,599

#### C – Brazil

Brazil is well-known for its **amazing biodiversity**. However, the **native inhabitants** of the Amazon face exactly the same threat as the **rainforests** – they are also fighting for their **survival**. You can help the **native inhabitants** to **preserve** their languages in digital form for **future generations**. What is more, you can apply for a **scholarship** for the costs of this **rewarding trip**. Sixteen days / Prices with flights from \$2,599

%%%%%%%%%%%%%

#### Can volunteering benefit young people today?

Several research studies have **proven** that **significant psychological benefits** that can **arise from volunteering**, for people of any age. For young people though, there are many reasons why **volunteering** would **benefit** them. In my opinion, the most important benefit is that it simply makes them feel good about themselves. I believe that a further important benefit is that young people can develop useful **skills** and **valuable experience**. These can prove **extremely useful** not only at school, but also in their **careers**. For example, a **volunteer** job with an organisation may **lead to** paid work. Volunteering could also provide the **opportunity** to find out if working in a certain area would be enjoyable and suitable. The third and final benefit of volunteering is that it gives young people the **opportunity** to make useful contacts. **A majority of volunteers** work together in order to achieve

a specific goal. Consequently, they often get to know each other very well and team leaders may then put volunteers into contact with people who can offer them other interesting opportunities. In conclusion, it is clear that volunteering brings several important benefits for the volunteers involved. However, as I explained above, the most important benefit is the positive effects that volunteering has on the volunteers' mental health.

~~~~~

### We should reward all volunteers

Some people argue that we should reward volunteers by giving them some money for their work. however, I believe that this is not necessary. Why is this?

The definition of to volunteer is to work or help someone without being paid. Many charities need volunteers to help people who have problems or who are very poor. In my opinion, the charities need all the money they receive to help these people. consequently, they do not have enough money to pay volunteers. So why should volunteers work for no money?

Not only do volunteers gain valuable experience from volunteering, but they also teach them skills that they can use in their careers. I believe that voluntary work can eventually lead to a volunteer getting a good job. In conclusion, I would say that there are many benefits that arise from volunteering rather than being paid.

### Exercises

#### 1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- We should take a book or two to read on long, boring.....  
a) journeys      b) trips      c) expeditions      d) missions
- She complained of her boss's inappropriate ..... towards her.  
a) progress      b) aggression      c) behaviour      d) deal
- When he reached the bank, he.....he'd made a mistake.It was a holiday.  
a) forgot      b) organised      c) recognised      d) realised
- ..... is the money that is given to help pay for their education  
a) friendship      b) Scholarship      c) Steamship      d) Hardship
- The Red Sea..... is famous for its fish, corals and beautiful wildlife.  
a) coast      b) beach      c) bank      d) ocean
- An .....is journey to study or know about wildlife.  
a) expansion      b) explanation      c) expedition      d) exclamation
- I admire young people who do ..... work in their communities.  
a) violent      b) terrorist      c) unlawful      d) voluntary
- Climate change has an ..... on food production if other areas become desert.  
a) affect      b) impact      c) effect      d) b & c
- The blue whale is the largest.....that has ever lived on earth.  
a) creature      b) feature      c) pleasure      d) adventure
- The art, beliefs, behaviour and ideas of a particular society or group of people are their.....  
a) industry      b) agriculture      c) commerce      d) culture
- Chemical waste from cars and factories is harmful to the.....  
a) environment      b) involvement      c) excavation      d) space
- The poor child said that he.....terrible conditions after his father's death.  
a) involved      b) fetched      c) faced      d) enjoyed
- The workers are working overtime to finish the engineering.....on time.  
a) task      b) project      c) object      d) process
- Egypt was supposed to make.....in all economic and financial fields  
a) decrease      b) failure      c) effects      d) progress
- Some countries depend on.....because it is very important for their national income.  
a) tours      b) culture      c) tourism      d) terrorism
- The assistant at the gallery pointed out that not one of these paintings is....., but they are copied cleverly.  
a) fake      b) original      c) stolen      d) normal

17. I'll install some cameras in my supermarket to ----- shoplifters.  
a) monitor                      b) amuse                      c) entertain                      d) look
18. ....is the existence of a large number of different kinds of animals and plants which make a balanced environment  
a. biology                      b. biochemistry                      c. **biodiversity**                      d. biodynamic
19. We need to take action to help .....fish stocks in the Nile.  
a) damage                      b) pollute                      c) comply                      d) **preserve**
20. We must keep our armed forces in a constant .....of readiness.  
a) **state**                      b) statue                      c) battle                      d) training
21. Messi's talents make him a truly .....footballer in the world.  
a) common                      b) **unique**                      c) simple                      d) ordinary
22. The poor young man won a .....and got a college education.  
a) race                      b) fair                      c) **scholarship**                      d) tournament
- 23 My cousin lives in a small island off the north .....of Australia.  
a) **coast**                      b) beach                      c) bank                      d) side
24. .... inhabitants are the people who first lived in a country  
a) **Native**                      b) International                      c) Foreign                      d) Aliens
- 25 The word "**similarity**" is an antonym to the word.....  
a) commodity                      b) availability                      c) **variety**                      d) responsibility
- 26 Planning a wedding reception for over 1000 guests will be very .....  
a) challenge                      b) challenged                      c) **challenging**                      d) unchallengeable
27. This .....of desert plant is becoming increasingly  
a) device                      b) **species**                      c) spice                      d) gender
- 28- To ----- is to work or help someone without being paid .  
a) bully                      b) threat                      c) **volunteer**                      d) frighten
29. An ----- is long organised journey to an unfamiliar place.  
a) exotic                      b) **expedition**                      c) exertion                      d) exhortation
- 30- To ----- is to store food for a long time after treating it so as not to decay.  
a) present                      b) spoil                      c) decay                      d) **preserve**
- 31- We should work hard to provide better living conditions for the next -----  
a) generate                      b) gratitude                      c) **generations**                      d) guardians
- 32- The new factory near the river makes water .....in the area worse.  
a) action                      b) money                      c) **pollution**                      d) operation
- 33- ----- is an adjective that means interesting but difficult .  
a) Challenge                      b) **Challenging**                      c) Unchallengeable                      d) Challengeable
34. The hotel has special .....for welcoming disabled people such as stairs and lifts  
a) fabrics                      b) accessories                      c) abilities                      d) **facilities**
- 35- We all appreciate people who try to provide us with their ----- ideas.  
a) negative                      b) positive                      c) significant                      d) **b & c**
36. My parents always .....that I waste much time chatting with my friends online.  
a) **complain**                      b) explain                      c) greet                      d) salute
37. My mother insists that we all should .....a bath before going to bed.  
a) **have**                      b) give                      c) do                      d) devise
- 38- I want to come first to win a ----- to the Oxford University.  
a) medal                      b) **scholarship**                      c) cup                      d) trophy
- 39- Our cultural heritage تراث ثقافي needs permanent -----  
a) **conservation**                      b) conversation                      c) damage                      d) destruction
- 40- Scientists who go on an ----- to forests to help protect animals there.  
a) expectations                      b) exception                      c) expenditure                      d) **expedition**
- 41- We should regard overpopulation as a real ----- hindering our development.  
a) reward                      b) **threat**                      c) value                      d) prize
- 42- Why don't we protect the ----- of in forests and keep the natural balance?  
a) division                      b) disaster                      c) **biodiversity**                      d) affliction
- 43- Most violence ----- from poverty and ignorance .

- a) arises      b) rises      c) comes      d) **a & c**
- 44-Climbing Everest without oxygen tube is ----- task.  
a) an easy      b) a facile      c) **challenging**      d) convenient
- 45 .The word "**guarantee**" is similar in meaning to the word.....  
a) **ensure**      b) injury      c) health      d) inquiry
46. School students collected tons of drinks cans and bottles for...  
a) agriculture      b) exploration      c) invention      d) **recycling**
- 47.It is important to encourage environmental.....and awareness among ordinary people.  
a) accommodation      b) convention      c) **conservation**      d) preparation
48. We live in a/an.....age where everything can be downloaded.  
a) **digital**      b) speedy      c) historical      d) artistic
49. The sea turtle is a/an.....species which needs great efforts to preserve.  
a) extinct      b) **endangered**      c) lasting      d) banishing
- 50.The medicine can be taken in the.....of a liquid or pill.  
a) device      b) figure      c) equation      d)**form**
- 51.The police use modern sets for.....the terrorists in Sinai.  
a) building      b) **monitoring**      c) designing      d) devising
52. A.....is a part of the sea that is partly enclosed by a curve in the land.  
a) cliff      b) **bay**      c) wave      d) ring
53. The young couple hired a professional to help.....their wedding.  
a) popularise      b) realise      c) **organise**      d) recognise
- 54 The Cairo Tower is.....from a faraway area in Cairo and Giza.  
a) realised      b) distant      c) **visible**      d) acceptable
- 55.You should follow the road.....for the city centre so as not to get lost.  
a) projects      b) notes      c) scenes      d) **signs**
56. The police offered a/an.....for any information about the robbery.  
a) present      b) award      c) **reward**      d) prize
57. Used car sales have.....because of the increased cost of new cars.  
a) **risen**      b) raised      c) aroused      d) arisen
58. Mohamed Salah has.....a great success as a professional footballer.  
a) **achieved**      b)applied      c)failed      d)aspired
- 59.A lot of social problems ..... due to poverty and destitution .  
a. **arise**      b. arouse      c. raise      d. rise
60. The food festival was a great occasion for the local.....to get together.  
a) police      b) facility      c) **community**      d) ability
61. Winning the gold medal was the highlight of the Egyptian wrestler, Karam Gaber's.....  
a) job      b) task      c) work      d) **career**
62. The young actor has a lot of.....in the media who help him a lot.  
a)enemies      b) **contacts**      c) facts      d) enemies
63. The volunteers try to reach their.....to collect a million pounds for the new Cancer Hospital.  
a) ability      b) disability      c) **goal**      d) association
- 64.The boy jumped in and swam to the opposite.....of the small lake.  
a) coast      b) **bank**      c) beach      d) harbour
- 65-A .....is a group of animals or plants whose members are similar.  
a) **species**      b) spices      c) pieces      d) spicy
66. Caring..... an elderly relative can be very rewarding..  
a) in      b) of      c) by      d) **for**
- 67-The factory in our area will provide respectable job ----- for many young people  
a) **opportunities**      b) prizes      c) gifts      d) rewards
- 68-Most people are sociable . Most here means ( few - some - **the majority** - minority)
- 69-Smoke (**rises** - raises - arouses - arises ) from uncle Hamid's house.
- 70-Who are the newcomers who ( live - inhibit - **inhabit** - habit ) the house beside yours?
- 71-Everyone should ( ignore - neglect -miss - **face** ) their problems in order to solve them.



- 72-How many criminals are ( **involved** - evolved - revolved - valued ) in the crime?
- 73-The principal مدير of our school ( walks - **runs** - talks - speaks ) it efficiently .
- 74-Can I look at a ( vary - very - **variety** - various ) short- sleeved shirts , please ?
- 75-At the restaurant my friend insisted on ----- for our meals.  
a) paid                      b) **paying**                      c) being paid                      d) b & c
- 76- Stories of Helen Keller and Tah Hussien should ----- all the students .  
a) conspire                      b) hinder                      c) **inspire**                      d) complex
- 77-My teacher has a unique memory . **Unique** here gives the same meaning as-----  
a) strange                      b) special                      c) particular                      d) **b & c**
- 78-Vampire films make my child ( frightening - scary - fear - **scared** )
79. The.....of the students in our class come to school by bus. Only two come by train.  
a) minority                      b) priority                      c) seniority                      d) **majority**
80. Each debate of the two candidates will focus on a.....political issue.  
a) **specific**                      b) discussing                      c) vague                      d) unimportant
81. The rocky soil is.....for planting grapes and similar crops.  
a) suited                      b) **suitable**                      c) possible                      d) perplexed
82. Seven copies of the original book are still known to.....in museums.  
a) resist                      b) persist                      c) **exist**                      d) vanish
- 83.If The economic crisis will surely.....in the loss of a lot of jobs.  
a) reason                      b) consult                      c) sequence                      d) **result**
84. The temperature can reach 40°C in the.....In Upper Egypt especially in summer  
a. **shadow**                      b) shade                      c) figure                      d) moisture
- 85.In the park, children have to.....turns on the swing and other game tools.  
a) **take**                      b) give                      c) add                      d) provide
86. There is an obvious contrast.....the cultures of East and West.  
a) in                      b) **between**                      c) at                      d) for
87. A degree in English could lead ..... a career in journalism  
a) in                      b) at                      c) **to**                      d) for
88. The children should be.....the opportunity to make their own choices.  
a) taken                      b) turned                      c) denied                      d) **given**
89. The company's failure was a direct.....bad management.  
a) **result of**                      b) cause of                      c) reason for                      d) purpose of
90. The adjective "**essential**" is similar in meaning to the adjective.....  
a) vain                      b) minor                      c) common                      d) **necessary**
91. The verb "**agree**" can be the opposite to the verb.....  
a) express                      b) approve                      c) **argue**                      d) excite
92. The manager agreed to.....the employees' salaries.  
a) **raise**                      b) rise                      c) arise                      d) arouse
93. Some world.....are meeting online to consider the plan for facing COVID-19 pandemic.  
a) readers                      b) citizens                      c) **leaders**                      d) clients
94. Our teacher always tries to make his lessons.....for all students.  
a) avoidable                      b) **enjoyable**                      c) detestable                      d) perplexing
95. Sleep disorders are a serious.....problem, but they aren't very hard to cure  
a) physical                      b) herbal                      c) **psychological**                      d) scientific
- 96-Do you think teaching is a ( **rewarding** - award - reward - challenge ) proession?

## Grammar

used to + inf. اعتاد أن

{ used to + ( مصدر الفعل ) } = was in the habit of ( ing ) اعتاد أن

تعبّر عن روتين أو عادة منتظمة في الماضي ولكن لم تعد تحدث الآن .

- I **used to eat** breakfast before I **went** to school.
- My father **used to work** in a bank, but now he works in an office.
- He **used to swim** every day. Now he **doesn't** ( swim ).
- He **used to be** late all the time. Now, he **isn't** ( late ).

**didn't use to + مصدر**

في حالة النفي نستخدم:

- I **didn't use to** play computer games, but now I do.

**did + use to + مصدر + فاعل**

في حالة السؤال نستخدم:

- Did you use to walk to school?      - Where did you use to live?

نستخدم **no longer** بدلا من **used to** ويأتي بعدها الفعل في المضارع البسيط:

- He **used to smoke**. = He **no longer smokes**.

نستخدم **any more / any longer** بدلا من **used to** مع نفي الفعل في المضارع البسيط وتأتي في نهاية الجملة:

- He **used to smoke**. = He **doesn't smoke any more**.

**used to = It was my habit to ..... / I was in / got the habit of .....**

كما يمكن التعبير عن عادة في الماضي باستخدام **(was / were used to v.ing)**.

- I **was used to eating** breakfast before I **went** to school.

He **was used to loud noise**

**I visited my uncle last week .** ( **used** نستخدم الماضي البسيط عند تحديد وقت ماضي ولا نستخدم )

### في حالة المضارع

معتاد على - **( be / get / become ) + ( used to / accustomed to ) + ( v + ing )**

I'm **used to playing** football

- He **is used coming** on time .

- She **becomes used to eating** vegetables

- He **is accustomed to drinking** black coffee

نستخدم ( المصدر / used to + المصدر ) للحدث عن أحداث متكررة في الماضي

- A lot of people **would / used to live** in the desert.

- When I was young , I **always used to help** my mother

- When Ali was nine , he **would always help** his mother

- When she was young , she **( would ) ( used to ) cry** easily .

- My mother **used to / would buy me** nice clothes when I was young.

الاختلاف بين ( **used to - would** )

نستخدم ( **used to** ) ولا نستخدم ( **would** ) لوصف حالة الماضية أي مع الأفعال التقريرية (0) أفعال الحواس والشعور و..... مثل:

**.be / have / love / hate / enjoy / want / wish / weigh / hear / cost / deserve / understand / feel)**

I **used to be** lazy .

- We **used to have** a big car

- He **used to enjoy** travelling.

They **used to own** a big house

نستخدم ( **used to** ) ولا نستخدم ( **would** ) في النفي والاستفهام

- . Did you use to play football ?      I didn't use to get up early on Saturdays

نستخدم ( **used to** ) ولا نستخدم ( **would** ) مع أحداث استمرت في الماضي لفترة من الوقت ولم تعد تحدث

1. Last week, Ali worked for 20 hours. In the past, people ..... to work much longer hours.  
a) uses                      b) used                      c) use                      d) using
2. My father .....in Alexandria when he was a boy  
a) lived                      b) used to live                      c) is used to living                      d) use to live
3. In the past, people .....to work long hours.  
a) used                      b) doesn't use                      c) isn't used                      d) don't use
4. My father .....live in Alexandria when he was a boy.  
a) uses                      b) used to                      c) isn't used to                      d) is using
5. Wafaa used to wear glasses but now she .....  
a) does                      b) doesn't                      c) isn't                      d) didn't
6. When he got married, he .....to Cairo  
a) moved                      b) used to move                      c) use to move                      d) is used to moving
7. where did you ..... for your holidays when you were a child?  
a) went                      b) used to go                      c) is used to going                      d) use to go
8. Did you .....to study chemistry?  
a) uses                      b) used                      c) use                      d) using
9. A knife is used to .....things.  
a) cut                      b) cutting                      c) cuts                      d) be cut
10. He stopped .....he no longer go to school.  
a) to go                      b) going                      c) went                      d) to going
11. My father .....to live in Tanta when he was young.  
a) uses                      b) used                      c) using                      d) use
12. My brother is used to .....the poor.  
a) help                      b) helping                      c) helped                      d) helps
13. He was in the habit of .....hard.  
a) work                      b) works                      c) worked                      d) working
14. How long did they .....to spend abroad?  
a) use                      b) used                      c) uses                      d) using
15. Did he use to arrive early? - yes, he .....  
a) did                      b) do                      c) does                      d) has
16. She used to have long hair but now she .....  
a) isn't                      b) doesn't                      c) wasn't                      d) didn't
17. Many hundreds of years ago, people ..... for goods using salt instead of money.  
a) had paid                      b) were paying                      c) used to pay                      d) uses to pay
18. My brother ..... have a beard but now he only has a moustache.  
a) is used to                      b) no longer                      c) used to                      d) used
19. He used to be thin, but now he.....  
a) isn't                      b) doesn't                      c) wasn't                      d) didn't
20. The knife is used to.....meat and other food.  
a) cut                      b) cutting                      c) have cut                      d) cuts
21. My father is used to.....He doesn't want to give it up.

- a) smoke                      b) smoking                      c) smokes                      d) smoked
22. .... to go to bed early when you were young?
- a) Did you use                      b) Did you used                      c) Do you use                      d) Do you used
23. He .....eating out as he doesn't enjoy cooking at home.
- a) is used to                      b) was used                      c) is used for                      d) no longer
24. She .....writes to us.
- a) used to                      b) no longer                      c) any longer                      d) is used to
25. When I was younger I .....enjoy swimming, but now I really love it!
- a) didn't used to                      b) didn't use to                      c) wasn't                      d) hadn't
26. He.....spending all his free time writing.
- a) used to                      b) no longer                      c) doesn't use                      d) is used to
27. When I was young, I used to ..... swimming every weekend.
- a) went                      b) go                      c) gone                      d) had gone
28. Ali .....spend his free time playing computer games, but now he prefers reading books.
- a) was                      b) didn't used to                      c) used to                      d) uses to
29. When I was young, we ..... to live in Luxor.
- a) use                      b) used                      c) uses                      d) are using
30. Hala used to be thin , but now she .....
- a) doesn't                      b) hasn't                      c) isn't                      d) is
31. Maha used to wear glasses but now she.....
- a) does                      b) doesn't                      c) isn't                      d) didn't
32. He used to be a famous singer, but now he.....
- a) isn't                      b) doesn't                      c) couldn't                      d) shouldn't
33. Mr Hassan.....football. He still plays football.
- a) didn't use to play                      b) played                      c) used to play                      d) is used to playing
34. When she was young, she ..... to like going to bed early.
- a) uses                      b) doesn't use                      c) isn't used                      d) didn't use
35. The printer is used for.....paper.
- a) print                      b) printing                      c) prints                      d) printed
36. ....Mona used to living in the countryside?
- a) Did                      b) Has                      c) Does                      d) Is
- 37- He ..... need much sleep, but he does now
- a) didn't use to                      b) isn't used to                      c) used                      d) uses
- 38-What games did you .....to play with your friends?
- a) used to                      b) used                      c) are used                      d) use
- 39- I once used to ..... the newspaper every day. Now I don't have the time.
- a) reading                      b) read                      c) was reading                      d) had read
- 40-I..... the newspaper every day. Now I don't have the time.
- a) am reading                      b) used to read                      c) reads                      d) was reading
- 41-Mr Zaki was shocked when he joined our company as he .....to do much work every day.
- a) wasn't used                      b) didn't use                      c) used                      d) was used
- 42-Maher ..... smoke a lot but now he's given up completely!
- a) used                      b) used to                      c) got used to                      d) was used to
- 43-Before I became a vegetarian, I was used to ..... a lot of meat.
- a) eat                      b) eating                      c) ate                      d) eats
- 44-Did you ..... write poems when you were young?
- a) use to                      b) used to                      c) used                      d) get used to
- 45- I( **used to-didn't use to -was used to -was using** ) the cold weather in winter.
- 47-Our school have more equipment than they( **used to- used to be-was used to -uses** )
- 48.I..... .. the cold weather of Canada.
- a. used to                      b. didn't use to                      c. was used to                      d. was using
- 49- I no longer play tennis as I .....
- a am used                      b am used to                      c used to                      d used
- 50-They.....to spend the feast with us every year until we moved.
- a. use                      b. are used                      c have used                      d. used
- 51-John is used to ( drive – drives - driving – driven ) a ten-year-old small car,
- 52- He used to play football but now he ( didn't – don't – doesn't – does ).

- 53-I ( didn't use - used - used to - use ) to play computer games, but now I play them
- 54-When I was in Alexandria, I ( am - was - were - is ) used to going swimming every day.
- 55-He used to be naughty but now he ( didn't - doesn't - isn't - does )
- 56-They ( didn't use to - weren't used to - used to - use to ) that noise .
- 57-I used to be late but now I ( don't - doesn't - isn't - am not ) late any more
- 58-Not only ----- well but he also scored a fantastic goal.
- a) he played                      b) played he                      c) did he play                      d) he did play.
- 59-The hammer is used to ( hit - hitting - hits - for hitting ) nails
- 60-There ( used to - would - were used to - uses to ) be a school here.
- 61-He was in the ( habit - used to - custom - customs ) of smoking.
- 62- ( No sonooer- Not Only- Hardly- When ) had he met Ali than he gave him the book.
- 63-( No sonooer- Not Only- Hardly- When ) did he meet Ali, but also he gave him the book
64. Not only ( did- do- had - are ) countries sell goods but also ideas.
65. I ..... like my toys a lot, but I haven't played with them for a long time now
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
66. I loved going to my grandmother as se she ..... cook amazing dishes every time we visited her
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) uses to                      d) didn't use to
67. She ..... live in London before the war, then she moved to New York
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
68. I remember we ..... go fishing every morning when I was a child. It was great. Now, I am an accountant and I don't have any free time
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) get used to                      d) didn't use to
69. He ..... be a very good tennis player, until he broke his ankle
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
70. My grandfather .....swim in this river when he was young. Unfortunately, now it's forbidden
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) a & c
71. The children ..... often help me to make a cake. They still do sometimes.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) a & c
72. Do you remember how your Uncle ..... sit in that chair and smoke those disgusting cigars?
- a) would be                      b) was used to                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
73. Your mother ..... have a pony when she was a young girl.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
74. For years, they ..... go on holiday to Sharm, but then it became very fashionable and, hence, expensive.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) a & c
75. Ten years ago, I ..... a diary every day but then I got bored with doing it and I stopped. Maybe it was my life that was boring.
- a) would write                      b) wouldn't write                      c) use to write                      d) wrote
76. At the start of their marriage, they ..... be very happy - but then it all went wrong.
- a) used to                      b) wouldn't                      c) would                      d) didn't use to
77. You ..... spell so well. Whatever happened.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
78. When we had a serious argument, Samy and I ..... talk to each other for weeks
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) wasn't use to
79. When I was five, I ..... be able to do incredible gymnastics. Now I can't even touch my toes
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
80. I ..... share an apartment with a friend, but then I moved out. I have my own place now.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
81. I ..... like him much when we were at school, but now we're friends.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
82. My mom ..... buy me what I wanted but since she is on vacation now, I have to beg my dad for everything
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) is used to                      d) didn't use to
83. My father ..... get me everything I wanted, but he has been neglecting me lately
- a) would be                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
84. On Fridays, after his football match, Adel ..... often feel exhausted.
- a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
85. Before getting my driving licence, I ..... ride a bicycle everywhere.
- a) would b) didn't use to c) used to d) a & c



86. I ..... always lose when I played chess with my father.  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) get used to                      d) didn't use to
87. He ..... walk along the beach every evening before bed  
a) wouldn't                      b) would                      c) use to                      d) didn't use to
89. She ..... love playing badminton before she hurt her hand.  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
90. We ..... go to the same little café for lunch every day when I was a student.  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) a & c
91. kids ..... talk to their parents this way, what has happened to those days.  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
92. I ..... have short hair when I was a teenager  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
93. My family ..... often go to the countryside for the weekend when I was young  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) using to                      d) didn't use to
94. When I was a child, I ..... like peanuts but now I don't.  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
95. In the morning he ..... sitting on the front balcony and reading.  
a) was used to                      b) wouldn't have been                      c) would                      d) didn't use to
96. My grandfather ..... drink a cup of coffee after dinner every night.  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) get used to                      d) doesn't use to
97. She ..... be able to sing very well.  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
98. Ice-cream ..... taste that good, but I can't stop eating it now.  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
99. He ..... be in the team, but he's gradually drifted out of the picture.  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
100. When I was five, I ..... be able to do incredible gymnastics. Now I can't even touch my toes  
a) would                      b) didn't use to                      c) wouldn't                      d) used to
101. This spray is used ..... mosquitos.  
a) to killing                      b) to kill                      c) killing                      d) kill
102. I ..... like him. Yes, but now I hate him.  
a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) used to                      d) didn't use to
103. We ..... living in this climate.  
a) are using to                      b) used to                      c) are used to                      d) use to

### COMPARATIVE PHRASES

Use ( exactly the same as ) to say that there is no difference between two things:

♣ Your bag is exactly the same as my bag. لا يوجد فرق بين الحقيبتين

♣ My father does exactly the same job as your father.

Use almost as ---- as or slightly / a bit / a little ... than to say that there is a small difference

♣ I'm almost as tall as my brother. يوجد فرق طفيف

♣ We're almost as good at maths as you.

♣ The trip to New Zealand is slightly more expensive than the trip to Brazil.

Use far / a lot / much ... than to say that there is a big difference: اختلاف كبير

♣ In my opinion, working on a farm is far more interesting than counting plants.

♣ My friend's father is a lot older than his mother .

1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Reham thinks that her friend is ..... than her

a) slightly prettier    b) more pretty    c) more prettier    d) pretty

2. My house is exactly ..... as my neighbour's.

a) wide    b. wider    c) the same width    d) the same wide

3 Toyota is ..... fast as Peugeot. exactly

a) almost as    b) exactly    c) almost    d) slightly as

wood is ..... than gold, but in some cases it is more useful.

a) cheapest    b) more cheaper    c) as cheap    d) far cheaper

4. He usually.....late for the training sessions when he was a member in the team. a) arrive  
b) arrives c) used to arrive d) arrived
5. When we were on holiday, we.....up early every day and spend all day on the beach.  
a) get b) would get c) got d) will get
6. My brother.....an actor when he was a student  
a) had been b) would be c) didn't used to be d) used to be
7. The teacher was angry with Galal because he asked..... question as his friend  
a) slightly as same b) far the same c) exactly same d) exactly the
8. Your marks are ..... mine.  
a) almost good as b) almost as good as c) good as d) slightly good
9. When I visited the city centre, it was .....less crowded than usual.  
a) slightly b) more c) so d) as
10. To me, English is..... than physics.  
a) easy b) much easy c) far easier d) almost easier
11. Mr Osama is wearing .....the same suit as me.  
a) far b) slightly c) much d) exactly
12. My new flat is..... as the old one.  
a) slightly as wide b) slightly wider c) almost as wide d) so wide
13. The exam was slightly..... than I expected.  
a) easier b) as easy c) much easier d) easy
14. Ali is loved by all as he is..... patient than his brothers.  
a) as b) far more c) so d) more much
15. Whenever we stay at this hotel, we sleep exactly in.....room.  
a) the same b) same c) the same as d) as the same
16. Petrol is .....expensive as it was last year.  
a) slightly than b) almost than c) almost d) almost as
17. Can you walk more slowly?  
a) almost b) such c) slightly d) lot
18. It's strange to find that BMW is exactly the same..... price Toyota.  
a) than b) as c) from d) at
19. Their house is almost two times as big .....ours.  
a) as b) than c) of d) to
20. Going by train is slightly.....than driving.  
a) much expensive b) expensive c) more expensive d) as expensive
21. It's.....cheaper to drive than go by plane.  
a) almost b) as c) more d) far
22. Not only ----- well but he also scored a fantastic goal.  
a) he played b) played he c) did he play d) he did play.
23. The hammer is used to ( hit - hitting - hits - for hitting ) nails
24. There ( used to - would - were used to - uses to ) be a school here.
25. He was in the ( habit - used to - custom - customs ) of smoking.
26. She has a ( bit - much - many - far ) long hair than her sister.
27. My mother and my father has the same ( tall - high - height - long )
28. English is ( much - more - many - few ) more difficult than French .
29. Did she ( got used to - become used to - use to - used to ) playing the drum ?
30. The Europeans ( didn't use to - used t- are used - are used to ) cold weather
31. My mobile is the same ( to - like - as - such ) your mobile.
32. Not only ----- he injured in the accident but he was also taken to hospital.  
a) he did b) was he c) is he d) did he.
33. Not only ( did- had- was- does ) Ali come to school but also he met his friends.

**Choose the best translation:**

**1- لا توجد أي مشكلة بدون حل لذلك يجب علينا أن نعمل بجد وإخلاص لإيجاد كل الحلول الممكنة لمشاكلنا**

- 1- There is no problem without a solution, so we have to work seriously and sincerely to find all possible solutions to our problems.
- 2- There is no problem without a solution, so we have to work hardly and sincerely to find all possible answers to our problems.
- 3- There is not no problem without a solution, so we have to work seriously and sincerity to find all possible answers to our problems.
- 4- There is not any problem without an answer, so we have to work hardly and sincerely to find all possible solutions to our problems.

**2- تساعد المنظمات الخيرية الفقراء وتساهم في علاج المرضى وتشجع على إقامة المشروعات الصغيرة**

- 1- Charitable organizations help the poor, participate in treating patients and encourage them to set up small projects.
- 2- Charitable societies help the poor and contribute in curing patients and encourage them to set up small projects.
- 3- Charitable societies help the poor and participate in healing patients and encourage them to set up small projects.
- 4- Charity organizations help the poor and share in treating patients and courage them to build small projects.

**3- الدولة التي تعطي كل اهتمامها للشباب تسير نحو الاتجاه الصحيح والتقدم والرخاء**

- 1- The country that gives all its attention to young people is moving towards the right direction, progress and prosperity.
- 2- The country gives all its intention to youth moves towards the correct directive and welfare.
- 3- The country which gives all its attention to young people has moved towards the right direct, progress and prosperity.
- 4- The country which is giving all its attention to youth will walk towards the correct direct and welfare.

**4- إن تشييد طرق سريعة وطرق جانبية حول المدينة سوف تساعد على تقليل اختناقات المرور في المدن**

- 1- Constructing more motorways and by-passes will help to reduce traffic jams in cities.
- 2- Construction more motorways and by-passes will help to reduce traffic crosses in cities.
- 3- Construct more motorways and by-passes helps to reduce traffic jams in cities.
- 4- Constructing more motorways and by-passes will help to less traffic mess in cities.

**Choose the right answers**

**1- Many people say that they are too busy to go swimming or to play football. But they don't have to do special exercise to be fit. In this case, walking or even cleaning the house is just as good for them as practicing games.**

1. بعض الناس يقولون أهم مشغولون بالسباحة أو لعب كرة السلة ولكن يمارسون التمارين الرياضية تجعلهم لائقين بدنيا وفي هذه الحالة فإن المشي أو حتي تنظيف المنزل يعتبر مفيدا لهم كممارسة الرياضة
2. بعض الناس يقولون أهم مشغولون بالسباحة أو لعب كرة القدم ولكن لا يمارسون التمارين الرياضية تجعلهم لائقين بدنيا وفي هذه الحالة فإن المشي أو حتي تنظيف المنزل يعتبر مفيدا لهم كممارسة الألعاب
3. بعض الناس يقولون أهم مشغولون بالسباحة أو لعب كرة السلة ولكن لا يمارسون التمارين الألعاب تجعلهم لائقين بدنيا وفي هذه الحالة فإن المشي أو حتي تنظيف المنزل يعتبر مفيدا لهم كممارسة الرياضة
4. بعض الناس يقولون أهم مشغولون بالسباحة أو لعب كرة السلة ولكن لا يمارسون التمارين الألعاب تجعلهم لائقين فنيا وفي هذه الحالة فإن المشي أو حتي تنظيف المنزل يعتبر مفيدا لهم كممارسة الألعاب

**2-People nowadays need to understand that learning must be lifelong. This is necessary because the world of work is changing very fast. To remain employable, people must always look ahead and learn new knowledge and skills.**

1. يحتاج الناس هذه الايام الى إدراك أن التعليم يجب أن يكون مدى الحياة وهذا ضروريا لان عالم العمل يتغير بسرعة كبيرة ولكي تظل موظفا يجب أن يبحث العاملون ويتعلموا معرفة ومهارات جديدة.
2. يحتاج الناس هذه الايام الى إدراك أن التعليم يجب أن يكون مدى الحياة وهذا ليس ضروريا لان عالم العمل يتغير بسرعة كبيرة ولكي تظل موظفا يجب أن يبحث العاملون ويتعلموا معرفة ومهارات جديدة.
3. يحتاج الناس هذه الايام الى إدراك أن الثقافة يجب أن يكون مدى الحياة وهذا ضروريا لان عالم العمل يتغير بسرعة كبيرة ولكي تظل موظفا يجب أن يبحث العاملون ويتعلموا معرفة ومهارات جديدة.
4. يحتاج الناس هذه الايام الى إدراك أن التعليم يجب أن يكون مدى الحياة وهذا ضروريا لان عالم العمل يتغير بسرعة قليلة ولكي تظل موظفا يجب أن يبحث العاملون ويتعلموا معرفة ومهارات قديمة.

**3-Health is a splendid blessing that completes our happiness. It's worthy saying that we can't really enjoy our life if we are unhealthy. Healthy people are always proud of what they can achieve in the fields of sports and hard work. For an unhealthy person life is no more pain and suffering.**

1. إن الثروة نعمة جميلة والتي تكمل سعادتنا وهي تستحق القول بأننا لا يمكن أن نستمتع بحياتنا إذا كنا غير أصحاء. فالأصحاء يفخرون بما يحققونه في مجال الرياضة والعمل الشاق فبالنسبة للإنسان المريض الحياة ماهي الا مجرد الام ومعاياه
2. إن الصحة نعمة جميلة والتي تكمل سعادتنا وهي تستحق القول بأننا لا يمكن أن نستمتع بحياتنا إذا كنا غير أصحاء. فالأصحاء يفخرون بما يحققونه في مجال الرياضة والعمل الشاق فبالنسبة للإنسان المريض الحياة ماهي الا مجرد الام ومعاياه
3. إن الصحة نعمة جميلة والتي تكمل سعادتنا وهي تستحق القول بأننا لا يمكن أن نستمتع بحياتنا إذا كنا غير أصحاء. فالأصحاء يفخرون بما يحققونه في مجال الرياضة والعمل السهل فبالنسبة للإنسان المريض الحياة ماهي الا مجرد الام ومعاياه
4. إن الصحة نعمة جميلة والتي تكمل سعادتنا وهي تستحق القول بأننا يمكن أن نستمتع بحياتنا إذا كنا غير أصحاء. فالأصحاء يفخرون بما يحققونه في مجال الرياضة والعمل الشاق فبالنسبة للإنسان المريض الحياة ماهي الا مجرد الام وسعاده

**4- Education for all. All means men and women, the old and the young, the rich and the poor and the educated and the uneducated in both rural and urban communities. Everyone needs education suitable for the age, its changes and its requirements so that they may contribute to education and benefit from it throughout their lives**

1. التعليم للجميع ونعني للجميع أي للرجال والنساء الكبار والصغار الاغنياء والفقراء المتعلمون وغير المتعلمون في كل المجتمعات الحضرية والصحراوية . فكل فرد يريد تعليمًا يناسب عمره بمتغيراته ومتطلباته حتى يمكنه أن يسهم في التعليم ويستفيد منه خلال حياته
2. التعليم للجميع ونعني للجميع أي للرجال والنساء الكبار والصغار الاغنياء والفقراء المتعلمون وغير المتعلمون في كل المجتمعات الحضرية والريفية . فكل فرد يريد تعليمًا يناسب عمره بمسؤولياته ومتطلباته حتى يمكنه أن يسهم في التعليم ويستفيد منه خلال حياته
3. التعليم للجميع ونعني للجميع أي للرجال والنساء الكبار والصغار الاغنياء والفقراء المتعلمون وغير المتعلمون في كل المجتمعات الحضرية والريفية . فكل فرد يريد تعليمًا يناسب عمره بمتغيراته ومتطلباته حتى يمكنه أن يستفيد من التعليم ويستفيد منه خلال حياته
4. التعليم للجميع ونعني للجميع أي للرجال والنساء الكبار والصغار الاغنياء والفقراء المتعلمون وغير المتعلمون في كل المجتمعات الحضرية والريفية . فكل فرد يريد تعليمًا يناسب عمره بمتغيراته ومتطلباته حتى يمكنه أن يسهم في التعليم ويستفيد منه خلال حياته

### اختبار علي الوحدة التاسعة

#### - Choose the correct answer

- 1-We must protect the ----- of animals and plants in the forest.  
a) biodiversity      b) scholarship      c) expedition      d) monitor
- 2- Put this meat in the fridge in order to ( decay – spoil – preserve – serve ) it.
- 3-The American University provides ----- for top students.  
a) hardships      b) scholarship      c) horsemanship      d) preservation
- 4- They will go on an ----- to study wildlife in the forest.  
a) biodiversity      b) scholarship      c) expedition      d) monitor
- 5 -The lion is one of the ( diversity – species – pieces - pets ) whose life is endangered .
- 6 -He speaks English as well as the ( native – naive – nerve – naval ) inhabitants.
- 7 -Women are fond of wearing expensive and valuable -----  
a) jam      b) jewels      c) duty      d) scare
- 8- The charity in our street needs many young people to work as -----  
a) values      b)vulgar      c) volunteers      d)vegetarian
- 9-Mona ( cooked – used to cook –cooks – was used to cooking ) our lunch yesterday
- 10-My friend used to make noise but now he ( isn't – doesn't – didn't – wasn't ).
- 11-He is ( slightly – a lot - much – more ) taller than me . He is 2 cm taller than me.
- 12-Home expenses ( were used to – would - used to – is used to ) be cheap.
- 13-What did you ( use to – used to – use – would ) to do when you were young
- 14-The mobile is ( less – little – more – farther ) lighter than the tablet.
- 15-He used to go to the cinema but now he doesn't go to the cinema -----  
a) any longer      b) no longer      c) no more      d) longer
- 16-She is ill , ( however – Consequently – Because – Although ) , she won't go to work

#### 2) Read the passage then answer the questions:

Have you ever wondered what it would be like to live in space? It's more complicated than you might think. But it's also interesting. The most important thing to remember about living in space is that there is no gravity. That means that astronauts can't do a lot of the things that we take for granted. For example, astronauts can't pour themselves a cup of juice the way you can. Why? Because gravity makes the juice pour from the bottle into your cup. Astronauts can't lie on beds and sleep the way you do because gravity is what holds you to your bed. So how do astronauts live in space? Eating in space is like eating on Earth in some ways. Food like rice and mashed potatoes sticks to spoons and forks , so it doesn't float away. Other foods come in cans or packages. So they don't float away, either. But in order to eat, astronauts strap themselves into chairs or use footholds to stay in one place. Meal trays can be strapped to an astronaut's legs or attached to a wall. What about sleeping? There is no gravity in space, so astronauts do not have to sleep on beds or

the floor. They can sleep anywhere they want, and they can sleep in any position they want. They simply strap their sleeping bags to a wall, a seat, or a bunk bed. That way, they don't float around and bump into things while they are asleep. Do astronauts get to have any fun in space? They certainly do! Astronauts are very busy people. They have jobs to do, and they work hard. But they also need to relax sometimes. Astronauts get to talk to their families on a video call once a week. They also get to stay in touch by email. Astronauts can bring checkers, chess, and other games with them. Some even bring musical instruments.

**1- Which of these questions is not answered in this text?**

- a) How do astronauts eat in space?      b) How do astronauts do their work?  
c) How are foods kept in space?      d) How can astronauts stay in touch with their families

**2- Which question reflects an appropriate purpose for reading?**

- a) How can I go in space?      b) What is life in space really like?  
c) Why do you travel to space?      d) Do astronauts like playing games?

**3- The author likely feels that astronauts are .....**

- a. interesting      b. unkind      c. depressed      d. moderate

**4- Which do astronauts not need in space?**

- a. a place to sleep      b. food      c. using emails      d. umbrella

**5- Why do you think chairs and tables are attached to the floors and walls in space stations?**

- a) So they will not float around      d) So they will stay clean      c) Not to walk      d) Not to be stolen

**6- How is life in space different from life on Earth?**

- a) There is no gravity on space.      b) Astronauts do not like to be in space.  
c. Astronauts love their lives      d) They don't eat preserved food

**7- Which statement about living in space is most accurate?**

- a) Living in space would be like living on Earth.  
b) Living in space would be different as there is no gravity.  
c) Living in space would be like living in water  
d) Living in space is easy as they breathe a lot of gases

**3) Choose the best translation**

1. بالإضافة إلى الاهتمام بتطوير البنية التحتية وإنشاء العديد من المشروعات القومية، تنفذ الحكومة المصرية سياسه إصلاح اقتصادي طويلة الأمد، ومن المتوقع أن نستمتع بنتائج تلك السياسة في المستقبل القريب

- a. In addition to the interest in developing infrastructure and establishing many private projects, the Egyptian government hopes for a short-term social reform policy. It is expected that we will enjoy the results of this policy in the near future.  
b. In addition to the interest in developing infrastructure and establishing many national projects, the Egyptian government is implementing a long-term economic reform policy. It is expected that we will enjoy the results of this policy in the near future.  
c. In addition to the interest in developing infrastructure and establishing many investment projects, the Egyptian government is planning for a longterm scientific reform policy. It is thought that we will enjoy the results of this policy in the near future.  
d. In addition to the interest in developing infrastructure and establishing many national projects, the Egyptian government is implementing a long-term scientific reform policy. It is accepted that we will enjoy the results of this policy in the near future.

**2. A lot of businesses allow you to earn more money online by performing different activities that computers cannot do, such as analysing and rating web content.**

- a. تسمح لك الكثير من الأعمال بكسب المزيد من المال عبر الإنترنت من خلال القيام بأنشطة صعبة لا تستطيع أجهزة الكمبيوتر القيام بها ، مثل جمع بيانات محتوى الويب وتقييمهم.  
b. تسمح لك الكثير من الأعمال بكسب المزيد من المال عبر الإنترنت من خلال القيام بأنشطة مختلفة لا تستطيع أجهزة الكمبيوتر القيام بها ، مثل برمجة محتوى الويب وتقديمهم  
c. تسمح لك الكثير من الأعمال بممارسة المزيد من الهوايات عبر الإنترنت من خلال القيام بأنشطة مختلفة لا تستطيع أجهزة الكمبيوتر القيام بها ، مثل تحليل محتوى صفحة علي الانترنت وتقييمها.  
d. تسمح لك الكثير من الأعمال بكسب المزيد من المال عبر الإنترنت من خلال القيام بأنشطة مختلفة لا تستطيع أجهزة الكمبيوتر القيام بها ، مثل تحليل محتوى صفحة علي الانترنت وتقييمها.

**4) Write an essay of about 180 words about:**

1- " Global warming"

2- Hostile environments



## Units 7-9

**1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.**

- 1 Young children are not very ..... and need a lot of help and support.  
 A independent                      B well-known                      C deceived                      D ruined
- 2 Hi, Mum, the bus is late, could you ..... me up from the park?  
 A take                      B put                      C give                      D pick
- 3 People in Scotland speak English, but you might ..... to understand them sometimes as their English sounds different.  
 A apologise                      B struggle                      C beg                      D insist
- 4 There has been a big ..... in the number of people using mobile phones in recent years.  
 A determination                      B grow                      C expansion                      D upload
- 5 The new hotel has lots of modern ....., including a gym and swimming pool.  
 A facilities                      B species                      C objects                      D innovators
- 6 Seoul in South Korea has one of the longest underground rail ..... in the world.  
 A paths                      B nets                      C works                      D networks
- 7 My grandmother often puts fruit in jars with lots of sugar to ..... them.  
 A reserve                      B preserve                      C prevent                      D serve
- 8 Judy hopes to get a ..... so that she can study at a really good university.  
 A scholarship                      B money                      C help                      D price
- 9 The train ..... at six o'clock, so we'd better go to the station now.  
 A left                      B is leaving                      C has left                      D will have left
- 10 When Tarek was younger he ..... that he lived in a house by the sea!  
 A use to wish                      B wish                      C will wish                      D used to wish
- 11 Did your grandfather ..... in a bank when he was younger?  
 A used to work                      B use to work                      C to work                      D working
- 12 Dina's sister is ..... the same height as her!  
 A very                      B far                      C exactly                      D more
- 13 When the next tourist goes into the museum, a thousand tourists ..... it this year!  
 A will have visited                      B will visit                      C are going to visit                      D visit
- 14 My brother ..... when I do my homework and it makes me angry!  
 A is always singing                      B always sang                      C is singing                      D used to sing
- 15 Come to my house at eight o'clock because I ..... my school project by then.  
 A am finishing                      B have finished                      C will have finished                      D finish
- 16 This book is brilliant, it is ..... than the last book he wrote!  
 A slightly worse                      B far better                      C almost better                      D not better

**4- Write an essay of about 150 words on one of the following:**

- a) Education reform
- b) Reading literature and its effect on people

# Unit 1

## Vocabulary

### The news

By: Mr El Sebael Atteya

|               |               |              |              |               |            |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|------------|
| search engine | محرك بحث      | record       | يسجل         | accurate      | دقيق       |
| source        | مصدر          | incident     | حادث         | accuracy      | دقة        |
| reporter      | مراسل         | spill        | يسكب         | journalist    | صحفي       |
| editor        | رئيس تحرير    | checker      | فاحص         | journalism    | صحافة      |
| interview     | يجري مقابلة   | the public   | الجمهور      | launch        | يطلق       |
| photographer  | مصور          | admit        | يعترف        | creation      | خلق        |
| newsreader    | قاري أخبار    | serious      | خطير         | adults        | الكبار     |
| broadcast     | يبث - يرسل    | print        | يطبع         | teenage       | مراهقة     |
| objects       | أشياء         | research     | يبحث         | teenager      | مراهق      |
| fear          | يخشى          | identify     | يتعرف        | brilliant     | رائع       |
| social media  | تواصل اجتماعي | sunrise      | شروق         | report        | تقرير      |
| accept        | يقبل          | sunset       | غروب         | involved      | متورط      |
| unreliable    | غير جدير      | offer        | يعرض         | emergency     | طوارئ      |
| sites         | مواقع         | island       | جزيرة        | call for      | يطلب       |
| necropolis    | مقبرة كبيرة   | firefighter  | رجل مطافي    | tone          | نبرة الصوت |
| sculpture     | تمثال         | channel      | قناة         | speed         | السرعة     |
| range         | سلسلة - مدي   | corresponden | مراسل        | pronounce     | ينطق       |
| erect         | يشيد          | headline     | عنوان        | pronunciation | نطق        |
| create        | يخلق - يبدع   | investigate  | يحقق         | satellite     | قمر صناعي  |
| edition       | طبعة          | investigator | محقق         | Fix / mend    | يصلح       |
| deliberately  | متعمدا        | flame        | لهب          | meteorite     | نيزك       |
| select        | ينتقي يختار   | scene        | مشهد         | bomb          | قنبلة      |
| professional  | محترف         | come true    | يتحقق        | bury          | يدفن       |
| remarkable    | بارز          | remains      | آثار         | historian     | مؤرخ       |
| origin        | أصل - منشأ    | find         | يجد - اكتشاف | drum          | طبل        |
| crash         | يصطدم         | creep up     | يتسلل        | disguise      | تتكر       |
| zoom in       | يقرب          | attendant    | خادم         | princess      | أميرة      |
| crime         | جريمة         | prisoner     | سجين         | prince        | أمير       |
| confirm       | يؤكد          | tempt        | يغري         | straw         | قش         |
| theatre       | مسرح          | prize        | جائزة        | recognize     | يتعرف      |
| judge         | قاضي          | pocket       | جيب          | punish        | يعاقب      |
| sense         | معنى          | battle       | معركة        | riches        | ثروة       |
| nonsense      | هراء          |              |              |               |            |

### Definitions

|               |  |              |
|---------------|--|--------------|
| search engine | a computer program that searches the internet for information        | محرك البحث   |
| source        | the place something comes from or starts at                          | مصدر         |
| reporter      | a person who collects and tells the news for newspapers, radio or TV | مراسل        |
| editor        | a person who is in charge of a newspaper or magazine                 | محرر         |
| interview     | to ask someone questions   | مقابله       |
| photographer  | a person who takes photographs, as a job or hobby                    | مصور         |
| newsreader    | someone who reads reports on a TV news programme                     | قاري الاخبار |
| broadcast     | to send out a programme on TV or radio                               | بث اذاعي     |

|                      |  |               |
|----------------------|--|---------------|
| <b>channel</b>       | A television station where you can see news and programmes             | قناه          |
| <b>correspondent</b> | A person who finds a news story in a different country                 | مراسل صحفي    |
| <b>headlines</b>     | The titles of news stories   | عناوين رئيسيه |
| <b>investigator</b>  | A person who tries to discover the facts of what happened              | محقق          |
| <b>journalist</b>    | A person who finds news story and tells the public                     | صحفي          |
| <b>scene</b>         | A place where something has happened , perhaps a crime                 | مشهد          |
| <b>Digital nomad</b> | A person who uses the internet ( telecommunications ) to earn a living |               |
| <b>deliberately</b>  | Something done in a way that is planned or intended.                   | متعمد         |
| <b>Fact checker</b>  | A person who makes sure the information is true                        | مصحح الحقائق  |
| <b>question</b>      | To express or have doubt about something                               | يسأل - يحقق   |
| <b>sense</b>         | Something can be understood by people                                  | احساس         |

### Expressions

|                           |                     |                           |                        |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>News reader</b>        | قاري أخبار          | <b>crash into</b>         | يصطدم بـ               |
| <b>News channel</b>       | قناة أخبار          | <b>zoom in / zoom out</b> | يكبر / يصغر الصورة     |
| <b>Social media sites</b> | مواقع تواصل اجتماعي | <b>Stop press</b>         | آخر خبر                |
| <b>Press conference</b>   | مؤتمر صحفي          | <b>get on / get off</b>   | يركب / ينزل            |
| <b>Oil spill</b>          | تسرب بترول          | <b>which is which</b>     | أبهما يكون             |
| <b>Close to</b>           | قريب من             | <b>Upload to</b>          | يحمل علي               |
| <b>Spokesman for</b>      | متحدث رسمي باسم     | <b>Download from</b>      | ينزل من                |
| <b>In charge of</b>       | مسئول عن            | <b>Look into</b>          | يحقق                   |
| <b>Top scorer</b>         | هداف                | <b>Take out</b>           | يخرج                   |
| <b>News stories</b>       | موضوعات الأخبار     | <b>NASA</b>               | وكالة الفضاء الأمريكية |

### Synonym

| The word          | الكلمة | Synonym         | المعنى | The word             | الكلمة | Synonym            | المعنى |
|-------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|----------------------|--------|--------------------|--------|
| <b>confirm</b>    | يؤكد   | <b>assert</b>   |        | <b>prisoner</b>      | أسير   | <b>captive</b>     |        |
| <b>foreign</b>    | أجنبي  | <b>alien</b>    |        | <b>Point of view</b> | رأي    | <b>opinion</b>     |        |
| <b>necropolis</b> | مدفن   | <b>cemetery</b> |        | <b>remarkable</b>    | بارز   | <b>outstanding</b> |        |

### Antonym

| The word        | الكلمة   | Antonym       | العكس | The word            | الكلمة | Antonym             | العكس |
|-----------------|----------|---------------|-------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|-------|
| <b>foreign</b>  | أجنبي    | <b>native</b> |       | <b>deliberately</b> | عمدا   | <b>accidentally</b> |       |
| <b>confirm</b>  | يؤكد     | <b>refute</b> |       | <b>remarkable</b>   | بارز   | <b>ordinary</b>     |       |
| <b>nonsense</b> | بلا معنى | <b>sense</b>  |       | <b>peace</b>        | السلام | <b>war</b>          |       |
| <b>far</b>      | بعيد     | <b>close</b>  |       | <b>punish</b>       | يعاقب  | <b>reward</b>       |       |

### Language Notes

|   |
|---|
| ♦ <b>channel</b> قناة تلفزيون / قناة ماء طبيعية ♦ <b>canal</b> قناة حفرها الإنسان ♦ <b>irrigation canal / channel</b> |
| ♦ <b>I look forward to crossing the English channel</b> ♦ <b>The Suez Canal is a vital waterway</b>                   |
| ♦ <b>title</b> عنوان مقال أو كتاب ♦ <b>address</b> عنوان إميل أو مكان ♦ <b>headline</b> عنوان جريدة                   |
| ♦ <b>edit</b> يقطع / يجتزئ ♦ <b>edit ----- out</b> يرأس تحرير / يعدل ♦ <b>editor</b> رئيس تحرير                       |

♦ find يجد found – found ♦ found يؤسس ♦ foundation مؤسسة ♦ a find اكتشاف

♦ NASA is an acronym for ( National Aeronautics and Space Administration )

♦ space الفضاء ♦ Astronauts travel into space . ♦ spacewalk مشي في الفضاء  
♦ a space مكان فراغ / room ♦ Is there a space / room beside you?

♦ news أخبار ( تأخذ فعل مفرد ) ♦ This news is encouraging.  
♦ a road طريق ♦ a route مسار / طريق ♦ The ship is out of its planned route

♦ Never / Rarely / Seldom / Neither / Little / عند البدء بهذه الكلمات تقدم الفعل المساعد على الفاعل  
♦ Hardly does he swim ♦ Little does she drink tea . ♦ Rarely does it rain in the desert.  
♦ Never does he make noise ♦ Neither did he come on time nor did his homework.

♦ journal جريدة ♦ journalist صحفي ♦ journalism الصحافة ♦ press الصحافة

### LISTENING TEXT

It seems that today less than 50% of us get our news from **traditional sources** like newspapers and television. Everyone is turning to the internet and **social media** for news, and some **experts** fear that we might accept some **unreliable** news stories as fact because we read social media sites which share our opinions. But is this true? Search engines lead us to **a wider range** of sources which means we can read the news from many different places. However, we should always **question** what we read and never just accept it as true.

Secondary school students in the UK have had the chance to become **news reporters** for the day. Students **created** a news website and produced **a news report**. They selected **reporters and photographers** who went out to look for interesting news in their **community**. When they had interviewed people and had written their stories the reporters gave their work to the **newsreaders** who then **recorded** the news. The videos were **uploaded** to the news website and some were **broadcast** on **local television**.

Saeed Yousuf is **a fact checker**. He checks the **facts** in **reports** before they are sent to the editor. Saeed explains that news stories can use **both facts and opinions**, but it must be clear which is which. Facts can be checked, but opinions are the **points** of view held by the writer. He believes that it's very important for the public to **trust** the information in the story, but some newspapers, he **admits** are better at checking facts than others. It can cause serious problems if newspapers print stories without checking the information carefully first.

### A teenage world!

A new website has just been **launched** by **teenagers** for teenagers. *Our World* is the **creation** of Jake and Amy Hope who wanted **a news website** that other teenagers would enjoy. '**Adults** think teenagers are only interested in music and sport,' explained Amy, 'but that isn't true!' *Our World* has news, technology, education, music and sport, but what makes it different is that all the reporters are teenagers. 'Teenagers sometimes see the world differently to adults,' Jake told us and it seems he's right. 'It's brilliant,' said 13-year-old Henry, 'it's much more interesting than most websites.' His sister agrees, 'I really like the fact that all the reports are by teenagers who are keen on the same things as me.'

### A fake news story

Astronauts have made yet another amazing discovery in space. During a recent space walk to fix part of a satellite, which had been damaged after a meteorite had hit it, they saw an unexpected shape on the moon. Using their on board digital cameras, they zoomed in to discover what appeared to be a plane, which used to carry bombs during World War 2 and had crashed into the moon. After reporting the find, NASA confirmed that there are still 124 planes which were lost during the Second World War, and they believe this may be one of them.

Two days ago historian, José Galán and his team discovered the ancient remains of a 15 or 16-year-old girl who had been buried for 3,600 years. José was part of a team of Spanish and Egyptian experts, who had been given permission to explore a necropolis on Luxor's West Bank, in the hope of finding out more about the history of the area. What makes the discovery so amazing, is that the teenager had been buried with lots of interesting objects.

The Egyptian government was very happy about the new discovery. The government said it was one of the most remarkable discoveries in recent years. 'We plan to show the objects in a museum very soon for everyone to see,' a spokesperson for the government said.



### Exercises

#### 1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- Famous people are always.....by TVchannels.  
a) offered                      b) tested                      c) searched                      d) interviewed
- The correspondent has refused to reveal his.....of the news he sent to the channel.  
a) sources                      b) results                      c) effects                      d) doubts
- My cousin is a/an.....for one of the major fashion magazines.  
a) consumer                      b) reporter                      c) officer                      d) inspector
- The show of the new band will be.....over the internet.  
a) investigated                      b) arranged                      c) broadcasted                      d) accepted
- Our new next door neighbour is a former.....of Al-Ahram Newspaper.  
a) editor                      b) reader                      c) investigator                      d) inventor
- The poor clerk took on extra work to increase his.....  
a) energy                      b) effort                      c) income                      d) entertainment
- The police think that the fire had been started.....and it wasn't an accident.  
a) strangely                      b) personally                      c) accidentally                      d) deliberately
- Every new house in this modern compound comes complete with smoke.....  
a) areas                      b) alarms                      c) suits                      d) services
- The invention of the.....press is considered the most important invention as it helped transfer knowledge and science to next generations,  
a) printing                      b) sewing                      c) cutting                      d) welding
- The airline is legally.....for the safety of its passengers.  
a) available                      b) acceptable                      c) responsible                      d) unreliable
- He worked for the magazine as a wildlife.....and he travels to many countries looking for good shots.  
a) reporter                      b) correspondent                      c) photographer                      d) writer
- The novelist began his career as a newspaper.....in New York.  
a) programmer                      b) reporter                      c) influencer                      d) podcaster
- Around 2001, the Google search.....rose to prominence  
a) engine                      b) power                      c) motor                      d) page
- Old people always say that television is their most useful.....of local information  
a) result                      b) source                      c) reason                      d) practice
- The naughty student was ashamed to.....that he had lied to his teachers.  
a) deny                      b) deploy                      c) admit                      d) apply
- The writer.....folk stories from all over the world for his new book.  
a) scattered                      b) spread                      c) told                      d) collected
- Experts advise us that.....of failure should not stop us trying to get success.  
a) pleasure                      b) fear                      c) treasure                      d) delight



18. The earthquake was the worst natural.....to hit the city for over 50 years  
a) **disaster**                      b) achievement                      c) acceptance                      d) trend
19. The camera.....in on the old man's face hearing the bad news.  
a) boomed                      b) **zoomed**                      c) bombed                      d) faded
20. You should speak to a lawyer for a/an.....opinion about the contract.  
a) respectful                      b) minor                      c) amateur                      d) **professional**
21. The.....of the novel's first chapter is "Getting Started."  
a) address                      b) **title**                      c) line                      d) rank
22. In this new.....age, computers and the Internet are part of our everyday life.  
a) false                      b) facial                      c) **digital**                      d) trivial
23. The trip to America was a dream which has.....true for Mahmoud.  
a) **come**                      b) gone                      c) fell                      d) grew
24. The discovery of DNA was a major scientific .....  
a) failure                      b) **achievement**                      c) advanced                      d) revision
25. Our new manager really cares .....his employees.  
a) of                      b) at                      c) **about**                      d) out
26. You can't trust the rumors The antonym of the verb "**trust**" is.....  
a) recognise                      b) realise                      c) depend                      d) **doubt**
27. Police officers are looking .....the disappearance of two children kidnapped yesterday.  
a) for                      b) of                      c) **into**                      d) up
28. The shop owner left his elder son in..... of the shop for a week.  
a) change                      b) **charge**                      c) account                      d) balance
29. The police took fingerprints and identified the body. The synonym of the verb "identify" is.....  
a) **determine**                      b) damage                      c) remove                      d) achieve
30. Big stores have to.....for customers in the Christmas season.  
a) **compete**                      b) complete                      c) comprehend                      d) competitive
31. At the entrance of Abu Simbel, there are four huge.....of King Ramses II.  
a) baggage                      b) rest rooms                      c) **sculptures**                      d) views
32. The museum has an impressive collection of prehistoric.....  
a) memorials                      b) **remains**                      c) memorandums                      d) corpses
33. Medical science has made amazing progress in.....years.  
a) old                      b) ancient                      c) **recent**                      d) modern
34. I felt so.....when my son graduated from college.  
a) **proud**                      b) ashamed                      c) shy                      d) guilty
35. You can.....the program by double-clicking on the icon.  
a) finish                      b) **launch**                      c) inhibit                      d) repair
36. Egypt has more than one third of the world's ancient.....especially in Luxor.  
a) species                      b) forests                      c) **monuments**                      d) wildlife
37. My parents have always been keen .....travelling , whenever they get the chance.  
a) in                      b) of                      c) to                      d) **on**
38. I'm very proud.....take part in this great project.  
a) **of**                      b) to                      c) in                      d) that
39. International communication was changed a lot by the.....of the internet.  
a) discovery                      b) invitation                      c) exploration                      d) **invention**
40. Parents have to give their.....for their children to go on school trips  
a) **permission**                      b) permit                      c) licence                      d) degree
41. The clothes company is expected to.....several new products next year.  
a) erect                      b) attack                      c) attach                      d) **launch**
42. Teen Stuff magazine is very popular among.....as it deals with their interests.  
a) adults                      b) infants                      c) **teenagers**                      d) directors
43. In a/an....., you can call 122 for police, the fire department or an ambulance.  
a) evaluation                      b) **emergency**                      c) accuracy                      d) presentation
44. The expansion of the factory led to the.....of 220 more jobs.  
a) **creation**                      b) loss                      c) exploration                      d) discovery
45. I had to leave the room as I didn't want to become.....in the argument.  
a) intended                      b) excavated                      c) **involved**                      d) inhibited
46. Electric cables are usually.....beneath the streets.  
a) excavated                      b) **buried**                      c) drilled                      d) deployed
47. Two hundred people lost their jobs as a direct.....of the factory closure.  
a) purposes                      b) causes                      c) **consequence**                      d) reasons
48. We found that the motorway is the most direct.....outside the city  
a) street                      b) **route**                      c) road                      d) avenue
49. The driver slowed down as he approached the police.....which checked licenses

- a) officer                      b) station                      c) state                      d) **barrier**
50. Winning the cup was a ..... achievement for our national team.
- a) horrible                      b) strict                      c) **remarkable**                      d) fearful
51. My son is ..... to learn more about art history, that's why he will study university.
- a) profound                      b) **keen**                      c) brave                      d) refrained
- 52- King Lear distributed his all properties and wanted to keep his .....
- a) entitle                      b) address                      c) headline                      d) **title**
- 53- The ..... is a member of a tribe who travels from place to place to find food.
- a) editor                      b) digital nomad                      c) correspondent                      d) **nomad**
- 54- A / an ..... uses telecommunication technologies to earn a living.
- a) editor                      b) **digital nomad**                      c) Bedouin                      d) nomad
- 55- We should always ..... what we read and never just accept as true.
- a) accept                      b) agree                      c) **question**                      d) ask
- 56- The police will ..... the man for more than 4 hours but it was in vain.
- a) **investigated**                      b) interested                      c) communicated                      d) sent
- 57 All young people have turned ..... social media for news and information.
- a) with                      b) **on**                      c) at                      d) to
- 58- We will know the correct news from our ..... He is a reliable person
- a) correspond                      b) correspondence                      c) press                      d) **correspondent**
- 59- The most widely-used ..... is Google .
- a) engine                      b) research                      c) searching                      d) **search engine**
- 60- The ..... does his best to know who committed the crime .
- a) plumber                      b) smith                      c) **investigator**                      d) investor
- 61- To ( ask - inquire - wonder - **question** ) is to express or have doubts about something
- 62- During 25th January revolution , the Liberation Square was full of interested .....
- a) **reporters**                      b) news stories                      c) headlines                      d) reports
- 63- You can read about the accident when the second ..... is published.
- a) addition                      b) **edition**                      c) additives                      d) drum
- 64- The ..... plays an important part in spreading awareness among citizens.
- a) **press**                      b) pressure                      c) stress                      d) brass
- 65- The ..... for the government said, "We plan to show the objects in a museum soon
- a) spokes                      b) speech                      c) speaking                      d) **spokesman**
- 66- Earthquakes and volcanoes are the most dangerous natural .....
- a) **disasters**                      b) reserves                      c) beauty                      d) views
- 67- Until Covid 19 arrived , the country's main ..... had been tourism.
- a) **income**                      b) outcome                      c) come out                      d) come in
- 68- Two walkers had a lucky scape last night after a storm hit the small ..... village.
- a) coast                      b) **coastal**                      c) cost                      d) custom
- 69- I go on a severe diet but this piece of chocolate ..... to eat it
- a) bans                      b) forbids                      c) inhibits                      d) **tempts**
- 70- I asked my friend to give me your e-mail ( title - headline - **address** - dress )
- 71- He carries his camera all the time .he must be a ( reporter - album - **photographer** - artist )
- 72- We used to get our news from traditional ( **sources** - sorts - sour - saucers ).
- 73- All of us turn to the internet and ( society - **social** - soccer - salty ) media for news
- 74- I work as a ( **journalist** - doctor - teacher - nurse ) for Al-Ahram newspaper.
- 75- I think he is the best ( newswriting - newspaper - **newsreader** - mnewsread ) on TV
- 78- The synonym of necropolis is ( cement - centre - cemetery - circulation )
- 79- He is promoted to be the ( servant - **editor** - actor - vet ) of our local newspaper.
- 80- Most detectives look for clues at the crime ( stage - view - scenery - **scene** )
- 81- This is a good site where we can ( **erect** - direct - select - protect ) the new school.
- 82- The pharaohs used to ( erect - build - **bury** - borrow ) gold in their tombs.
- 83- I will teach you how to ( recruit - **create** - creep - pollute ) a new website .
- 84- We need a fact ( check - **checker** - kiosk - chick ) to examine the fact in the report.
- 85- His wise words ( **make** - do - take - bring ) sense
- 86- You should talk to your parents with a soft ( tune - atom - **tone** - ton )
- 87- I can't see that photo well . Can you ( **zoom** - zone - zoo - zeal ) it in , please?
- 88- We ( **fear** - choose - select - erect ) that GM food may bring diseases
- 89- Journalists like to write attractive ( headache - **headlines** - addresses - press)
- 90- The President is holding a ( journalism - news - report - **press** ) conference tomorrow
- 91- He stepped on my foot ( **deliberately** - cruel - deliberate - accidental ).
- 92- The antonym of deliberately is ( chance - **accidentally** - accident - on purpose )
- 93- This monument is an important ( fund - discover - found - **find** ) in this century.
- 94- King Farouk was a ( remark - reward - **remarkable** - mark ) character
- 95- Shikabala is considered the best top ( **scorer** - score - scoring - scout ) in Egypt

96-Those who always lie are ( reliable – good – kind – **unreliable** ) people.

97- A ( science – scene – **sense** – nonsense ) is something that people can understand.

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## Grammar

### Past Perfect Tense الزمن الماضي التام

Form:

التكوين

**had + p.p.**

يتكون الماضي التام من

- We washed the dishes after we **had eaten** supper.

Usage:

الاستخدام

يستخدم الماضي التام ليصف حدث وقع قبل حدث آخر في الماضي.

- When I met Ali yesterday, I remembered that we **had met** before, about ten years ago.

- When I got home, my wife **had cooked** the dinner.

- I **hadn't flown** before, so I was nervous about getting on the plane.

يستخدم الماضي التام في الكلام غير المباشر لنقل أشياء حدثت بالفعل عندما كنت تتحدث عنها.

- I **told** him that I **had weighed** the soil. - She **said** she **had heard** it all before.

يستخدم الماضي التام مع الكلمات الآتية:

after / بعد / as soon as / بمجرد أن / when / عندما / until / حتى / till / عندما

before / قبل / by the time / قبل / no sooner....than / حتى / لم يك... .. حتى

hardly (scarcely).....when / لم يك... .. حتى

ماضي بسيط + ماضي تام + **past simple** + ماضي تام + **past perfect** + فاعل + **After** +

ماضي بسيط + **past simple** + **After** + v. + ing

ماضي بسيط + **past simple** + **Having** + p.p.

ماضي بسيط + **past simple** + ماضي تام + **past perfect** + فاعل + **As soon as** +

ماضي بسيط + **past simple** + ماضي تام + **past perfect** + فاعل + **When** +

ماضي تام + **past perfect** + مده في الماضي + **By** +

Ex: **After** he **had done** his homework, he **watched** television.

**After doing** his homework, he **watched** television.

**Having done** his homework, he **watched** television.

He **parked** his car **as soon as** he **had found** a place.

**By 2010** , Ali **had got** a new job in a factory.

ماضي تام + **past perfect** + ماضي بسيط + **Before** + فاعل +

ماضي تام + **past perfect** + v. + ing + بدون فاعل + **Before**

Ex: Before he **parked** his car, he **had found** a place.

Before **parking** his car, he **had found** a place.

ماضى تام + past perfect + ماضى بسيط + فاعل + By the time

ماضى تام + past perfect + ماضى بسيط + فاعل + When

Ex: By the time the police arrived the thief had escaped.

When he had read the novel, he watched TV.

When he watched TV, he had read the novel.

لاحظ الفرق فى المعنى بين هاتين الجملتين:

- When I arrived at the station, the train left.  
= I arrived, then the train left.
- When I arrived at the station, the train had left.  
= The train left before I arrived.

ماضى تام + till / until + ماضى بسيط غالبا منفى المصدر + Didn't

..... + مصدر + فاعل + did + ماضى تام + Not until

ماضى بسيط + that + ماضى تام + It wasn't until

ماضى بسيط + past simple + that + فاعل + ماضى تام + It was only when

Ex: He didn't park his car until he had found a place.

Not until he had found a place did he park his car.

It wasn't until he had found a place that he parked his car.

It was only when he had read the novel that he watched TV.

ماضى بسيط + past simple + when + no sooner + had + فاعل  
scarcely when

Ex: He had no sooner gone shopping than it started to rain.

He had hardly gone shopping when it started to rain.

لاحظ استخدام no sooner/hardly /scarcely بين had و التصريف الثالث (pp) إذا بدأت الجملة بـ no sooner/hardly/scarcely نضع الجملة الأولى فى صيغة استفهام.

ماضى بسيط + past simple + when + no sooner + had + فاعل  
Hardly + had + فاعل + p.p. + when  
Scarcely when

- No sooner had they finished painting our new house than we moved into it.
- Hardly had they finished painting our new house when we moved into it.

لا بد من استخدام الماضى التام إذا كان ذلك يؤثر على معنى الجملة.

- He thanked me for what I had done.
- He found the bag, which he had lost.
- He was tired because he had worked for 14 hours.

ملاحظات عامة

Immediately after → ( اسم ) or ( v + ing → )

Immediately after his arrival at the station, the train left.

- بشرط أن تكون الجملة فى because بعد لاحظ :- أحيانا يستخدم الماضى التام

Leila was late for school **because** the bus had broken down.

He was angry **because** she had insulted him.

إذا كان في مع الكلمات الدالة علي المضارع التام لاحظ :- يستخدم الماضي التام

*for / ever / never / already / vet / just*

The film had already started **when** I arrived.

On → ( اسم ) or ( v + ing ) → ماضي بسيط

On finishing work, I left the office.

The moment → ماضي بسيط → ماضي تام

The moment I had finished work, I left the office.

\*\*\*\*\*

### Choose the correct answer:

- 1- I didn't write to my friend until I (have received-had received-will receive-was received) his letter.
- 2- We (have had-had-had been having-had had) that car for ten years before it broke down.
- 3- When she went home she found that she (buy-has bought-had bought-would buy) the wrong book.
- 4- We (had played-has played-were playing-had been playing) tennis for only a few minutes when it started raining.
- 5- The secretary left the office after (type-had typed-typed-typing) all the letters.
- 6- Hardly (he had heard-has he heard-had he heard-does he hear) the bad news when he got depressed.
- 7- It (had been snowing-had snowed-snowed-has snowed) for a while before we left.
- 8- I (have-has-had-was) already left the house when it began to rain.
- 9- They had no sooner left the house (when-what-then-than) it started to rain.
- 10- There were floods because it (had been raining-has been raining-was raining-rains) for three days.
- 11- By the time Alex finished his studies, he (was-had been-has been-is) in London for over eight years.
- 12- When I went to my friend's flat, she (already left-has already left-had already left-left) for school.
- 13- Last year, I spent a month in France. I (dream-had dreamt-has dreamt-was dreaming) of going there since I was a child.
- 14- Leila and her husband (move-have moved-moved-had been moving) into their own flat last weekend. Before that they had lived with Leila's parents.
- 15- My father retired last week. He (worked-has worked -has been working-had worked) for the same company all his life.
- 16- Karim fell asleep during the football match because he (had gone-has gone-was going-is going) to bed late the night before.
- 17- The fish was fresh when I (bought-had bought-was buying-have bought) it.
- 18- Ali ate a sandwich during the game because he (wasn't having-had not had-doesn't have-won't have) enough time to eat before it started.
- 19- The doctor said that the patient (dies-died-had died-was dying) a few minutes before.
- 20- Hassan (borrows-has borrowed-borrowed-was borrowing) money from Ali because he had left his money at home.
- 21- Adel asked which team was red because he (doesn't see-hasn't seen-can't see-had not seen) these teams before.
- 22- I did not have any money because I (had lost-have lost-lost-lose) my wallet.
- 23- Paul (has looked-was looking-had been looking-looks) for work for over a year before he got a job.



- 24- The little children's clothes (are-have been-were being-were) dirty because they had been playing in the park all day.
- 25- He (had been driving-was driving-drives-to drive) for only 3 weeks, so it is not surprising that he failed his driving test.
- 26- I went to the doctor's yesterday evening because I (have been feeling-was feeling-had been feeling-feel) ill for nearly a week.
- 27- When I got home, I was very tired. I (have been working-work-had been working-have worked) all day.
- 28- The town was flooded. It (has rained-had been raining-has been raining-rains) for 3 days.
- 29- After I (finish-have finished-had been finished-had finished) my homework, I watched my favourite TV programme.
- 30- She (worked-has been working-have worked-had been working) at that company for three years when it went out of business.
- 31- There were floods because it (had been raining - has been raining - was raining - rains) for three days.
- 32- By the time he was 12, my brother (learnt - had learnt - has learnt - learns) 3 languages.
- 33- Jack knew Steve was at the match because Steve (had phoned - phones - was phoning - would phone) him before he went.
- 34- By the time she (finishes - finished - has finished - was finishing) writing her report, she had drunk six cups of tea.
- 35- Before (wrote - writing - had written - has written) this novel, he had become famous as a playwright.
- 36- The little children's clothes (are - have been - were being - were) dirty because they had been playing in the park all day.
- 37- He (had been driving - was driving - drives - to drive) for only 3 weeks, so it is not surprising that he failed his driving test.
- 38- When I got home, I was very tired. I (have been working - work - had been working - have worked) all day.
- 39- The town was flooded. It (has rained - had been raining - has been raining - rains) for 3 days.
- 40- After I (finish - have finished - had been finishing - had finished) my homework, I watched my favourite TV programme.
- 41- When she went out to play, she..... her homework.  
a) had already done    b) has already done    c) was already doing    d) does
- 42- My brother ate all of the cake that our mum .....  
a) will make    b) has made    c) had made    d) used to make
- 43-The doctor took off the plaster that he ..... on six weeks before.  
a) puts    b) had put    c) is putting    d) has put
- 44-he waiter ..... a drink that I had ordered.  
a) had brought    b) was bringing    c) will bring    d) brought
- 45-.....he phone Dalia before he went to see her in London?  
a) Did    b) Had    c) Has    d) Can
- 46-No sooner .....the sun risen than the fog disappeared.  
a) has    b) had    c) did    d) does
- 47-Did you ..... write poems when you were young?  
a) use to    b) used to    c) used    d) get used to
- 48-When she went back to school, she found she ..... the wrong composition the day before  
a) wrote    b) had written    c) has written    d) had been written
- 49-She ..... a magazine when suddenly somebody knocked at the door.  
a) read    b) reads    c) was reading    d) had read
- 50- They couldn't go swimming because they ..... their swimsuits.  
a) forget    b) have forgotten    c) had forgotten    d) will forget
- 51-Before ..... for London, he had paid off his debts.

- a) leaving                      b) left                      c) had left                      d) leave
- 52 Hany couldn't answer the phone because he ..... a shower.
- a) had                      b) was having                      c) had                      d) had had
- 53-By the time he reached the bus stop, the bus .....
- a) leave                      b) leaves                      c) will leave                      d) had left
- 54-.....seeing the accident, the motorists drove more carefully.
- a) On                      b) Without                      c) Despite                      d) Over
- 55-No sooner ..... he see the police than he ran away.
- a) do                      b) does                      c) had                      d) did
- 56-I..... my own computer for three years before anything went wrong with it.
- a) had had                      b) have had                      c) had                      d) have
- 57-Fawzi .....already read some of Yehia Haqq's writing before learning about him in class.
- a) have                      b) had                      c) is                      d) was
- 58-Mr Zaki was shocked when he joined our company as he .....to do much work every day.
- a) wasn't used                      b) didn't use                      c) used                      d) was used
- 59-As soon as the criminal ....., he was sent to prison .
- a) arrested                      b) has been arrested                      c) had been arrested                      d) was being arrested
- 60-Did you go out last night or .....you busy ?
- a) did                      b) were                      c) have                      d) are\_
61. .... the bus yesterday morning, Mr. Reda saw a terrible automobile accident.
- a. On his way to work                      b. Because it was crowded                      c. Waiting for                      d. Missed
62. .... down the street, Yaseen lost his watch.
- a. Running                      b. Fall                      c. Ran fast                      d. Run
63. .... the problem, Susan was able to correct it.
- a. Having recognized                      b. Recognize                      c. Recognized                      d. Having been recognized
64. Not having ..... instructions, George could not do the job properly.
- a. been given                      b. given                      c. giving                      d. given the
65. .... in the city for several years, he was able to help the tourists.
- a. They have lived                      b. Have lived                      c. Having lived                      d. Having live
66. .... by the noise, the bird flew away.
- a. Fearing                      b. Afraid                      c. Frightened                      d. Building
67. .... in 1795, the house has many interesting features.
- a. Later                      b. Built                      c. When it was built                      d. Building
68. I ..... very ill since we last met.
- a) has been                      b) have been                      c) was                      d) had been
69. I didn't send the report until I ----- it.
- a. was revising                      b. revise                      c. have revised                      d. had revised
70. My uncle .... for the company for ten years when he got the promotion.
- a. had been working                      b. has been working                      c. had worked                      d. will be working
71. Having ----- my friend's telephone number, I contacted him.
- a. finding                      b. found                      c. to find                      d. been found
- Choose the best translation

### 1- يجب ان تهتم مصر باقامه مفرض لاثارتنا بالخارج لانها وسيله جيده للدعايه للحضاره المصريه القديمه

- 1- Egypt has to be interested in holding exhibitions for our monuments abroad because it is a good means of making a propaganda for the ancient Egyptian civilization.
- 2-Egypt is interested in hold exhibits for our monuments abroad because it is a good means of making a propaganda for old Egypt civilization.
- 3-Egypt must interest in setting exhibitions for our monuments aboard as it is a good means of make a propaganda for ancient Egyptian civilization.
- 4- Egypt has to interested in building exhibitions for our monuments outside as it is a good means of making a slogan for ancient Egyptian civilization.

### 2- تعتبر الاجازات واشكال الترفيه المختلفه من الاسباب الرئيسيه لنجاح اى فرد سواء فى دراسته وعمله

- 1-Holidays and different shapes of entertainment are consider some of the basic cases of everybody's success whether in his studies or his work.
- 2-Holidays and different shapes of entertainment are considered some of the basic causes of everybody's success whether in his studies or his work.
- 3-Tripes and different shapes of amusing are considered some of the basic causes of everybody's development whether in his studies or his work.

4-Voyages and different kinds of entertainment are considering some of the basic results of everybody's success whether in his studies or his work.

3- في بعض الأنظمة التعليمية ، يطلب من الأطفال دراسة لغة أجنبية واحدة أو أكثر. في حالات أخرى ، دراسة اللغة الأجنبية ليست شرطاً

- Ⓐ In all educational systems, children need to study foreign languages. In others, foreign language study is needed.
- Ⓑ In some educational systems, children need to study foreign languages. In others, foreign language study is needed.
- Ⓒ In some educational systems, children need to study foreign languages. However, foreign language study is needed.
- Ⓓ In some educational systems, children are required to study one or more foreign languages. In others, foreign language study is not a requirement

4- يعتمد عدد متزايد من الناس على المطاعم والأطعمة الجاهزة (وجبات الأطعمة المجمدة والمعبأة) بدلاً من الطعام المطبوخ في المنزل لتزويدهم بمعظم احتياجاتهم

- Ⓐ An increasing number of people go to restaurants and convenience food (frozen food and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to make most of their meals.
- Ⓑ A certain number of people rely on restaurants and convenience food (frozen food and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to cook most of their meals.
- Ⓒ A growing number of people rely on restaurants and convenience food (frozen food and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to supply most of their meals.
- Ⓓ A number of people depend on restaurants and convenience food (frozen food and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to create most of their meals.

Q 3 : The average sales of each food item changes depending on the season. Certain items are regularly sold in winters and others in summers

**Choose the best translation**

**1- Over-population is considered one of the most dangerous problems facing any nation. It affects the number of the available jobs.**

- 1- يعتبر التكدس السكاني من أخطر المشاكل التي تواجه أي دولة ولكن يؤثر على عدد الوظائف المتاحة.
- 2- يعتبر التكدس السكاني من أخطر المشاكل التي تواجه أي دولة. يؤثر على عدد الوظائف المفضلة.
- 3- يعتبر التكدس السكاني من أخطر المشاكل التي تواجه أي دولة. فهو يؤثر على عدد الوظائف المتاحة.
- 4- يعتبر التكدس السكاني من أخطر المتاعب التي تواجه كل الدول فهو يؤثر على عدد الوظائف المتاحة.

**2-The government encourages small projects, especially youth projects, so it provides them with loans with small interest rates and provides them with a lot of bank facilities**

- 1 تشجع الحكومة المشروعات الصغيرة وخاصة المشروعات الشبابية فتقدم لهم القروض بأسعار فائدة متنوعة وتوفر لهم الكثير من التسهيلات المصرفية
- 2 تشجع الحكومة المشروعات الصغيرة وخاصة المشروعات الشبابية فتقدم لهم القروض بأسعار فائدة صغيرة وتوفر لهم الكثير من التسهيلات المصرفية
- 3 تشجع الحكومة المشروعات الصغيرة وخاصة المشروعات الشبابية فتقدم لهم المساعدات بأسعار فائدة صغيرة وتوفر لهم الكثير من التسهيلات المصرفية
- 4 تشجع الحكومة المشروعات الصغيرة وخاصة المشروعات الشبابية فتقدم لهم القروض بأسعار فائدة صغيرة وتوفر لهم الكثير من التسهيلات المصرفية

**3- Any successful project starts from a good and clear idea. The project idea is an accurate and brief description of the project to be undertaken. So, before starting your project, make sure that you have a clear idea about it**

- 1 اي مشروع ناجح يبدأ بفكرة جيدة ومختصرة. ففكره المشروع هي وصف دقيق وموجز للمشروع المراد القيام به. لذا قبل البدء في مشروعك عليك ان تتأكد انك لديك فكره واضحة عنه
- 2 اي مشروع ناجح يبدأ بفكرة جيدة وواضحة. ففكره المشروع هي وصف دقيق عاجل للمشروع المراد القيام به. لذا قبل البدء في مشروعك عليك ان تتأكد انك لديك فكره واضحة عنه
- 3 اي مشروع ناجح يبدأ بفكرة جيدة وواضحة. ففكره المشروع هي وصف دقيق وموجز للمشروع المراد القيام به. لذا قبل البدء في مشروعك عليك ان تتأكد انك لديك فكره واضحة عنه
- 4 اي مشروع ناجح يبدأ بفكرة جيدة وواضحة. ففكره المشروع هي وصف دقيق وموجز للمشروع المراد القيام به. لذا بعد البدء في مشروعك عليك ان تتأكد انك لديك فكره واضحة عنه

**4-Reading is one of the most important things that preserve the mind, as it is the sport of the mind that maintains its health and strength, and physical exercise maintains the health and fitness of the body.**

- 1 تعد القراءة من أهم الأمور التي تحافظ على العقل ، فهي التي تحافظ على صحته وقوته وممارسه الرياضة البدنية تحافظ على صحه ولياقه الاعضاء
- 2-تعد القراءة من أهم الأمور التي تحافظ على العقل ، فهي التي تحافظ على صحته وقوته وممارسه الرياضة البدنية تحافظ على صحه ولياقه الجسم

3- تعد القراءة من أهم الأمور التي تحافظ على العقل ، فهي التي تحافظ على صحته وقوته وممارسه الرياضة العقلية تحافظ على صحه ولياقه الجسم  
4- تعد القراءة من أهم الأمور التي تحافظ على المخ ، فهي التي تحافظ على صحته وقوته وممارسه الرياضة البدنية تحافظ على صحه ولياقه الجسم

### اختبار على الوحدة العاشرة

#### Choose the right answers:

- 1- Ahmed said that if the train ..... down, he wouldn't be late.  
a- didn't break      b- doesn't break      c- hadn't broken      d- won't break
- 2- ( By - In - At - On ) 7.30 , I had put on my clothes to go work.
- 3- She didn't sleep until she ( had done - would do - does - doing ) her homework
- 4- As soon as I went home , I realised that I ----- my keys.  
a) have lost      b) losing      c) lost      d) had lost
- 5- An editor is a person who is in ( duty - responsible - manager -charge ) of a newspaper
- 6- Scientist can ( do - go - walk - play ) on two hours' spacewalk .
- 7- Our farmer's land is his main ( source - sense - scene - title ) of his income.
- 8- My father had ----- bought a new car when it had crashed into a tree.  
a) after      b) before      c) since      d) scarcely
- 9- ( After - Having - Have - Before ) gone home , i went to be at once.
- 10- The accused man ----- until he had proved hid innocence.  
a) didn't release      b) had released      c) wasn't released      d) released
- 11- To ( broad - abroad - broadcast - on board ) is to send out a programme on TV or radio
- 12- This app will help you to ( see - draw - zoom - allow ) the images in or out
- 13- No sooner ----- put on his shoes than he left the house.  
a) has he      b) had he      c) does he      d) will he
- 14- Before ( shaving - shaved - had shaved - has shaved ) , he had bought a new razor.
- 15-It is not for a teacher to ----- his students after a long time .  
a) realise      b) know      c) be seen      d) recognize.
- 16- The brave soldier managed to kill a lot of the enemy's soldier in the ----- field  
a) peace      b) bottle      c) battle      d) plateau

#### 2) Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

A good night's sleep is very important for your health. Your brain and your body use that time to do all kinds of things that they cannot do as well when you're awake. How much sleep do you need? Every person is a little different, but many experts say that children need about ten hours of sleep per night. So if you wake up at seven o'clock to go to school, you should be going to bed by nine o'clock at night. Sometimes it's not easy to fall asleep quickly, though. You might have a lot of energy. Or you might be excited about something. Maybe you're worried about something. When that happens, it's hard to get **sleepy**. Here are some things you can do to make it easier for you to get the sleep you need:

- Keep your body in a routine by going to bed at the same time every night.
- Do something calming right before bedtime, such as taking a warm bath or reading.
- Limit sodas, iced tea, and other foods and drinks that contain caffeine.
- Turn off your TV when it is time to sleep. Better yet, don't have a TV in your room. Studies show that children who have a TV in their rooms sleep less.
- Don't watch scary TV shows or movies close to bedtime because these can sometimes make it hard to fall asleep.
- Exercise during the day it will help you sleep better at night. But don't exercise just before going to bed.
- Don't do homework, read, play games, or talk on the phone in bed. Use your bed just for sleeping—you'll train your body to associate your bed with sleep.

If you follow these handy tips , you will get yourself relaxed before bedtime. Then, it will be easier for you to fall asleep and stay asleep.

**1- What is a purpose for reading this text?**

- a) to find ways to sleep better                      b) to learn good study habits  
 ) to be ready to sleep well                      d) to limit the hours of sleeping

**2- What is an accurate inference about caffeine?**

- a) It can make you sleepy.                      b) It can keep you awake.  
 c) It makes us sleep well                      d) It makes us happy

**3- What would the author's advice be for readers?**

- a) get plenty of sleep                      b) stop getting exercise  
 c) sleep more than usual                      d) read before sleeping

**4- Why might having a TV in your room keep you awake?**

- a) You would turn it off to sleep.                      b) You would watch it instead of sleeping.  
 c) Watching TV helps you get a lot of information                      d) You will get sleep at once

**5- Why do you think being excited about something might keep you awake?**

- a) You will think about what is making you excited instead of getting sleepy.  
 b) You eat too much if you are excited.  
 c) You will be exciting to others                      d) You will help others to sleep well

**6- Which is the best summary of this text?**

- a) People can get a good night's sleep by following some helpful tips.                      b) Sleep is not important.  
 c) You should sleep early and get up late                      d) Take enough sleep before waking

**7- Which is true for the bulleted list in the text?**

- a) The first item is the most important.  
 b) Each item on the list is important and supports the main idea.  
 c) We can't carry out all these things                      d) Sleep a lot is useful

**8- The word "sleepy" means.....**

- a) gets up                      b) stops sleeping                      c) wants to sleep                      d) switches off the brain

**3) choose the best translation****1- تلعب وسائل الاعلام دورا جوهريا في نشر الوعي والثقافة في المجتمع .**

- 1- The mass media plays a fundamental role in spreading culture in society.  
 2- The mass media plays a fundamental role in publishing culture in society.  
 3- The mass media plays a fundamental rule in spreading culture in society  
 4- The mass media plays a fundamental role in widening culture in society.

**Choose the best translation****2-Peace among nations is vital. It gives every country the chance to carry out its development plans. It saves the money spent on wars and destructive weapons to be used for developing education and solving our problems.**

- 1- السلام بين الامم ليس أم ضروري فهو يعطى كل دولة الفرصة في تنفيذ خطط التنمية وتوفر الاموال المهدرة على الحروب وإنفاقها في تطوير التعليم وحل المشكلات  
 2- السلام بين الامم أم ضروري فهو يعطى كل قاره الفرصة في تنفيذ خطط التنمية وتوفر الاموال المهدرة على الحروب وإنفاقها في تطوير التعليم وحل المشكلات  
 3- السلام بين الامم ليس أم ضروري فهو يعطى كل دولة الفرصة في تنفيذ خطط التنمية وتوفر الاموال المهدرة على الحروب وعدم إنفاقها في تطوير التعليم وحل المشكلات  
 4- السلام بين الامم أم ضروري فهو يعطى كل دولة الفرصة في تنفيذ خطط التنمية وتوفر الاموال المهدرة على الحروب وإنفاقها في تطوير التعليم وحل المشكلات

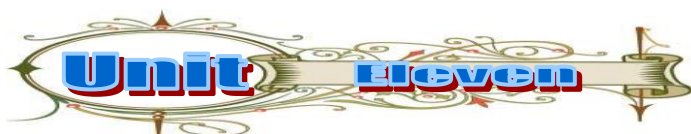
**4) Write an essay about hundred and eighty words about one of the following topics:**

- 1- The internet                      2- The role of the press

**4- Write an essay of about 150 words on one of the following:**

- a) The job you would like to do when you are old  
 b) A good employee's qualities





# Vocabulary



|                     |                |                        |              |                    |             |
|---------------------|----------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------|
| <b>action</b>       | قتال - حركة    | <b>musical</b>         | موسيقى       | <b>frightening</b> | مخيف        |
| <b>comedian</b>     | ممثل كوميدي    | <b>musician</b>        | موسيقيار     | <b>loudly</b>      | بصوت عالي   |
| <b>comedy</b>       | كوميدي         | <b>planet</b>          | كوكب         | <b>hostile</b>     | عدائي       |
| <b>comic(al)</b>    | فكاهي          | <b>storyline</b>       | عقدة القصة   | <b>acting</b>      | اداء تمثيلي |
| <b>horror</b>       | رعب            | <b>powerful</b>        | قوي          | <b>boring</b>      | ممل         |
| <b>horrify</b>      | يرعب           | <b>crew</b>            | طاقم سفينة   | <b>totally</b>     | تماما       |
| <b>romantic</b>     | رومانسي        | <b>mates</b>           | زملاء        | <b>positive</b>    | إيجابي      |
| <b>fiction</b>      | خيال           | <b>brave</b>           | شجاع         | <b>negative</b>    | سلبي        |
| <b>mention</b>      | يذكر           | <b>bravery</b>         | شجاعة        | <b>personally</b>  | شخصيا       |
| <b>marvellous</b>   | رائع           | <b>rescue</b>          | ينقذ - إنقاذ | <b>harness</b>     | يسخر        |
| <b>choice</b>       | اختيار         | <b>mission</b>         | مهمة         | <b>windmill</b>    | طاحونة      |
| <b>surprising</b>   | مدهش           | <b>unlike</b>          | بخلاف        | <b>power</b>       | قوة - سلطة  |
| <b>genuine</b>      | حقيقي          | <b>visuals</b>         | مؤثرات بصرية | <b>powerful</b>    | قوي         |
| <b>fans</b>         | معجبون         | <b>version</b>         | نسخة         | <b>politely</b>    | بأدب        |
| <b>review</b>       | مقالة نقدية    | <b>remake</b>          | إعادة انتاج  | <b>right</b>       | حق          |
| <b>recommend</b>    | يزكي - يوصي    | <b>lack</b>            | ينقص - نقص   | <b>awful</b>       | بغض         |
| <b>adapt from</b>   | يقتبس من       | <b>original</b>        | أصلي         | <b>upset</b>       | قلق         |
| <b>bestselling</b>  | أفضل مبيعات    | <b>Science fiction</b> | خيال علمي    | <b>cheerful</b>    | مبتهج       |
| <b>demonstrate</b>  | يوضح           | <b>warmth</b>          | دفء          | <b>hilarious</b>   | مرح         |
| <b>meanwhile</b>    | في تلك الأثناء | <b>incredibly</b>      | لا يصدق      | <b>annoy</b>       | يضايق       |
| <b>director</b>     | مخرج           | <b>enjoyable</b>       | ممتع         | <b>Martian</b>     | من المريخ   |
| <b>astronaut</b>    | رائد فضاء      | <b>documentary</b>     | وثائقي       | <b>Mars</b>        | المريخ      |
| <b>mathematicia</b> | عالم رياضيات   | <b>constant</b>        | مستمر        | <b>survive</b>     | يبقى حيا    |
| <b>animate</b>      | حي - متحرك     | <b>constantly</b>      | دائما        | <b>survival</b>    | البقاء      |
| <b>animation</b>    | رسوم متحركة    | <b>cartoon</b>         | أفلام كارتون | <b>critic</b>      | ناقد        |
| <b>historical</b>   | تاريخي         | <b>talent</b>          | موهبة        | <b>laugh at</b>    | يسخر من     |
| <b>poison</b>       | السم           | <b>invade</b>          | يغزو         | <b>kingdom</b>     | مملكة       |
| <b>cruel</b>        | قاسي           | <b>army</b>            | الجيش        | <b>bitter</b>      | مر          |
| <b>majesty</b>      | عظمة           | <b>enemy</b>           | العدو        | <b>pile</b>        | كوم         |
| <b>forgive</b>      | يسامح          | <b>officer</b>         | ضابط         | <b>swallow</b>     | يبتلع       |
| <b>kneel</b>        | يركع           | <b>battle</b>          | معركة        | <b>suffer</b>      | يعانى       |
| <b>honestly</b>     | بأمانة         | <b>blow</b>            | ينفخ         | <b>cage</b>        | قفص         |
| <b>trust</b>        | يثق            | <b>trumpet</b>         | البوق        | <b>starve</b>      | يجوع        |
| <b>before</b>       | أمام           | <b>control</b>         | سيطرة        | <b>equal</b>       | كفو         |

## Definitions

|                        |                                                                              |              |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Action film</b>     | A film that has fights and violence                                          | فيلم مثير    |
| <b>Animation</b>       | A film that has pictures , clay , models, etc that seem to be really moving, | رسوم متحركة  |
| <b>Comedy</b>          | A film that is intended to make people laugh                                 | كوميدي       |
| <b>Historical film</b> | A film which is based on events in the past                                  | فيلم تاريخي  |
| <b>horror</b>          | A strong feeling of shock or fear                                            | رعب          |
| <b>Romantic film</b>   | Relating to feelings of love or a loving relationship                        | فيلم رومانسي |
| <b>Martian</b>         | An imaginary creature from the planet Mars                                   |              |

|                   |                                                                                            |                |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| storyline         | The main set of related actions in a story                                                 |                |
| Science - fiction | Stories about events in the future which are affected by imaginary developments in science | خيال علمي      |
| talented          | Very good at doing something                                                               | ذكي            |
| surprisingly      | In an unexpected way                                                                       | مدهش           |
| musical           | A film that includes singing                                                               | موسيقي         |
| unkind            | Not friendly / cruel                                                                       | غير عطوف       |
| constantly        | Continuously / all the time                                                                | باستمرار       |
| incredibly        | In a way that is difficult to believe                                                      | لا يمكن تصديقه |

### Expressions

|                    |             |                   |                  |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Adapt to           | يتكيف على   | Rescue mission    | مهمة إنقاذ       |
| Adapt----- from    | يقتبس من    | Positive thinking | تفكير إيجابي     |
| Rule over          | يسيطر على   | Animated film     | فيلم رسوم متحركة |
| Give up            | يقلع عن     | Musical ear       | أذن موسيقية      |
| Laugh at           | يسخر من     | Have the right to | له الحق في       |
| Find out ( about ) | يكشف بخصوص  | Not yet           | ليس بعد          |
| Escape from        | يهرب من     | Solar energy      | الطاقة الشمسية   |
| Take off           | تقلع / يخلع | windmills         | طواحين الهواء    |
| Shout at           | يصيح في     | Nuclear energy    | الطاقة النووية   |

### Synonym

| The word  | الكلمة   | Synonym | المعنى | The word | الكلمة | Synonym   | المعنى |
|-----------|----------|---------|--------|----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| brilliant | ذكي      | stupid  | غبي    | powerful | قوي    | weak      | ضعيف   |
| comedy    | كوميدي   | tragedy | مأساة  | animate  | حي     | inanimate | جماد   |
| hilarious | مضحك جدا | sad     | حزين   | hostile  | عدائي  | friendly  | ودود   |

### Antonym

| The word  | الكلمة  | Antonym    | العكس | The word   | الكلمة   | Antonym     | العكس |
|-----------|---------|------------|-------|------------|----------|-------------|-------|
| animate   | حي      | living     |       | harness    | يسخر     | exploit     |       |
| brilliant | ممتاز   | excellent  |       | constantly | باستمرار | continually |       |
| romantic  | رومانسي | passionate |       | comedy     | كوميدي   | humour      |       |
| hostile   | عدائي   | aggressive |       | fiction    | خيال     | reality     |       |

### Language Notes

|                       |                                       |            |                                            |                                        |                |             |      |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|------|
| ♦ adapt ( film ) from | يقتبس فيلم من                         | ///        | ♦ adapt ( a story ) for                    | يكيف --- ليصبح                         |                |             |      |
| ♦ adapt to            | يتكيف على ( the weather )             |            | ♦ adopt                                    | يتبنى ( a child – a project / an idea) |                |             |      |
| ♦ comic = comical     | فكاهي / هزلي / a comic – comical play |            | ♦ comics                                   | مجلات هزلية مصورة                      |                |             |      |
| ♦ go = become         | ( تحول لا يعود لطبيعته طالما بدأ )    |            | ♦ This food went bad ,                     |                                        |                |             |      |
| ♦ get = become        | ( تحول فجائي )                        |            | ♦ He got angry when his friend came late . |                                        |                |             |      |
| ♦ grow = become       | ( تحول تدريجي )                       |            | ♦ It grew dark after sunset.               |                                        |                |             |      |
| ♦ turn = become       | ( تحول في الألوان )                   |            | ♦ The leaves turned yellow .               |                                        |                |             |      |
| ♦ history             | التاريخ                               | ♦ historic | تاريخي                                     | ♦ historical                           | متعلق بالتاريخ | ♦ historian | مؤرخ |

- ◆ historic ( جزء من التاريخ ) تاريخي ◆ The pyramids are historic buildings .  
 ◆ historical ( له علاقة بالتاريخ ) تاريخي ◆ the museum is a historical building .

- ◆ I am right to أنا محق في ◆ I am right to ask for a rise .  
 ◆ I have right to عندي حق في ◆ I have the right to vote in the presidential election .

- ◆ animate being كائن حي ◆ animate ينشط - ينشأ ◆ animated discussion نقاش ساخن  
 ◆ animation أفلام رسوم متحركة ◆ They talk with animation حيوية about their old days .

- ◆ musical films أفلام غنائية = musicals ◆ musical instruments آلات موسيقية

- ◆ bestseller كتاب أكثر مبيعا ( اسم ) ◆ This book has been the bestseller for many years  
 ◆ bestselling أكثر مبيعا ( صفة ) ◆ I have bought a bestselling book ,

- ◆ like مثل ◆ He is like his father ◆ like يحب ◆ He likes his father  
 ◆ unlike بخلاف ◆ Unlike his brother , he is taller

- ◆ let + ( مفعول ) + مصدر ◆ Let me go ◆ Allow + ( مفعول ) + to المصدر ◆ allow me to go me go

- ◆ remake يعيد إنتاج فيلم قديم ◆ Some films are remade twice .  
 ◆ remake ◆ إعادة إنتاج فيلم ◆ The remake of old films is a good idea.

## LISTENING TEXT

### The Martian

Clever, exciting, and **surprisingly funny**, *The Martian* is a **brilliant film**, adapted from the **bestselling** book of the same name, and demonstrates the talents of actor Matt Damon and **director** Ridley Scott. When **astronauts** take off from the **planet** Mars, they leave behind Mark Watney (Damon), who they believe had died in a storm. Watney is left with little food or water and has to find a way to survive on the **empty** planet. Meanwhile, back on Earth, NASA and a team of **international scientists** work **constantly** to bring him home. At the same time his crew mates plan a brave **rescue mission**. Unlike most sci-fi films, *The Martian* has no **fight scenes**. Instead, it is a clever and powerful film and perhaps the **best science fiction** film that I've seen in a long time.

### The Lion King

Although the visuals in the 2019 version of *The Lion King* are quite **brilliant**, this **remake** lacks the **warmth** and **energy** of the **original cartoon film**. This is even more surprising when you look at **the list of talented actors involved**. The storyline is the same and the music and songs are great, but it just isn't as much fun and it's difficult to know why. Like the 1994 film, the story is about the young lion Simba, his unkind uncle who kills Simba's father, and Simba's life in the desert with his new friends Timon and Pumbaa. The director Jon Favreau has created an animation which looks incredibly real and maybe that's the problem – it doesn't look like an enjoyable film, more **like a wildlife documentary**!

I saw a great film last night. It was called 'The Boy who Harnessed the Wind'. It was about a boy in Malawi who built a windmill and helped his village get water. I thought it had a **really powerful message** about **positive thinking** and never giving up. I also saw 'Toy Story 4', which was great fun. It's a brilliant **animated film**, and **personally**, I think that these kinds of

films always make people feel good. They're not too long and the stories always have a happy ending.

### Exercises

#### 1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1 An ----- has a lot of exciting scenes in which people fight , case and kill each other  
a) comedy                      b) romantic                      c) musical                      d) action
- 2 An ----- is a film ,TV program , computer game,etc.that has pictures , clay and models  
a) intention                      b) inimation                      c) amusement                      d) action
- 3 A ----- is a film a play or TV programme that is intended to make people laugh.  
a) comedy                      b) romantic                      c) musical                      d) action
- 4 The synonym of constantly is ( temporary - continually - gradually - annually )
- 5 The ----- film is based on events and real characters from the past.  
a) musical                      b) romantic                      c) historical                      d) action
- 6 A ----- is a film which includes singing and dancing.  
a) comedy                      b) romantic                      c) musical                      d) action
- 7 A ----- is an imaginary creature from the planet Mars .  
a) Martian                      b) marathon                      c) mature                      d) marron
- 8 The animation looks real but it ( contain - looks - leaks - lacks ) warmth and energy
- 9 We can ( harass - harness - horror - horrify ) the wind to produce energy
- 10-I hate violence so I don't watch films which have ( love - singing - horror - laughter )
- 11-The human brain is ( credible - incredible - unreliable - incredibly ) amazing.
- 12----- films usually show feelings of love or a loving relationship.  
a) Comedy                      b) Romantic                      c) Horror                      d) Action
- 13-Jules Verne wrote many novels about science ( facts - fiction - fictional - factories )
- 14-My son is good at making up stories. He is really ( talented - talent - retarded - tender )
- 15-He is an ----- person . He always deal with others cruelly .  
a) kind                      b) modest                      c) decent                      d) unkind
- 16-She is a ( much - many - few - bit ) upset today .
- 17-My friend has romantic opinions . He is not ( idealist - realistic - really - humorous )
- 18-The Martian is a brilliant film ----- from the bestselling book of the same name .  
a) adopted                      c) given                      c) adapted                      d) drawn
- 19-Taking Solomon's Mines was the ( bestselling - bestseller - worse - better ) book one day.
- 20-The Martian ----- the talents of the actor Matt Damon and the director ridley Scott.  
a) demonstration                      b) disappears                      c) demonstrates                      d) has
- 21-Neil Armstrong was the first ----- to walk on the moon in 1969 .  
a) astronomer                      b) astrologer                      c) astronomy                      d) astronaut
- 22-When does your plane take ( up - off - of - away )?
- 23-When they reached a desert island , they had to find a way to ----- on it.  
a) survive                      b) stride                      c) summon                      d) strike
- 24-I have to work ( constant - contest - constantly - continuous ) to improve my income
- 25-They were sent in a ----- mission to look for survivors under the ruins .  
a) funny                      b) comedy                      c) rescue                      d) curious
- 26----- most sci-fi films , the Martian has no fight sciences . Instead it is clever.  
a) Unlike                      b) Like                      c) Likely                      d) Unlikely
- 27-The Martian is the ( good - better - best - worse ) science fiction film I have ever seen.
- 28-Although the visuals are quiet brilliant , this ----- lacks the warms and energy.  
a) make                      b) produce                      c) remake                      d) product
- 29-I don't like this remake but I prefer the ----- cartoon film.  
a) origin                      b) fake                      c) false                      d) original
- 30-The ( line - storyline - headline - airline ) of this film is fantastic .

- 31- ----- his father , he is honest , patient and tolerant .They are a respectable family.  
a) Unlike                      b) Like                      c)Likely                      d) Unlikely
- 32-The director has ----- an animation which looks incredibly real.  
a) created                      b) creature                      c) written                      d) read
- 33-I sometimes watch ----- films to gain experience and culture.  
a) documents                      b) fundamental                      c) documentary                      d) dictionary
- 34-It is easy to ( come – get – bring – take ) lost in a foreign city .
- 35-The desert is considered the most difficult ( hostile – host – hostility – mast ) environment
- 36-The antonym of unkind is ( cruel – unfriendly – friendly – hard-hearted )
- 37-This film is ( boring – superficial – silly – enjoyable ) .I am sure you will enjoy it.
- 38-The story of the film is very brilliant and the ----- was totally powerful .  
a) actors                      b) actresses                      c) acting                      d) scenes
- 39-The government is going to build ----- to make electricity from the wind.  
a) petrol stations                      b) nuclear stations                      c) solar panels                      d) windmills
- 40-You shouldn't give up but you should have ( bad – negative – positive – passive ) thinking.
- 41-Toy Story is a brilliant ( animated – inanimated – mate – animal ) film .
- 42----- , I think that these kinds of films always make people feel good.  
a) Personality                      b) Personally                      c)Personal                      d) Person
- 43-My favourite singer will take part in a ----- film and he will sing his new song in it.  
a) musical                      b) action                      c) cartoon                      d) animated
- 44-The drum and the guitar are ( musical – musician – muscle – amuse ) instruments.
- 45-The musical film can be a ( romantic – action – science fiction – historical ) film , too
- 46-The hotel owner let his daughter ( to marry – marrying – married - marry ) the poor man .
- 47-Some comedies are ( sorrow – sad – hilarious – unhappy ) .
- 48-He works as a film ( critic – criticism – critical – criticize ) and writes in a national paper.
- 49-The film is about a black female (mathematician – vet – teacher – nurse ) working at NASA.
- 50-Famous stars have their ( fins – fun – fins – finals ) all over the world
- 51-We always have ( marvelous – marvel – wonder – historical ) time with my family .
- 52-The cameras make modern movie ( vice – visuals – visible – reviews) better the before.
- 53-The ( remake – mate – acting – fiction ) of this song is as good as the original song.
- 54-Films about ghosts are ( romantic – action – historical – horror ) films.
- 55-How many people ( lived – died – survived – alive ) the last earthquake.
- 56-Some brave leaders make ( history – historical – historian – story ) decisions .
- 57-The ----- is the main set of related events in a novel or a play .  
a) criticism                      b) visuals                      c) reviews                      d) storyline
- 58-Astronauts are going on a secret ( mission – mass – lesson – miss ) to the moon.
- 59-Can you ( advise – recommend – say – complain ) me a good dentist to see?
- 60-I want to install the latest android ( verse – addition – version – fiction) on my tablet.
- 61-I think Adel Imam is the best ( comic – comedian – comedy – comics) in Egypt.
- 62-I think you have ( music- musician – musical – amuse ) ears .
- 63-Hostile is to unkind as ( hilarious – cruel – gloomy – serious ) to amusing.
- 64-I think ( comedy – romantic – musical – action ) films teach the youth violence.
- 65-This science fiction film is adapted ( with – by – from – of ) a novel by Jules Verne
- 66-The pyramids are ( historical – historic – historian – history ) buildings .
- 67- We have to read some ( historical – historic – historian – history ) documents.
- 68-Those who like comic films are ( cheerful – sad – gloomy – sorry ) people
- Important words from King Lear's play
- 69-He is a liar so I can't ( trust – talk – speak – say ) him at all.
- 70-How would you ( fall – feel – fail – fit ) if your son deceived you ?
- 71-I don't like seeing birds in ( trees – gardens – cages – air ) .They should have freedom.
- 72-In the past strong countries used to ----- weak countries to steal their wealth.  
a) help                      b) invade                      c) grow                      d) construct



- 73-Some African countries ( eat – drink – starve – sleep ) to death due to lack of food.  
 74-Soldiers in the army should obey their ( offices – officers – maids – servants )  
 75-Women and men should have ( equal – equally – quality – quit ) salaries at work.  
 76-Can you blow this ( guitar – piano – drum – trumpet )?

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## Grammar

### السؤال المذيل Question tag

والسؤال المذيل معناه دائما " أليس كذلك؟ " ويكون لإضافة سؤال حقيقي أو لأخذ رأي  
 إذا كانت الجملة إثباتات يكون السؤال نفي  
 إذا كانت الجملة نفي يكون السؤال مثبت.

- She can answer, **can't she** ?
- He is not here, **is he**?

♣ لاحظ هذه الاختصارات : I shall go out, **shan't I** ? Ahmed will get high marks, **won't he** ?

إذا كانت الجملة إثباتات وسؤالها نفي تكون الإجابة بـ **yes** إذا كانت الجملة نفي وسؤالها إثباتات تكون الإجابة بـ **No**

- ♦ English isn't easy, **is it** ? ♣ No it isn't
- ♦ Maha is wonderful, **isn't she** ? ♣ Yes, she is.

♣ الكلمات الآتية تعبر عن النفي ولذلك يكون السؤال المذيل مثبتا

**No / never / not / seldom / rarely / scarcely / neither / little / few / hardly / no longer** ♣

- He no longer comes early, **does he** ?
- Few students are here, **are they** ?
- Neither of them plays chess, **do they** ?
- He rarely comes late, **does he** ?

: **they** ( لعدم معرفة إذا كانت الكلمات الآتية تعود على مذكر أو مؤنث نستخدم ضمير الجمع : **they** )

**(( everyone / someone / everybody / somebody / nobody / no one / a person / a student ))**

- Everyone has done the homework, **haven't they** ?
- Everybody's at the match, **aren't they** ?
- ♦ Nobody saw the robbers, **did they** ?

♣ الكلمات **something / everything / nothing** يأتي بدلا منها في السؤال ( **it** )

- Something has happened, **hasn't it** ?
- Nothing is serious, **is it** ?

لاحظ السؤال المذيل مع التعبيرات الآتية **I think / believe / expect / deny**

♣ مع ( **I / we think** ) السؤال يكون على الجملة الثانية **I think Hala will win the race, won't she** ?

- I don't think they are lazy, **are they** ? = I think they aren't lazy, are they?
- I think Hala will win the race, **won't she** ? • I don't think they are lazy, are they?

**You think she is lazy, don't you** ? السؤال على الجملة الأولى ( **he / she / they / you think** )

♣ لاحظ استخدام **Question tag** مع الجمل الآتية :

|   |                                   |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| ♣ You'd better leave, hadn't you?               | ♣ You'd rather go, wouldn't you?  |
| ♣ Hala read English carefully, didn't she ?     | ♣ He's punished her, hasn't he ?  |
| ♣ You dare not hit my brother, dare you ?       | ♣ He's punished by us, isn't he ? |
| ♣ There isn't any milk in the fridge, is there? | ♣ I needn't go out, need I ?      |

- ♣ This is not right, **is it** ?
- ♣ this is a boy, **isn't he** ?

( مع غير العاقل ( **this / that** ) أصبحت ( **it** )  
 ( مع غير العاقل ( **this / that** ) أصبحت ( **he** )

♣ في حالة وجود (IF) أو أي رابط زمني يكون السؤال على الجزء الثاني من الجملة التي لا تحتوي على الرابط

- ♣ If she doesn't have a map, she'll get lost, **won't she?**
- ♣ After he had finished , he went home , **didn't he ?**

### ♣ لاحظ الحالات الآتية:

- I'm late, aren't I ? حالة شاذة
- ♣ I am playing football , aren't I ?
- Let's play football, shall we ?
- ♣ Let us play football . will you ?
- ♣ I ought to get up early , oughtn't I ?
- ♣ The tea is too hot to drink , isn't it ?
- ♣ The weather isn't too cold to go out, is it ?
- ♣ It must have rained , mustn't it ?
- ♣ You mustn't smoke here , must you ?

### السؤال المذيل في الأمر

- ♣ في حالة الأمر المثبت نستخدم عادة ( won't / can't you ) ويمكن أيضا ( will / can / would you ) :
- ♣ Close that door, **will you / won't you?**
- ♣ Keep quiet , please , **will you / won't you ?**

- ♣ فقط • Don't open the door, will you ?
- ♣ في الأمر المنفي نستخدم ( will you )
- ♣ Never come late again , **will you ?**

## Exercises

### 1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences

- 1-We haven't seen that movie, ( have we - haven't we - don't we - didn't we ) ?
- 2-He can't remember her phone number, ( can't - can - won't - couldn't ) he ?
- 3-The boy came late to class , ( wasn't he - didn't the boy - doesn't he - didn't he ) ?
- 4-I don't think he will pass the exam , ( do I - won't he - will he - won't I ) ?
- 5-He'd rather leave now , ( had - would - hadn't - wouldn't ) he ?
- 6-I'd better wear a mask in the supermarket , ( had I - would I - hadn't I - wouldn't I ) ?
- 7-Let's visit the Egyptian Museum , ( will you - shall you - can you - shall we ) ?
- 8-Let us know your internet password , ( will you - shall you - do you - did we ) ?
- 9-After I had finished work , I took rest , ( hadn't I - did I - didn't I - had I ) ?
- 10-We have never been abroad, ( have we - haven't we - don't we - didn't we ) ?
- 11-He can hardly swim, ( can't he - can he - won't he - couldn't he ) ?
- 12-The boy cut the rope , ( wasn't he - didn't the boy - doesn't he - didn't he ) ?
- 13-She thinks she'll get full mark , ( doesn't she - does she - will she - won't she ) ?
- 14-I have little water , ( have I - do I - don't I - haven't I ) ?
- 15-They ought to come on time , ( ought they - must they - oughtn't they - wouldn't they ) ?
- 16-Don't interrupt me while talking , ( will you - shall you - can't you - shall we ) ?
- 17-Everyone has a book , ( do they - have they - don't they - hasn't he ) ?
- 18-She needn't buy bread , ( doesn't she - need she - didn't she - don't she I ) ?
- 19-You dare not bully my brother . do you - will - you - dare - you - need you )
- 20-He must obey his parents , has he - mustn't he - must he - should he ?
- 21-Smoking damages health , ( is it - doesn't it - hasn't it - does it ) ?
- 22-I am going to visit the citadel . ( am n't I - am I - are you - aren't I ) ?
- 23-I think she has a sweet musical voice , ( do I - has she - does he - doesn't she ) ?
- 24-Neither of them is stupid , ( isn't he - isn't she - do they - don't they ) ?
- 25-No one can deny that he is a genius , ( isn't he - is he - can they - can't they ) ?
- 26-It rarely rains in the desert , ( doesn't it - isn't it - doesn't it - does it ) ?
- 27-Ahmed needs to buy a car , ( needs he - does he , doesn't he - hasn't he ) ?
- 28-Wonderful ! ( isn't it - does it - is it - doesn't it ) ?
- 29-If she gets up early , she will catch the train , ( doesn't she - won't she - will she - is she ) ?
- 30-Wait for me here , please , ----- ?
- a) will you      b) can you      c) would you      d) a, b , and c
- 31-This is a nice flower , ( isn't he - isn't this - isn't it - is it ) ?

- 32- This is a nice boy , ( isn't he – isn't this – isn't it – is he )?  
 33- There are twenty desks in the class , ( aren't they – aren't there – is there – are there )?  
 34- She hardly comes early, .....she ?  
 a) will                      b) does                      c) do                      d) doesn't  
 35- I have never seen you before, ..... I?  
 a) haven't                      b) have                      c) did                      d) has  
 36- I am a firefighter, ..... I?  
 a) am                      b) are                      c) aren't                      d) am not  
 37- Let's have our dinner, .....?  
 a) will we                      b) shall we                      c) should we                      d) isn't we  
 38- Open the window, .....?  
 a) will you                      b) am I                      c) shall we                      d) do you  
 39- I am not a doctor, .....?  
 a) am not I                      b) am I                      c) aren't I                      c) you are  
 40- Do your homework, .....?  
 a) will you                      b) am I                      c) shall we                      d) don't you  
 41- He needs rest, ..... he?  
 a) isn't                      b) doesn't                      c) aren't                      d) don't  
 42- Too many sweets aren't healthy for you, ..... They?  
 a) aren't                      b) are                      c) isn't                      d) weren't  
 43- You don't like tea, ..... You?  
 a) am                      b) does                      c) do                      d) doesn't  
 44- Smoking can make you old, ..... ?  
 a) it can't                      b) can't it                      c) it can                      d) can it  
 45- I'd better eat beef burger, ..... I?  
 a) haven't                      b) doesn't                      c) hasn't                      d) hadn't  
 46- I'd rather sleep early, ..... I ?  
 a) would                      b) wouldn't                      c) hadn't                      d) won't  
 47- My father went to the mosque on Friday, .....?  
 a) don't he                      b) doesn't he                      c) didn't he                      d) he did

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### Adjectives الصفات

الصفة هي كلمة تحدد الاسم وتأتي قبل الاسم أو بعد ( verb to Be ) و الصفة لا تجمع ولا تؤنث ولا تذكر  
 نضع الصفة قبل الاسم

- ♦ We watched **a frightening film** last night.

**Look / seem / appear / sound / feel / taste / smell / be** تأتي الصفة بعد الأفعال الآتية

- ♦ The food tastes delicious .      ♦ The glass feels smooth      ♦ You look tiered  
 ♦ She is beautiful      ♦ The flower smells nice      ♦ He is excellent

**Something / someone / somewhere / anyone / anybody / anywhere** تأتي الصفة بعد الكلمات الآتية

- ♦ Have you met **someone famous** ?      ♦ I need **somewhere quiet** to study .

**afraid خائف / asleep نائم / awake مستيقظ / alone وحيد / alive حي** الصفات الآتية لا يأتي بعدها اسم

- ♦ I am afraid /      ♦ She is asleep /      ♦ The child is awake

**يوجد صفات قوية و صفات عادية**

- ♦ **amazing** = very surprising / ♦ **exhausted** = very tired / ( نضع very قبل الصفة العادية )

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### Adverbs الظروف

**الظرف هو كلمة تحدد الصفة أو الفعل أو ظرف آخر**

- ♣ He **runs quickly** يحدد فعل      ♣ He **rarely comes** late يحدد فعل  
 ♣ She **runs very fast** يحدد ظرف      ♣ He is **extremely quiet**

يحدد صفة

صفة = (ly) + الاسم

ظرف = (ly) + الصفة

هذه الكلمات تستخدم كظروف وكصفات دون إضافات

( Hard / fast / early / late / high)

سنويا / سنوي yearly / شهريا / شهري monthly / أسبوعيا / أسبوعي weekly / يوميا / يومي daily

- ♣ Al-Ahram is published **daily** . ظرف      ♣ Al-Ahram is a **daily** paper . صفة  
 نوعا ما / إلي حد ما ( صفة سلبية ) + rather / تماما / إلي حد ما ( صفة ايجابية ) + quite ( fairly )  
 ♣ The tea is **very** hot.      ♦ The tea is **extremely** hot  
 ♣ He is **quite** intelligent .      ♦ She is **fairly** nice.  
 ♦ He is **rather** stupid.(70%)

♣1 **Adverbs of manner** ظروف تعبر عن الطريقة

- ♣ It rained heavily.      ♣ He walks slowly      ♦ He reads quickly .

♣2 **Adverbs of place** ظروف تعبر عن المكان

- ♣ He lives abroad.      ♦ They go ahead of us

♣3 **Adverbs of time** ظروف تعبر عن الزمن

- ♣ I'll meet you tomorrow .      ♦ I will graduate next year      ♦ He went to Cairo yesterday

♣4 **Adverbs of frequency** ظروف تعبر عن التكرار

- ♣ He always comes on time .      ♦ She sometimes plays the guitar .

♣5 **Adverbs of degree** ظروف تعبر عن الدرجة

- ♦ quite / fairly / rather / slightly / very / extremely

**أدوات الاستفهام المناسبة للسؤال عن الظرف**

السؤال يكون بـ ( للدرجة To what extent / للتكرار How often / When / Where / للطريقة How )

- ♣ How does she swim?      ♦ She swims fast  
 ♣ Where are you going to travel?      ♦ I am going to travel abroad .  
 ♣ When will you visit us?      ♦ I will visit you tomorrow.  
 ♣ how often do you drink tea?      ♦ I drink tea daily .

- ♣ To what extent is she good at English?      ♦ She is extremely good at English

**Exercises****1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences**

- 1-Rania used to swim very ( good - bad - worse - well )
- 2-It rained ( heavier - heaviest - heavy - heavily ) so I wouldn't go out.
- 3-Nada looks ( cheerful - cheerfully - seriously - nervously ) today
- 4-Omar landed ( save - safely - safe -safety ) on the ground .
- 5-He is ( very - complete - absolute - absolutely ) exhausted after this tough match
- 6-Workers take their wages ( weekly - in a day - annual - month )
- 7-My teacher was ( absolutely - very - incredibly - completely ) kind to me.
- 8-This player is very ( well - delighted - good - badly ) at playing tennis.
- 9-I am absolutely ( delight - delightful - delighting - delighted ) to win the prize.
- 10-You need to be ( extremely - extremist - extremism - quiet ) tall to be a basketball player
- 11-The exam is ( absolutely - extremely - quiet - quite ) easy .I think I am going to pass it
- 12-I enjoy listening to the ( sweet - sweat - suite - suit ) sound of the nightingale

- 13-How ( fast – wide – long – often ) do you drink tea? I drink tea twice a day.
- 14-To ( what – how – when – where ) extent is she beautiful ? she is extremely beautiful/
- 15-( How – Where – How often – When ) do you play the peano ? I play the piano softly
- 16-The ancient Egyptians were ( incredible – fantastic – incredibly – amazing ) clever.
- 17-Alexandria lighthouse was ( probably - probable - lucky – likely) the first lighthouse
- 18-The man who has been robbed is ( very – slight – quiet – completely ) furious now
- 19-You shouldn't climb the stairs -----.
- a- careful                      b- care                      c- carefully                      d- **carelessly**
- 20-I love all Liverpool's players, but I love Mohammed Salah.....of all.
- a )more              b) much              c) the most              d) **most**
- 21- Perhaps I looked happy today, but she looked -----
- a) **happier**                      b) the happiest                      c) more happy                      d) happily
- 22-The..... we climbed, the colder the air became, which made it difficult for us to proceed.
- a. high    b. **higher**    c. highest    d. so high
23. I wish my cousin would type his letters to me as his handwriting is ..... legible.
- a. **barely**                      b. utterly                      c. slightly                      d. merely
24. We didn't go out because it was raining -----
- a. **heavily**                      b. slowly                      c. quite                      d. quietly
25. Ali told me about his new job. It is much ..... than his old job. He likes it.
- a. worse                      b. **better**                      c. longer                      d. more quiety
26. This car uses a little.....petrol than the old one, but it performs much better.
- a. so much                      b. too much                      c. **more**                      d. much
27. I had no problem finding a place to live. I found a flat ..... big .
- a. quit                      b. **quite**                      c. quiet                      d. quietly
28. We had to wait a long time, but we didn't complain. We waited ----- .
- a. **patiently**                      b. impatiently                      c. impatient                      d. patient
28. The more dangerously a person lives, ..... likely he or she is to die young.
- a. As much                      b. The most                      c. Far too                      d. **The more**
29. My sister is a good student, her studies are.....
- a- well                      b- **good**                      c- better                      d- willingly
- 30- My father ran very -----and caught a thief.
- a- fastly                      b- fast                      c- quickly                      d- **b&c**
31. Of all the problems she has faced, this one is.....
- a. badly                      b. worse                      c. so badly                      d. **the worst**
- 32-The.....fat you eat, the unhealthier you become.
- a-less                      b-much                      c-least                      d- **more**
- 33-Although we aren't rich, our house is one of .....houses in our street.
- a) **the cleanest**                      b) the most clean                      c) as clean                      d) the cleaner
- 34-You were a little depressed yesterday, but you look.....today.
- a) happier    b) more happy    c) **much happy**    d) happiest
- 35 I think air pollution isn't..... dangerous as sound pollution.
- a) **so**                      b) a lot                      c) many                      d) a lot of
36. We aren't the same height .You're..... than me.
- a) longer                      b) **taller**                      c) higher                      d) older
37. I usually feel..... when the sun is shining.
- a. **happy**                      b. happily                      c. sad                      d. sadly
38. The children were playing..... in the garden.
- a. happy                      b. **happily**                      c. sad                      d. sadly
- 39- I sometimes get up .....and miss the school bus.
- a. **late**                      b. lately                      c. later                      d. lateness
40. My grandmother, who is 100 years old, is.....member of our family.
- a. as old                      b. too old                      c. so old                      d. **the oldest**



**Choose the best translation:**

1. Most experts assert that physical education classes are an important part of a child's education

- Ⓐ يؤكد معظم الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء مهم من تعليم الطفل.  
 Ⓑ يؤكد معظم الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء غير مهم من تعليم الطفل.  
 Ⓒ يؤكد بعض الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء مهم من تعليم الطفل.  
 Ⓓ يؤكد معظم الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء مهم من شخصيه الطفل.

2- Teachers in Egypt suffer from low salaries compared to the great role they must play in the lives of our children

- 1- يعاني المعلمون في مصر من دنو رواتبهم ، بالمقارنة بالدور العظيم الذي يجب أن يلعبوه في حياة اطفالنا  
 2- عاني المعلمون في مصر من تدني رواتبهم ، بالمقارنة بالدور العظيم الذي يجب أن يلعبوه في حياة أبنائنا  
 3- يعاني المعلمون في مصر من تدني رواتبهم ، بالمقارنة بالدور العظيم الذي يجب أن يلعبوه في حياة أبنائنا  
 4- يعاني المعلمون في مصر من دنو رواتبهم ، بالمقارنة بالدور العظيم الذي يحبوا أن يلعبوه في حياة اطفالنا

3- The individual's sense of belonging to this country is one of the most important things that guarantee societal peace.

- 1- ان احساس الفرد بالانتماء لهذا البلد احد اهم الاشياء التي لا تضمن السلام المجتمعي  
 2- يعتبر احساس الفرد بالانتماء لهذا البلد احد اهم الاشياء التي تضمن السلام الجماعي  
 3- احساس الفرد بالانتماء لهذا البلد احد اهم الاشياء التي لا تضمن السلام المجتمعي  
 4- يعد احساس الفرد بالانتماء لهذا البلد احد اهم الاشياء التي لا تضمن السلام الاجتماعي

4- The internet is a vast resource for all types of information. You may enjoy using it to do a research, download songs or communicate with friends and family.

- 1الانترنت هو مصدر هائل لجميع أنواع المعلومات يمكنك الاستمتاع باستخدامه لاجراء بحث أو تنزيل الأغاني أو المراسله مع الاصدقاء والعائلة.  
 2الانترنت هو مصدر هائل لجميع أنواع المعلومات يمكنك الاستمتاع باستخدامه لاجراء بحث أو تنزيل الأغاني أو التواصل مع الاصدقاء والعائلة.  
 3الانترنت هو مصدر هائل لجميع أنواع المعلومات يمكنك الاستمتاع باستخدامه لاجراء بحث أو تنزيل الأغاني أو المراسله مع الاصدقاء والزملاء.  
 4الانترنت هو مصدر هائل لبعض أنواع المعلومات يمكنك الاستمتاع باستخدامه لاجراء بحث أو تنزيل الأغاني أو المراسله مع الاصدقاء والعائلة.

**Choose the best answers:**

**1 - بعض الأباء يرسلون ابنائهم الخضانة عند بلوغ سن الرابعة والبعض الآخر ينتظر بلوغهم سن المدرسه الابتدائية**

- Ⓐ Some parents send their children to nursery school before they reach the age of four, and others wait until they reach the age of primary school.  
 Ⓑ Some parents send their children to nursery school when they reach the age of four, and others wait until they reach the age of primary school.  
 Ⓒ All parents send their Some parents send their children to nursery school when they reach the age of five, and others wait until they reach the age of primary school.  
 Ⓓ Some parents receive their children to nursery school when they reach the age of four, and others wait until they reach the age of primary school

**2 :يعتقد البعض أن عدم تقنين التدخين في الأماكن العامة يقلل من وجوده بالتدريج .يقول آخرون أن هذا لا يكفي وأن هناك حاجة إلى تدابير أخرى**

- Ⓐ Some believe that legalizing smoking in public places reduces its presence gradually. Others say this is not enough and that other measures are needed.  
 Ⓑ Some believe that not legalizing smoking in public places reduces its presence regularly. Others say this is not enough and that other measures are needed.  
 Ⓒ Some believe that not legalizing smoking in private places reduces its presence gradually. Others say this is not enough and that other measures are needed.  
 Ⓓ Some believe that not legalizing smoking in public places reduces its presence gradually. Others say this is not enough and that other measures are needed.  
 3-بسبب ارتفاع اسعار الطعام، يجب على الافرادجميعا التقليل فيما يتم صرفه على باقي متطلبات الحياة للتغلب على موجة الغلاء الحالية

- Ⓐ Due to the low food prices, all individuals must reduce what they spend on the rest of life's requirements to overcome the current wave of high prices.  
 Ⓑ Due to the high food prices, all individuals must reduce what they spend on the rest of life's requirements to overcome the current wave of high prices.

© Due to the high food prices, all individuals must reduce what they spend on the rest of life's requirements to overcome the past wave of high prices.

① Due to the high food prices, all individuals must reduce what they spend on the rest of life's requirements to come the current wave of high prices.

4-الحفاظ على الآثار واجب على الحكومات والأفراد أيضا، لذلك أطلق بعض الأفراد حملات لحث الأفراد على عدم تلويث الأماكن الأثرية

Ⓐ Preserving antiquities is the duty of governments and individuals as well, so some individuals have launched campaigns to urge individuals not to pollute archaeological sites.

Ⓑ Reserving antiquities is the duty of governments and individuals as well, so some individuals have launched campaigns to urge individuals not to pollute archaeological sites.

Ⓒ Preserving antiquities is the duty of governments and individuals as well, although some individuals have launched campaigns to urge individuals not to pollute archaeological sites.

Ⓓ Preserving antiquities is the duty of governments and individuals as well, so some individuals have launched campaigns to urge individuals to pollute archaeological sites.

### اختبار علي الوحدة الحادية عشر

#### 1- Choose the correct answer from:

- 1-I don't like watching ( horrify – horror – horrified – terrify ) films.
- 2-Music is used to commemorate ( history – story – historical – historian ) events.
- 3-The violin is one of the ( musical – musician – scene – vary ) instruments.
- 4-He is a naughty boy as he ( rarely – constantly – scarcely – never ) makes noise.
- 5-Jules Verne was nicknamed the father of ( Arabic –English – French – Science ) fiction
- 6-( surprise – surprising – surprised – Surprisingly ) , he scored two goals in his first match.
- 7-The enemy tried to ( invade – invasion – validate – vomit ) our country but they failed
- 8-Don't ( confident – confidence – rust – trust ) him as he is a treacherous
- 9-Tamer's punished by his father , ( isn't he – hasn't he – wasn't he – is he )?
- 10-Everyone is so friendly , ( isn't he – isn't she – aren't they – are they ))?
- 11-I don't believe that she stole the mobile ,( did she – do I – didn't she – don't I )?
- 12-Moddern cars burn petrol more ( efficient – efficiently – sufficient – good) than old cars.
- 13-The food served in this restaurant tastes ( nicely – fantastically – terrible – delicious )
- 14-As soon as he had seen me , he welcomed me,( hadn't he – didn't he – had he – did he)?
- 15-Always obey the rules , ( do you – do I – will you – shall I )?
- 16-My father came home ( fluently – quiet – quickly - extremely ) tired .

#### 2) Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Butterflies الفراشات are among the most extensively studied insects. An estimated 90 percent of the world's species have scientific names. As a consequence , they are perhaps the best group of insects for examining patterns نماذج of terrestrial ارضي biotic diversity and distribution . Butterflies also have a favorable image with the general public. Hence, they are an excellent group for communicating information on science and conservation issues such as diversity. Perhaps the aspect of butterfly diversity that has received the most attention over the past century is the striking بارز difference in species richness between tropical and temperate regions . For example, in 1875 one biologist pointed out the diversity of butterflies in the Amazon when he mentioned that about 700 species were found within an hour's walk, whereas the total number found on the British islands did not exceed 66, and the whole of Europe supported only 321. This early comparison of tropical and temperate butterfly richness has been well confirmed. A general theory of diversity would have to predict not only this difference between temperate and tropical zones , but also patterns within each region, and how these patterns vary among different animal and plant groups. However, for butterflies, variation of species richness within temperate or tropical regions, rather than between them, is poorly understood. Indeed, comparisons of numbers of species among the Amazon basin, tropical Asia, and Africa are still mostly "personal communication" الاقتباس citations, even for vertebrates, الفقريات. In other words, unlike comparison between temperate and tropical areas, these patterns are still in the documentation phase مرحله. In documenting geographical variation الاختلاف in butterfly diversity, some arbitrary, تعسفي practical

decisions are made. Diversity, number of species, and species richness are used synonymously; little is known about the evenness of butterfly distribution. The New World butterflies make up the preponderance of examples because they are the most familiar species. It is hoped that by focusing on them, the errors generated by imperfect and incomplete taxonomy will be minimized.

1- Which aspect of butterflies does the passage mainly discuss?

- a) Their adaptation to different habitats
- b) Their variety
- c) Young butterflies
- d) Tropical butterflies

2- The word "consequence" is closest in meaning to (result-explanation-effect-sequence)

3- Butterflies are a good example for communicating information about conservation issues as they....

- a) are simple in structure
- b) are viewed positively by people
- c) small enough to carry
- d) have big bodies

4- The word "striking" is closest in meaning to... (physical - noticeable-hidden-mental)

5- All of the following are mentioned as being important parts of a general theory of diversity except...

- a) migration among temperate and tropical zones
- b) variation of patterns of distribution of species among different animals and plants
- c) how these patterns vary among different animal and plant groups

6- The author mentions tropical Asia as an example of a location where

- a) butterfly behavior varies with climate
- b) a general theory of butterfly diversity has not yet been firmly established
- c) butterflies are affected by human populations
- d) butterflies can live long

7- Which of the following is NOT well understood by biologists?

- a) Differences in species richness between temperate and tropical regions
- b) Differences in species richness within a temperate or a tropical region
- c) Similarities among the species in the tropical regions
- d) migration among temperate and tropical zones

8- They are ..... group of insects for examining patterns of terrestrial biotic diversity.

( perhaps the best -bad insects- helpful- useful)

#### 4- Choose the best translation:

1- There are some measures that may keep you healthy for long. One of them is to brush your teeth with dental paste twice a day.

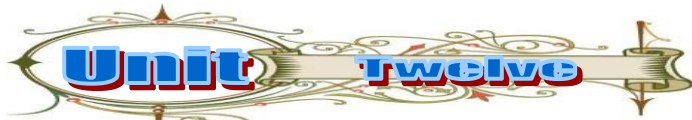
- أ- يوجد بعض المعايير التي ربما تطبيقك بصحة جيدة، لفترة طويلة. أحد أهم هذه المعايير أن تغسل أسنانك بمعجون الأسنان مرتين يوميا
- ب- يوجد العديد من المعايير التي ربما تطبيقك بصحة جيدة، لفترة طويلة. أحد أهم هذه المعايير أن تغسل أسنانك بفرشاة الأسنان مرتين يوميا
- ج- هناك بعض عدد المعايير التي ربما تطبيقك بصحة جيدة، لفترة طويلة. أحد أهم هذه المعايير أن تغسل أسنانك بفرشاة الأسنان مرتين يوميا
- د- هناك عدة المعايير التي ربما تحافظ على صحتك، لفترة طويلة. أحد أهم هذه المعايير أن تغسل أسنانك بفرشاة الأسنان مرتين

2- المواطن الصالح دائما مستعد ان يخدم بلده وان يموت من اجلها

- a) A good citizenship is always ready to serve his country and die for it.
- b) A good civilian is always ready to serve their country and die for it.
- c) A good citizen is always reading to serve his country and die for it.
- d) A good citizen is always ready to serve their country and die for it.

4) Write an essay of about 180 words about one of the following t:

- 1- " A film you have never forget "
- 2- A bestseller you admire



# Vocabulary



|              |             |             |             |             |           |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| set goals    | يحدد هدف    | charity     | إحسان       | compete     | يتنافس    |
| accessories  | ملحقات      | bees        | النحل       | design      | يصمم      |
| crawl        | يزحف        | essential   | جوهري       | display     | يعرض      |
| specific     | محدد        | venue       | موضع        | organiser   | منظم      |
| measurement  | قياس        | save        | يوفر - ينقذ | plenty of   | كثيرا من  |
| measurable   | ممكّن قياسه | fit         | لائق بدنيا  | overall     | عموما     |
| achievement  | إنجاز       | simple      | بسيط        | objective   | هدف       |
| achievable   | ممكّن إنجاز | device      | جهاز        | profit      | ربح       |
| relevant     | متصل        | electricity | كهرباء      | profitable  | مربح      |
| Time-bound   | موقوت       | corn cob    | كوز ذرة     | access      | صلاحية    |
| sensible     | عاقل        | filter      | مرشح - ينقي | loss        | خسارة     |
| coach        | مدبر        | afford      | يتحمل تكلفة | outfit      | طقم ملابس |
| entrepreneur | صاحب مشروع  | invent      | يخترع       | purpose     | غرض       |
| honeybee     | نحل العسل   | invention   | اختراع      | present     | يقدم      |
| governmental | حكومي       | inventor    | مخترع       | display     | يعرض      |
| recipe       | وصفة        | finalist    | مشارك       | joint       | مشترك     |
| passion      | رغبة - هوي  | vote for    | يصوت لـ     | minor       | ثانوي     |
| passionate   | عاطفي       | repair      | يصلح        | sort out    | يفرز      |
| adapt        | يكيف - يغير | competition | منافسة      | venue       | مكان      |
| honey        | عسل         | president   | رئيس        | donate      | يتبرع     |
| range        | سلسلة       | arrest      | يقبض        | full circle | دورة      |
| fast         | يصوم        | stomach     | معدة        | guide       | يرشد      |
| forever      | للأبد       | hurt        | يؤذي        | stretcher   | نقالة     |
| powered      | تعمل بـ     | a liar      | كذاب        | murderer    | مجرم      |
| pedal        | دواسة       | trick       | يخدع        | resign      | يستقيل    |
| arrest       | يقبض        | tear up     | يمزق        | crown       | تاج       |
| treason      | خيانة       |             |             |             |           |

## Definitions

|              |   |                      |
|--------------|---|----------------------|
| accessories  | Bags , hats and shoes which match with clothes.                           | ملحقات               |
| come across  | To discover something usually by accident                                 | يجد بالصدفة          |
| achievable   | Describes a goal that can be reached , especially by making effort        | قابل للتحقيق         |
| outfit       | A set of clothes worn together, especially for a special occasion         | طقم ملابس            |
| relevant     | Directly relating to the subject or problem being discussed or considered | متصل - ملائم- ذو صلة |
| recipe       | A set of instructions for cooking a particular type of food               | وصفه                 |
| Time-bound   | Requiring completion by a specified deadline or specified period of time. | موقوت                |
| entrepreneur | someone starting new business or arranges business deals to make money    | صاحب مشروع           |
| range        | A synonym for variety   | معدل                 |
| profit       | Money that you earn by selling things or doing business                   | ربح                  |

|                   |                                 |             |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
|                   | after paying costs              |             |
| <b>specific</b>   | Detailed and exact              | خاص         |
| <b>crawl</b>      | To walk on your hands and knees | يزحف        |
| <b>measurable</b> | Able to be measured             | قابل للقياس |
| <b>honeybee</b>   | A bee that makes honey          | نحلة العسل  |

**Expressions**

|                   |              |                      |             |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|
| <b>Get over</b>   | يتغلب على    | <b>Joint effort</b>  | مجهود مشترك |
| <b>Fit in</b>     | يجرب         | <b>Pedal-powered</b> | تعمل بدواسة |
| <b>Trick into</b> | يخدع في      | <b>Passion for</b>   | شغف بـ      |
| <b>Revise for</b> | يراجع من أجل | <b>As possible</b>   | قدر الامكان |
| <b>Carry out</b>  | ينفذ         | <b>Relevant to</b>   | ملائم لـ    |
| <b>Attach to</b>  | يربط بـ      | <b>Time limit</b>    | الحد الزمني |

**Synonym**

| The word       | الكلمة | Synonym        | المعنى | The word          | الكلمة | Synonym           | المعنى   |
|----------------|--------|----------------|--------|-------------------|--------|-------------------|----------|
| <b>profit</b>  | ربح    | <b>loss</b>    | خسارة  | <b>measurable</b> | ملحوظ  | <b>negligible</b> | زهيد     |
| <b>lying</b>   | كذب    | <b>truth</b>   | صدق    | <b>attach</b>     | يربط   | <b>detach</b>     | يفصل     |
| <b>treason</b> | خيانة  | <b>loyalty</b> | ولاء   | <b>relevant</b>   | متصل   | <b>irrelevant</b> | غير متصل |

**Antonym**

| The word         | الكلمة | Antonym       | العكس | The word          | الكلمة       | Antonym            | العكس |
|------------------|--------|---------------|-------|-------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------|
| <b>specific</b>  | محدد   | <b>exact</b>  |       | <b>get over</b>   | يتغلب على    | <b>overcome</b>    |       |
| <b>objective</b> | هدف    | <b>aim</b>    |       | <b>relevant</b>   | ملائم        | <b>appropriate</b> |       |
| <b>Tear up</b>   | يمزق   | <b>damage</b> |       | <b>achievable</b> | ممكّن إنجازة | <b>attainable</b>  |       |
| <b>law</b>       | قانون  | <b>rule</b>   |       | <b>measurable</b> | ملحوظ        | <b>remarkable</b>  |       |

**Language Notes**

## ◆ SMART goals

لها إطار زمني / time-bound / ملائمة / relevant / ممكن إنجازها / achievable / تقاس / measurable / محدد / specific

2-◆ Mohammed Salah is a success story . قصة نجاح

◆ Mohammed Salah is a successful player لاعب ناجح

3-◆ achieve / إنجاز / achieve / ممكن إنجازة / achievable / يحقق / ينجز / achieve

4-◆ measurement / القياس / ممكن قياسه / measurable / إجراءات / measures / يقيس / measure

5-◆ come across ( encounter) / يقابل بالصدفة / come round / يستعيد وعيه

6-◆ aim / goal / objective / هدف في الحياة / To succeed you should have specific aims or goals .

7-◆ goal / المرمى / Rolando's goals are fantastic .

◆ meet / achieve my / objective / aim / goal / يحقق هدف / set a goal / يحدد هدف

8-◆ give up / surrender / يستسلم / If your goals are difficult to achieve , don't give them up

◆ get over / overcome / يتغلب على / You should get over your fear of speaking in public







several different shops to get the perfect outfit. The unique selling point of these ideas is that they are offering practical solutions to real problems, and also help to reduce pollution, as their customers do not need to use cars or buses to travel outside their neighbourhoods. The training project, which a joint effort between governmental and non-governmental organizations, has been a great success amongst both boys and girls. The hope is that it will produce more entrepreneurs who will create real solutions for those common problems we come across every day.

## Exercises

### 1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1-I have bought a mobile with a lot of ( access – accessories –accent – lashes )
- 2-Success at school is easy and ( achieve – achievement – achievable – achieving )
- 3-While I was in the mall , I came ( out – off – across – cross ) my old friend .
- 4-The soldiers ( crawled – ran – walked – jumped ) on their hands and knees .
- 5-The ----- is someone who starts a new business to make money .  
a) entrepreneur            b) enterprise            c)intruder            d) introducer
- 6- ( Bees – Wasps – Ants – Crickets ) make honey in their hives
- 7-Are your goals ( measures – measles – mislead – measurable )?
- 8-On the day of his graduation, my friend wears a nice ( outdoor – outcome – outfit – outlet )
- 9-He is over the moon because he has made big ( profits – losses – mistakes – problems )
- 10-His business expand and he owns a ( circle – range – cycle – random ) of supermarkets.
- 11-Can you tell me the ( receipt – recite – circuit – recipe ) of this delicious dish?
- 12-The word relevant is the synonym of ( related – disconnected – separated – irrelevant )
- 13-The antonym of specific is ( accurate – minute – non-specific – precise )
- 14-The young man ( takes – donates – sends – receives) his blood to save the injured child.
- 15-A ( petrol-powered \_oil-powered\_ gas-powered\_ pedal -powered) bike is environmentally friendly
- 16-Two men carried the injured man on the ( stretch – starch – stretcher – socks )
- 17-Every house has a ( filter – TV- fan – cooker ) to purify drinking and cooking water
- 18-You should ( sit – set – suit – surf ) your goals and try to achieve them
- 19- Egypt enjoys ( unicorn – uniform – unique – united ) monuments.
- 20-Some goals are time- ( saving – bound – bind – border )
- 21-Time-bound means requiring completion by specified deadline or within a specific period
- 22- Snakes don't have legs to walk so they ( march – crawl – jump – stride )
- 23-You need new shoes to match your new ( outfit – fit – filter – outgoing )
- 24-It is ( unimportant – essential – insignificant – trivial ) to study hard to reach your goal.
- 25-The mall has a ( range – ridge – ring – ranch ) of fashionable outfits .
- 26-He becomes so happy when he ( gets to – arrives at – reaches – leaves ) his goal
- 27-Can you tell me about the ( specifics – specify – spices – specific ) of your project?
- 28-You must follow the traffic ( roles – rules – ruins – rallies )
- 29-Your goal must have time ( limbs - limit – digital – border )
- 30-I am thinking of a solution (to- for- with- a&b ) your problem
- 31-If you work hard , you will ( score – achiever – achieve – share ) your goals easily .
- 32-Your goals should be ( achiever – achievable – measure – achievement )
- 33-The accident wasn't deliberate .It happened ( in – on - by – of ) accident.
- 34-My uncle is an ----- . He is always carrying out new projects  
a) businessman            b) entrepreneur            c) interpreter            d) translator
- 35-Due to his ----- ability , he makes a lot of money .  
a) businessman            b) entrepreneur            c) interpreter            d) entrepreneurial
- 36-He is creative .His projects are always ( profits – profitable – profitless – loss )
- 37-He can gain ( access – prize – award – experience ) to the internet.
- 38-I hope you can get ( to – off – on – over ) your financial crisis soon.

- 39-The child ( wore – tore – tears - wears ) all the papers up ten minutes ago.  
 40-Your ideas should be ( relevant – irrelevant – responsible – irresponsible ) to the topic.  
 41-This crisis needs ( join – joint – joining – joined ) efforts to be solved.  
 42-Oil is a ( measure – measured – measurement – measurable ) liquid.  
 43-My tailor took my waiste ( measure – measured – measurement – measurable ) .  
 45-Students should be ( non specific – specific – specialise – spare ) in their answers  
 46-He was very happy because he came ( a ) across b) over c) to d a & b )  
 47-Can you tell me the reason ( for – of – why – at ) you broke the school rules ?  
 48-Can you tell me the reason ( for – of – why – at ) your carelessness ?  
 49-My neighbour is poor ( so – therefore – but – although ) generous .  
 50-My daughter is shy . He finds it difficult to speak ( in – on – at – of ) public  
 51-The teacher gave a good ( resent – presentation – present – prize ) about the topic .  
 52-He is poor. He can't afford ( buying – to buy – bought – to buying ) this car.  
 53-The rest of the corn ( cob – cup – cab- car ) is not used.  
 54-We will boil the water to make it safe ( too – to – for – about ) drink.  
 55-Not all ----- succeed in finding new solutions to everyday problems,  
 a) invitations b) inventors c) ventilators d) vanilla  
 56-Babies are used to ( crawl – swimming – crawling - speeding ) around the house.  
 57-These inventions include a ( range – ranch – various – vary ) of useful solutions  
 58-In Ramadan , we ( pack – break – leek – seek ) fast after sunset .  
 59-We are going to plant trees in our ( neighbour – neighbouring – neighbourhood – floor )  
 60-I want you to offer us a ( practice – practice – practitioner – practical ) solution.  
 61-I work for ( non- governmental – government – governor – govern ) organisation.  
 62-What is the ( propose – purpose – suppose – passport ) of this device )  
 63-Overall has the same meaning as ( all in all – all in one – all of us – altogether )  
 64- Zewail made a ( break ice – break a record – breakthrough – breakage ) in chemistry  
 65-Our hotels provide ( afford – affordable – offer – offering ) prices for tourists.  
 66-I will work for ( pharmacy – pharmacist – pharmaceutical – farm ) company.  
 67-Nobody believes the ( liars – reliable - innocent – honest ) أسئلة كلمات المسرحة  
 68-He couldn't work well after his injury so he ( design – disguised – resigned – signed )  
 69-All of us should respect the ( law – low – lower – blow )  
 70-The little boy ( track – tricked – truck – took ) the farmers and lied to them.  
 71-He was accused of ( reason – treason – treaty – tragedy ) so he was hanged.  
 72-The paramedics carried the injured man on the ( stretch - teach – stretcher – archer )  
 73-The beggars always wear ( tear – tore – tearing – torn ) clothes

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## Grammar

### Relative Clauses عبارات الوصل

♦ يستخدم ضمير الوصل لربط جملتين و يحل محل اسم أو ضمير مكرر في الجملة الثانية:

تحل محل فاعل أو مفعول عاقل و يأتي بعدها فاعل أو فعل

who / that :

..... فاعل / فعل + who / that + اسم موصول عاقل

The woman who / that was injured in the accident is in hospital.

The boy who / that I wanted to talk to was not at home.

تحل محل مفعول عاقل و يأتي بعدها فاعل ثم فعل

whom :

..... فاعل + who / whom / that + اسم موصول عاقل

The boy whom / who / that I wanted to talk to was not at home.

تحل محل فاعل أو مفعول غير عاقل و يأتي بعدها فاعل أو فعل

..... فاعل / فعل + which / that + اسم موصول غير عاقل ❖

Hala works for a company which / that manufactures computers.

The shoes which / that Nadia bought don't fit very well.

تستخدم للملكية وتحل محل اسم 's أو صفات الملكية و يأتي بعدها أسم مملوك :

..... أسم مملوك + whose + اسم موصول عاقل / غير عاقل ❖

We met a lady whose daughter has just got married.

تحل محل ظرف مكان (جار و مجرور / there) where

..... جملة تصف ما يحدث في المكان و بدون حرف الجر + where + مكان ❖

This is the school which I learned in. = This is the school where I learned.

تحل محل ظرف زمان (جار و مجرور / there) when

..... جملة تصف ما يحدث في الزمان و بدون حرف الجر + when + زمان ❖

June is the month when / in which I go on holiday.

ملاحظات :

1- تحل that محل who / whom / which و لكن لا تستخدم مع أسم العلم أو بعد حروف الجر أو بعد الـ (,) Comma :

- Mr Jack, who has just arrived in Egypt, is the chief buyer for a Chinese company.

- The company, which is in Beijing, employs 1,000 people.

2- لاحظ استخدام that فقط بعد صفات التفضيل للإشارة إلى غير العاقل و استخدام that أو who للإشارة إلى العاقل :

- This is the most interesting story that I have ever read.

- He was the best player that / who ever played football.

3- تستخدم that فقط بعد : all / much / little / the thing / any / some / the only

- That was all that he had said. = That was what he had said.

4- يمكن حذف ضمير الوصل في الحالات الآتية (مع ضرورة حذف verb to be أيضا) :

- إذا كان بعده مبنى للمجهول :

- The man who was injured in the accident was taken to hospital.

The man injured in the accident was taken to hospital.

- إذا كان بعده مبنى للمعلوم و نضيف للفعل v. + ing :

- Students who arrived late missed the start of the experiment.

Students arriving late missed the start of the experiment.

- إذا كان بعده جار و مجرور (حرف جر واسم) :

- The boy who is in the library wants to borrow some books.

The boy in the library wants to borrow some books.

- إذا كان بعده اسم أو صفة بعدها اسم :

- Dr Magdy Yacoub who is a famous heart surgeon was interviewed on TV.

Dr Magdy Yacoub, a famous heart surgeon, was interviewed on TV.

5- لاحظ أن that / who لا يسبقهما حرف جر ولكن يسبق whom / which :

- The train by which I came arrived late. - The train that I came by arrived late.

6- لاحظ استخدام which لتشير إلى جملة كاملة قبلها :

- He got very bad marks in the test, which made his parents very sad.

- One of the boys kept laughing, which annoyed the teacher very much.

7- ولكن كيف نختار حرف الجر قبل which :

نفترض ان الاسم الموصول في آخر الجملة الثانية كمفعول ونحدد حرف الجر الذي يحتاجه.

8- لاحظ ان which تستخدم مع المكان أو الزمان في الحالات الآتية :



1- إذا كان هناك حرف جر قبل النقط .

2- إذا كان هناك فعل بعد النقط مباشرة .

3- إذا كان هناك حرف جر مكان أو زمان في الجملة التي بعد النقط .

4- إذا وصفت الجملة الثانية المكان أو ما يحدث له .

### Choose the correct answer :

1. Jules Verne, ..... was French, was born in 1828.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
2. His father, ..... was a lawyer, paid for his studies.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
3. The man ..... paid for his studies was his father.  
a) which                                      b) that                                      c) where                                      d) when
4. The novel ..... came out in 1873 was Around the World in Eighty Days.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
5. Charles Dickens, ..... was a famous English writer, was born in 1812.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
6. The American ..... wrote The Old Man and the Sea, was Ernest Hemingway.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
7. The book about Dickens, ..... my friend gave me, is very interesting.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
8. William Shakespeare, ..... wrote King Lear, was English.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
9. Last year, I visited Alexandria, the city ..... Gamal Abdel Nasser was born.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
10. Daniel Defoe, ..... wrote Robinson Crusoe, was a father of seven children.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
11. I am still trying to find the homework ..... I did last night.  
a) who                                      b) that                                      c) where                                      d) when
12. The father, ..... car was stolen, stopped paying for his son's studies.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) whose                                      d) when
13. A good writer is someone ..... amuses us.  
a) that                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
14. One of my friends, ..... is called Samy, is intelligent.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
15. Dickens was the writer ..... novel is called "Oliver Twist".  
a) whose                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
16. Someone ..... I enjoy listening to is my grandfather.  
a) that                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
17. If I help you, will you lend me the DVD ..... you bought last week?  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
18. The sunglasses ..... I bought last week were not expensive.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
19. What is the name of the writer ..... wrote the old man and the sea.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
20. My father is the only person in our family ..... can speak two languages.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
21. Jules Verne was born in Nantes, ..... is in the north of France.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
22. The new airport ..... they're building now will open in three years.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
23. A butcher's is a place ..... we buy meat.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
24. A butcher's is a place ..... sells meat.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when

25. Last year, I visited Alexandria, the city ..... My grandmother was born.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
26. The Lord of the rings, ..... I read five times, is my favourite book.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
27. Where are the new CDs..... you bought yesterday.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
28. The man..... I met for lunch yesterday was an old school friend.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
29. The café,..... I'm meeting you on Wednesday, is in the city centre.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
30. A camel is an animal ..... has adapted to living in the desert.  
a) whom                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
31. A dictionary is a book.....gives the meanings of the words.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
32. A kitchen is a room.....we cook our food.  
a) whose                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
33. A kitchen is a room in .....we cook our food.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
34. A mechanic is someone.....fixes cars.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
35. Tennis is a sport.....is played using rackets.  
a) who                                      b) that                                      c) where                                      d) whom
36. A passenger is a person..... travels from one place to another.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
37. After seven days, they arrived in Suez ,..... they meet Fix.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
38. Fix thought Fog was the criminal ..... he was looking for.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
39. September is the month ..... school starts.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
40. I met a scientist ..... discoveries are so many.  
a) whose                                      b) which                                      c) who                                      d) when
41. This is the engineer ..... designs are so wonderful.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) whose                                      d) whom
42. The man ..... has a black suit is waiting for you.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) whose                                      d) whom
43. My brother went to Alexandria university, ..... he studied architecture.  
a) when                                      b) which                                      c) that                                      d) where
44. I played a game of tennis with my brother, ..... made me very tired.  
a) when                                      b) which                                      c) for which                                      d) that
45. He made some mistakes ..... he should apologize.  
a) to which                                      b) to which                                      c) with which                                      d) on which
46. My friend has bought a new T- shirt ..... of cotton.  
a) making                                      b) which made                                      c) was made                                      d) made
47. The girl ..... flowers is beautiful.  
a) selling                                      b) that sold                                      c) who sold                                      d) sold
48. I don't know the man ..... next to me well.  
a) who                                      b) who has                                      c) who is                                      d) whom
49. Where can I find a book ..... about global warming.  
a) tells                                      b) telling                                      c) which tell                                      d) told
50. She had travelled to many countries, ..... was so fantastic.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
51. He made a voyage of exploration ..... was in South America.  
a) who                                      b) which                                      c) where                                      d) when
52. "Around the World" ..... came out in 1873, is his most famous novel.

- a) who                      b) which                      c) where                      d) when
53. The most well-known book ..... he wrote was "Around the World".
- a) who                      b) which                      c) where                      d) when
54. Egypt, ..... is in Africa, is very rich.
- a) who                      b) which                      c) where                      d) when
55. They've built a new school next to the house.....I grew up.
- a) who                      b) which                      c) where                      d) when
56. My uncle, ..... is a writer, lives in Cairo.
- a) who                      b) which                      c) where                      d) when
57. I spent three hours studying the files ..... me.
- a) which sent to              b) which you sent them              c) sent to              d) you sent them
58. Do you have an idea ..... Adel has left the front door key?
- a) who                      b) which                      c) where                      d) what
59. We know a lot of people ..... lives are miserable.
- a) who                      b) which                      c) where                      d) whose
60. I scored a goal in yesterday's match, ..... made my day.
- a) who                      b) which                      c) where                      d) when
- 61-Tomorrow, I'm going to a meeting ..... we're going to discuss women's role in society.
- a)at which      b )for which              c)in which              d)to which
- 62- They said something very cruel, .....I think they should apologise.
- a) at which              b ) for which              c) in which              d) to which
63. Saturday,..... we always play football, is always a busy day for me.
- a) that                      b) on which                      c) where                      d) what
64. I could not decide..... to wear to the wedding party.
- a) which                      b) what                      c) that                      d) who
65. Woman's Day ..... marks an important event in 1909 is on March 8th.
- a) whom                      b) where                      c) which                      d) who
- 66-I met a scientist ..... discoveries are so many.
- a) whose                      b) which                      c) who                      d) when
67. My friend has bought a new T- shirt ..... of cotton.
- a) making                      b) which made                      c) was made              d) made
68. I don't know the man ..... next to me well.
- a) who                      b) who has                      c) who is                      d) whom
69. Where can I find a book ..... about global warming.
- a) tells                      b) telling                      c) which tell              d) told
70. Egypt, ..... is in Africa, is very rich.
- a) who                      b) which                      c) where                      d) when
71. I spent three hours studying the files ..... me.
- a) which sent to              b) which you sent them              c) sent to                      d) you sent them
- 72.Aisha, (which - whom - whose - that) father is a well-known doctor, is my best friend at school.
73. Taha Hussein.....works are wonderful novels, have turned into films.
- a) which                      b) whose                      c) who                      d) whom
74. The writer's work, ..... had taken up much of her personal life, is still appreciated today.

- a) which                      b) what                      c) where                      d) whom

75.The man ..... in the garden is my uncle.

- a. he works                      b. working                      c. that work                      d. worked

76-Queen Victoria, ..... was born in 1819, was educated in London alone

- a) which                      b) who                      c) that                      d) whom

77.This is the engineer ..... designs are so wonderful.

- a) who                      b) which                      c) whose                      d) whom

78-Queen Victoria, ..... died in January 1901, was queen of Britain for most of the 19th century.

- a) which                      b) what                      c) where                      d) whom

79-Queen Victoria,..... age name ed after her ,ruled for more than 63 years.

- a) that                      b )whose                      c) who                      d) whom

80-Queen Victoria's husband, died in 1861, ..... Victoria always wore black clothes.

- a) after which                      b ) with which                      c) by which                      d)from which

81-I'm hoping to study science at university, ..... I'd like to work as a research assistant.

- a) in which                      b) what                      c) after which                      d) whom

82- Can the disabled ( get - bring - give - bring ) their homes without help ?

83-The city (that - in which - when - what) I was born is in the south of Egypt.

84-These days, women have as good an education as men, .....I think is a good thing.

- a) which                      b) that                      c) where                      d) whom

85-Yesterday, I played a long game of tennis with my brother, ..... made me very tired.

- a) which                      b) what                      c) where                      d) whom

86-The nurse, ..... responsibility is to look after children, has worked here for ten years.

- a) who                      b) what                      c) whose                      d) whom

87-The person (who - whose - which - where) does most of the cooking in is my mother.

88-Lord of the Flies is a story ..... a group of school boys are shipwrecked on an island.

- a)at which                      b )for which                      c)in which                      d)to which

89- She asked me where I had been,..... I replied, "I can 't tell you."

- a)at which                      b )for which                      c)in which                      d)to which

90- The man ..... wearing the white shirt is Ahmed's uncle.

- a. who                      b. who's                      c. whose                      d. that

91- This is the picture ..... with natural colours.

- a. we painted it                      b. which we painted it                      c. painting                      d. painted

92- It is said he was a man ..... to have the sight of an eagle and the courage of a lion.

- a. who appeared                      b. he appeared                      c. that appears                      d. when appears

### Choose the best translation:

**1- Egypt has always been the lighthouse of science and civilisation since the dawn of history. It has a strong cultural background. Some of the greatest Arab writers, musicians and craftsmen are Egyptians.**

- a . لقد كانت مصر منارة العلم والحضارة منذ أسفل التاريخ، ولديها خلفية ثقافية قوية، وبعض أعظم الكتاب والموسيقيين والحرفيين العرب مصريون .  
b- لطالما كانت مصر منارة للعلم والحضارة منذ فجر التاريخ، ولديها خلفية ثقافية قوية، وبعض أعظم الكتاب والموسيقيين والحرفيين العرب مصريون .

- c. لقد كانت مصر على فترات منارة العلم والحضارة منذ فجر التاريخ، ولديها خلفية ثقافية رادعة، وبعض أعظم الكتاب والموسيقين والحرفيين العرب مصريون  
d. لطالما كانت مصر منارة للعلم والحضارة منذ فجر التاريخ، ولديها خلفية ثقافية قوية، وبعض أعظم الكتاب والموسيقين والحرفيين المصريين عرب .

### 2. The Egyptian youth have proved that they are able to contribute to make progress

- ا- لقد حسن شباب مصر أنهم قادرون على المساهمة في صنع التقدم.  
ب- لقد أثبت شباب مصر أنهم قادرون على المساهمة في صنع التقدم.  
ج- لقد أثبت شباب مصر أنهم قادرون على المساهمة في صنع المعجزات.  
د- لقد أثبت شباب مصر أنهم غير قادرين على المساهمة في صنع التقدم.

### 3. A lot of businesses allow you to earn more money online by performing different activities that computers cannot do, such as analysing and rating web content.

- a. تسمح لك الكثير من الأعمال بكسب المزيد من المال عبر الإنترنت من خلال القيام بأنشطة صعبة لا تستطيع أجهزة الكمبيوتر القيام بها ، مثل جمع بيانات محتوى الويب وتقييمها.  
b. تسمح لك الكثير من الأعمال بكسب المزيد من المال عبر الإنترنت من خلال القيام بأنشطة مختلفة لا تستطيع أجهزة الكمبيوتر القيام بها ، مثل برمجة محتوى الويب وتقديمها.  
c. تسمح لك الكثير من الأعمال بممارسة المزيد من الهوايات عبر الإنترنت من خلال القيام بأنشطة مختلفة لا تستطيع أجهزة الكمبيوتر القيام بها ، مثل تحليل محتوى صفحة علي الانترنت وتقييمها.  
d. تسمح لك الكثير من الأعمال بكسب المزيد من المال عبر الإنترنت من خلال القيام بأنشطة مختلفة لا تستطيع أجهزة الكمبيوتر القيام بها ، مثل تحليل محتوى صفحة علي الانترنت وتقييمها

### 4- One should not learn a foreign language merely to achieve an immediate professional or academic aim and then give it up. We should carry on learning it as it is a valuable experience that enriches our life.

- a. لا ينبغي للمرء أن يتعلم لغة أجنبية لمجرد تحقيق هدف مهني أو أكاديمي فوري ثم التوقف عن ذلك، بل يجب أن نستمر في تعلمها لأنها تجربة قيمة تثرى حياتنا  
b- لا ينبغي للمرء أن يتعلم لغة أجنبية لمجرد تحقيق هدف مهني أو أكاديمي فوري ثم التخلي عنه . يجب أن نستمر في تعلمه لأنه تجربة قيمة تثرى حياتنا .  
c- ألا ينبغي للمرء أن يتعلم لغة أجنبية لمجرد تحقيق هدف مهني أو أكاديمي فوري ثم الإقلاع عنه . يجب ألا نستمر في تعلمها لأنها تجربة قيمة تثرى حياتنا .  
d- لا ينبغي للمرء أن يتعلم لغة أجنبية لمجرد تحقيق هدف مهني أو أكاديمي فوري ثم التخلي عنه، بل يجب أن نستمر في تعلمها لأنها تجربة غير ذات قيمة تثرى حياتنا .

### Choose the best translation:

- 1- إن إصلاح التعليم ضرورة ملحة حتى نواكب المتغيرات العالمية الحديثة.

- a) The form of Education is a mist to cope with the modern global changes  
b) The form of Education is a must to cup with the modern global changes  
c) The form of Education is a must to cope with the modern global changes  
d) The form of Education is a must to scope with the modern global changes

### 2- لقد كانت مصر دائماً شامخة على مر تاريخها، وستظل كذلك أبداً الدهر بآبائها، ولن تخضع لأحد مهما تكون الأسباب .

- a. Egypt has always been great throughout its history. It will be so forever through its citizens. It will not submit to anyone, whatever the reasons are.  
b. Egypt has been great throughout its history. It will be so forever though its citizens. It will not submit to anyone, whatever the reasons are.  
c. Egypt has always been great throughout its date. It will be so forever through its citizens. It will not submit to anyone, whatever the reasons are.  
d. Egypt has always been great throughout its history. It will be such forever through its citizens. It will not submit to anyone, whatever the reasons are.

### 3. بالإضافة إلى الاهتمام بتطوير البنية التحتية وإنشاء العديد من المشروعات القومية، تنفذ الحكومة المصرية سياسة إصلاح اقتصادي طويلة الأمد، ومن المتوقع أن تستمتع بنتائج تلك السياسة في المستقبل القريب .

- a. In addition to the interest in developing infrastructure and establishing many private projects, the Egyptian government hopes for a short-term social reform policy. It is expected that we will enjoy the results of this policy in the near future.  
b. In addition to the interest in developing infrastructure and establishing many national projects, the Egyptian government is implementing a long-term economic reform policy. It is expected that we will enjoy the results of this policy in the near future.  
c. In addition to the interest in developing infrastructure and establishing many investment projects, the Egyptian government is planning for a long term scientific reform policy. It is thought that we will enjoy the results of this policy in the near future.  
d. In addition to the interest in developing infrastructure and establishing many national projects, the Egyptian government is implementing a long-term scientific reform policy. It is accepted that we will enjoy the results of this policy in the near future.

### 4. Choose the correct translation:

### The government adopts a sustainable development strategy, which represents a roadmap for achieving the dreams and aspirations of Egyptians in a dignified life.



- a. تتبنى الوزارة استراتيجية تنمية مؤقتة تمثل خارطة طريق لتحقيق أحلام وتطلعات الموظفين المصريين في حياة كريمة في كل أنحاء البلد.  
 b. تتبنى الحكومة استراتيجية تنمية مستدامة تمهد الطريق لتحقيق أحلام وتطلعات المصريين في حياة كريمة في كل أنحاء البلد.  
 c. لقد تبنت الحكومة استراتيجية تنمية مستدامة تمثل خارطة طريق لتحقيق أحلام وتطلعات المصريين في حياة كريمة في كل أنحاء الريف.  
 d. تتبنى الحكومة استراتيجية تنمية مستدامة تمثل خارطة طريق لتحقيق أحلام وتطلعات المصريين في حياة كريمة.

### اختبار على الوحدة الثانية عشر

#### 1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1- We should follow traffic ..... in order not to be fined  
 a- role                      b- rules                      c- rows                      d- queues  
 Scientists who made great ..... should be honoured  
 a- measurement                      b- targets                      c- goals                      d- achievements
- 2- The sales is the person who starts projects involving financial risks.  
 a- entrepreneur                      b- entrepreneurial                      c- enterprise                      d- compromise
- 3- Don't allow insects land and ..... on your food.  
 a- cruel                      b- crawl                      c- crown                      d- crowded
- 4- I have natural honey because I have so many .....  
 a- fees                      b- been                      c- honeybees                      d- pests
- 5- Although his business makes great ....., he is going to change it  
 a- loss                      b- profits                      c- profitable                      d- failure
- 6- I I have bought my children some ..... to wear when they sleep.  
 a- suits                      b- jeans                      c- sleep suits                      d- swimsuits
- 7- My little granddaughter ( tear - was torn - tore - rear ) up my new notebook.
- 8- He works as a spy. He is a ( treason - treaty - traitor - tutor )
- 9- The flat , ..... the Nile is so expensive.  
 a- that overlooks                      b- overlooking                      c- overlooks                      d- overlooked
- 10- The employer ( who - where - which - whose ) I work for is a bif foundation .
- 11- The engineer ( who - where - which - whose ) designs are suitable will have the job.
- 12- The family ( who - where - which - whose ) I belong to are hosbitable.
- 13- The boy ( who's - where - which - whose )punished , made a lot of mistakes.
- 14- Have you decided ( who - what - which - whose )you are going to do after school
- 15- We appreciated the minister ..... visit pleased all the town inhabitants.  
 a- who                      b- where                      c- which                      d- whose.
- 16- We will go to the chemit's ( who - where - which - whose ) we can buy medicine.  
 a- who                      b- where                      c- which                      d- whose

#### 2) Read the passage then answer the questions:

Many people in our society don't have the minimal knowledge of awareness of health care. This is a great problem because they can't bear the responsibility to stay healthy and aren't able to help their family members in the time of **crises**, either. So, It's the role of aware people to persuade them to start learning about such issues, like boosting their immune system. Some people's immune system work better than other people's. We all want our immune system to be strong so we can stay healthy. We can boost our immune system by eating a lot of fruit and vegetables with green leaves.

Fitness and health seem to be the same for everyone, but they have two different meanings. Fitness is the physical ability to perform work, sports, etc. while health is a condition in which the body should have resistance capacity from all illnesses and all parts of the body should work well without any problem. Your body should possess both fitness as well as health.

Health can be maintained by a proper diet, exercise and hygiene in which we must wash our hands before meals. To keep your body healthy, you need to do proper exercise. Usually, Sportspeople have a fit body. They shape their body in such a way that it will be fit for their sport. But coming to healthy body is just a matter of controlling weight and making your body immune to diseases.

For a healthy and fit body walking is very good exercise which helps in burning the excess fat in your body. A fit body doesn't mean that it should look good from outside.

A fit and healthy body should be physically active and energetic and smart enough to accept any tasks given to them.

Due to more demand for a fit and healthy body, many gyms and workout centres are opened. To maintain a healthy and fit body, This requires self-control and well determination. Many factors can divert us from achieving our goal of having a fit and healthy body. But try to focus on it as we all know that "Health is wealth".

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d: (one mark each)

1- Burning the excess fat makes us..... .

- a) enormous                      b) svelte                      c) colossal                      d) very big

2- Many gyms and workout centres are opened because of..... .

- a-The low demand for a fit and healthy body.      b-The little demand for a fit and healthy body.

- c-The decreasing demand for a fit and healthy body.      d-The increasing demand for a fit and healthy body.

3-The immune system's function is to ..... .

- a) deteriorate our bodies                      b) infect our bodies  
c) protect our bodies                      d) damage our bodies

4- The underlined word "maintain" means..... .

- a) keep              b) waste                      c) converse                      d) spend

5- Washing your hands before meals is a form of ..... .

- a-sanitation                      b) hygiene                      c) personality                      d) energy

6- The underlined word "crises" means ..... .

- a) serious problems                      b) something pleasing  
c) something great                      d) something funny

7-The awareness of health care is ..... .

- a) recognizing its importance                      b) neglecting its importance  
c-ignoring its importance                      d) forgetting its importance

8- How can people maintain fit and healthy bodies?

- a) By eating healthy food                      b) By doing exercises  
c) By doing sports                      c)a,b and c

Choose the best translation;

B) Choose the best English translation:

1- رغم التقدم الذي حققه الإنسان في جميع المجالات، إلا أنه ما يزال يقف عاجزاً أمام بعض الكوارث الطبيعية .

Ⓐ Despite of the progress man had achieved in all fields, they still stands helpless in front of some natural disasters.

⑥ Despite the progress man has achieved in all fields, they still stands helpless in front of some natural disasters.

© In spite the progress man achieved in all fields, they still stands helpless in front of some nature disasters.

① In spite of the progress man has achieved in all fields, they steal stands helpless in front of some nature disasters.

**2- The housing problem has forced many young people to reject marriage. This is because it is difficult for a young man to buy or rent a flat.**

① مشكلة الإسكان أجبرت العديد من الشباب على العزوف عن الزواج . وهذا بسبب أنه من الصعب لشباب أن يشتري أو يستأجر شقة .

② إن مشكلة الإسكان أجبرت العديد من الشباب على الإضراب عن الزواج . ويرجع ذلك لأن الشباب لن يشتري أو يستأجر شقة .

③ مشكلة الإسكان تدعو العديد من الشباب على الإضراب عن الزواج . ولهذا السبب من الصعب لشباب أن يشتري أو يشتري شقة .

④ تعتبر مشكلة الإسكان من أجبرت العديد من الشباب على الإضراب عن الزواج . وهذا بسبب أنه ليس من الصعب لشباب أن يشتري أو يستأجر شقة .

### Review 10-12

1 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1 If you want to find out some information on the internet, use a good ..... engine.

A search                      B channel                      C electric                      D machine

2 What is the ..... of the information you used to write your essay?

A name                      B source                      C way                      D type

3 My cousin is very ..... She can dance, sing and speak four languages!

A historical                      B hostile                      C powerful                      D talented

4 Don't try to revise everything at the same time, but ..... a goal to revise one thing a day.

A set                      B get                      C take                      D score

5 The teacher said that my answer to the question was not ..... I wrote about the wrong book!

A easy                      B measurable                      C relevant                      D achievable

6 We expected cold, wet weather in England, but it was ..... hot and sunny.

A quietly                      B surprisingly                      C powerfully                      D surprised

7 ..... are very important to nature because they help plants to produce seeds.

A honeybees                      B flies                      C honey                      D animals

8 What ..... is that TV programme on tonight?

A scene                      B correspondent                      C channel                      D canal

9 The tourists were tired this morning because they ..... to the top of a high mountain yesterday afternoon.

A had taken                      B took                      C were taking                      D had been taken

10 You've worked as an investigator for many years now, .....?

A didn't you                      B weren't you                      C haven't you                      D have you

11 Don't talk loudly because the children are ..... asleep.

A often                      B still                      C first                      D not

12 The footballer, ..... face is often on TV, scored three goals today.

A who                      B that                      C whom                      D whose

13 We made a cake from a recipe ..... we found online.

A that                      B who                      C what                      D whom

14 The village, ..... my grandparents were born, is near the Nile.

A what                      B that                      C which                      D where

15 Before Ali went to Canada in the winter, he ..... snow.

A didn't see                      B never saw                      C had never seen                      D has not seen

16 This action film is incredibly exciting, .....?

A hasn't it                      B wasn't it                      C doesn't it                      D isn't it